

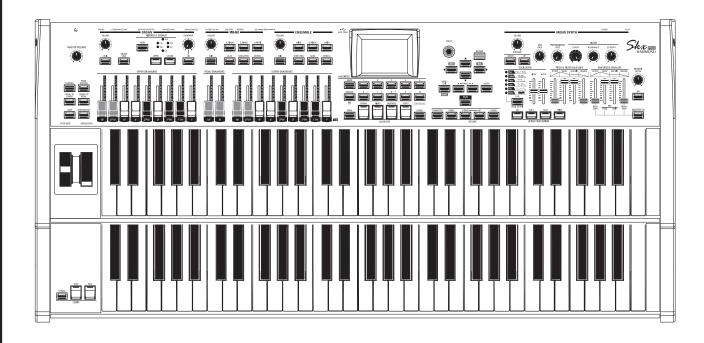


Model: SKX PRO

Thank you, and congratulations on your choice of the Hammond SKX PRO Stage Keyboard.

The Hammond SKX PRO features authentic Hammond Organ Sound along with high-quality Piano, Ensemble and Mono Synth sections to make it the perfect instrument for all musical occasions. Two 61-note keyboards are provided.

Please take the time to read this Manual completely in order to take full advantage of the many features of your SKX PRO, and please retain it for future reference.



Owner's Manual

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Read these instructions.

Keep these instructions.

Heed all warnings.

Follow all instructions.

Do not use this apparatus near water.

Clean only with dry cloth.

Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.

Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wider blade or third prong is provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.

Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched, particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.

Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.

Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When cart is used: use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.



Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms, or when unused for long periods of time.

Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.

Apparatus shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the apparatus.

WARNING: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose this apparatus to rain or moisture.

ATTENTION: Pour réduire les risques de choc électrique ou d'incendie, ne pas exposer cet appareil à la pluie ou à l'humidité.

-THIS APPARATUS MUST BE EARTHED.

-The socket-outlet shall be installed near the apparatus and shall be easily accessible.





The lightning flash with arrowhead symbol within an equilateral triangle, indicates that dangerous voltage constituting a risk of electric shock is present within this unit.



The exclamation point within equilateral triangle, indicates that there are important operating and maintenance instructions in the literature accompanying this unit.

For the USA



NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital unit, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

For CANADA

This class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

For EU countries



In case in the future your instrument gets too old to play/use or malfunctions beyond repair, please observe the instructions of this mark, or, if any question, be sure to contact your dealer or your nearest town or municipal office for its proper disposal.

For UNITED KINGDOM

FOR YOUR SAFETY, PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING TEXT CAREFULLY

This appliance is supplied with a molded 3-pin mains plug for your safety and convenience.

The plug contains a 13 amp fuse.

Should the fuse need to be replaced, please ensure that the replacement fuse has a rating of 13 amps and that it is approved by ASTA or BSI to BSI1362.





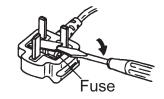
If the plug contains a removable fuse cover, you must ensure that it is refitted when the fuse is replaced.

If the fuse cover is lost, the plug must not be used until a replacement cover is obtained.

A replacement fuse cover can be obtained from your local Hammond Dealer.

IF THE FITTED MOULDED PLUG IS UNSUITABLE FOR THE SOCKET OUTLET IN YOUR HOME, THEN THE FUSE SHOULD BE REMOVED AND THE PLUG CUT OFF AND DISPOSED OF SAFELY. THERE IS A DANGER OF SEVERE ELECTRICAL SHOCK IF THE CUT-OFF PLUG IS INSERTED INTO ANY 13 AMP SOCKET.

To replace the fuse, open the fuse compartment with a screwdriver and replace the fuse and fuse cover.



IMPORTANT - PLEASE READ

Power Supply

- 1. Do not use this unit on the same power circuit with any device that will generate line noise (such as an electric motor or variable lighting system).
- Before connecting this unit to other devices, turn off the power to all units. This will help prevent malfunctions and/ or damage to speakers or other devices.
- 3. This unit features an Auto Power Off function that automatically turns the power off if the unit is not operated for a specified period of time. The setting will revert to its default value if not backed up before the power is turned off

Placement

- 1. Using the unit near power amplifiers (or other equipment containing large power transformers) may induce hum. To alleviate the problem, change the orientation of this unit; or move it farther away from the source of interference.
- 2. This device may interfere with radio and television reception. Do not use this device in the vicinity of such
- 3. Noise may be produced if wireless communications devices, such as cell phones, are operated in the vicinity of this unit. Such noise could occur when receiving or initiating a call, or while conversing. Should you experience such problems, you should relocate such wireless devices so they are at a greater distance from this unit, or switch them off.
- 4. Do not expose the unit to direct sunlight, place it near devices that radiate heat, leave it inside an enclosed vehicle, or otherwise subject it to temperature extremes. Also, do not allow lighting devices that normally are used while their light source is very close to the unit (such as a piano light), or powerful spotlights to shine upon the same area of the unit for extended periods of time. Excessive heat can deform or discolor the unit.
- 5. When moved from one location to another where the temperature and/or humidity is very different, water droplets (condensation) may form inside the unit. Damage or malfunction may result if you attempt to use the unit in this condition. Therefore, before using the unit, you must allow it to stand for several hours, until the condensation has completely evaporated.
- 6. Do not allow rubber, vinyl, or similar materials to remain on the unit for long periods of time. Such objects can discolor or otherwise harmfully affect the finish.
- 7. Do not paste stickers, decals, or the like to this instrument. Peeling such matter off the instrument may damage the exterior finish.

Maintenance

- 8. To clean the unit, use a dry, soft cloth; or one that is slightly dampened.
- 9. To remove stubborn dirt off plastic parts, use a cloth impregnated with a mild, non-abrasive detergent. Afterwards, be sure to wipe the unit thoroughly with a soft, dry cloth. Try to wipe the entire surface using an equal amount of strength, moving the cloth along with the

- grain of the wood. Rubbing too hard in the same area can damage the finish.
- Never use benzine, thinners, alcohol or solvents of any kind, to avoid the possibility of discoloration and/or deformation.

Additional Precautions

- 1. Please be aware that the contents of memory can be irretrievably lost as a result of a malfunction, or the improper operation of the unit. To protect yourself against the risk of losing important data, we recommend that you periodically save a backup copy of important data you have stored in the unit's memory in USB Flash Drive.
- 2. Unfortunately, it may be impossible to restore the contents of data that was stored in another MIDI device (e.g., a sequencer) once it has been lost. Hammond assumes no liability concerning such loss of data.
- 3. Use a reasonable amount of care when using the unit's buttons, sliders, or other controls; and when using its jacks and connectors. Rough handling can lead to malfunctions.
- 4. When connecting / disconnecting all cables, grasp the connector itself never pull on the cable. This will avoid causing short circuits, or damage to the cable's internal elements.
- 5. To avoid disturbing your neighbors, try to keep the unit's volume at reasonable levels. You may prefer to use headphones, so you do not need to be concerned about those around you (especially when it is late at night).
- 6. When you need to transport the unit, package it in the box (including padding) that it came in, if possible. Otherwise, you will need to use equivalent packaging materials.

TRADEMARK

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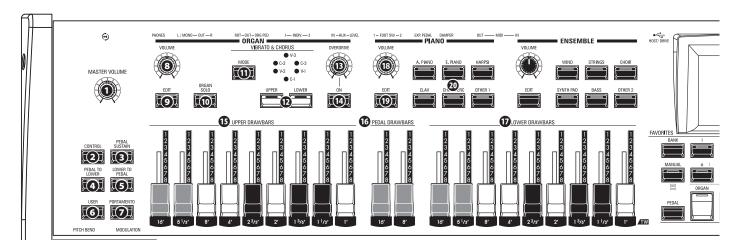
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NAMES AND FUNCTIONS



TOP PANEL

LEFT SIDE

MASTER VOLUME knob

Controls the volume of the entire instrument.

2 CONTROL button

Accesses a feature from the CONTROL page.

9 PEDAL SUSTAIN button

Causes the Pedal tones to smoothly decay upon release, much in the manner of a string bass (P. 55).

PEDAL TO LOWER button

Couples the entire Pedal registration, including Parameters, to the Lower Manual (P. 55).

6 LOWER TO PEDAL button

Couples the entire Lower registration, including Parameters, to the Pedalboard (P. 55).

O USER button

Activates a user-assignable function.

PORTAMENTO button

Turns the PORTAMENTO "ON" or "OFF" (P. 28).

ORGAN SECTION

3 ORGAN VOLUME knob

Controls the volume of the ORGAN Section (P. 31).

O EDIT button

Opens the Function Mode for the Organ Section.

ORGAN SOLO button

Allocates all parts of the Organ Section and disables other Sections for all the keyboards (P. 54).

① VIBRATO & CHORUS MODE button

Selects the depth of the Vibrato or Chorus (P. 34).

1 VIBRATO UPPER, LOWER button

Turns the Vibrato/Chorus "ON" or "OFF" for the Upper or Lower ORGAN Part (P. 34).

OVERDRIVE ON button

Turns the OVERDRIVE effect "ON" or "OFF" (P. 35).

OVERDRIVE knob

Adjusts the depth of the Overdrive effect (P. 35).

(B) UPPER HARMONIC DRAWBARS

© PEDAL HARMONIC DRAWBARS

D LOWER HARMONIC DRAWBARS

Registers each Part of the ORGAN Section (P. 38).

39 UPPER PERCUSSION buttons

Adds Harmonic Percussion (decay) to the UPPER Part of the ORGAN Section (P. 34).

PIANO / ENSEMBLE SECTION

VOLUME knob

Controls the volume of the Section (P. 47).

© EDIT button

Opens the Function Mode for the Section.

O CATEGORY button

Selects the Voice Category of the Section (P. 46).

ALLOCATE

PEDAL button

Allocates a Section to the Pedalboard when used in conjunction with the SECTION buttons **2** (P. 54).

SECTION buttons

- 1. Allocates each Section to the UPPER Keyboard (P. 54).
- 2. Allocates each External Zone to the UPPER Keyboard while Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button (P. 78)

B LOWER button

Allocates a Section to the LOWER Keyboard when used in conjunction with the SECTION buttons **2** (P. 54).

FAVORITES

② BANK button

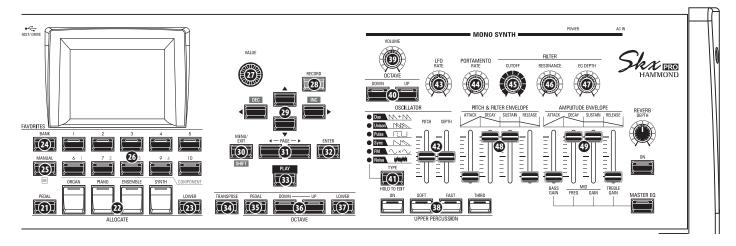
Selects Favorite Banks by Press and Hold this button with one of the NUMBER buttons **3**.

MANUAL/APP button

- 1. Overrides the current Combination setting in favor of the current Panel settings (P. 29).
- 2. Opens the APP (Application) Menu.

30 NUMBER buttons

- 1. Recall a Favorite assigned to a numbered button.
- 2. Input characters or numbers when Naming.
- 3. Turns each Component "ON" or "OFF" when editing the



PIANO or ENSEMBLE Sections.

CONTROL PANEL

WALUE knob

Increases or decreases Combination/Patch numbers while performing, or adjusts values during editing.

RECORD button

Use this button to Record user-definable features such as Combinations, Patches, Custom Parameters etc (P. 58).

ODIRECTION / DEC / INC buttons

- 1. Moves the cursor in the display.
- 2. Increments or decrements a value while Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button **②**.

10 MENU / EXIT / SHIFT button

- 1. Opens the MENU Mode (P. 66).
- 2. Exit or back one level from the current Function Mode.
- 3. Allows alternate functions for designated buttons.

10 PAGE buttons

Use these buttons to navigate the Pages.

10 ENTER button

Use this button to confirm the current entry or procedure when editing sounds or features.

PLAY button

Returns to the PLAY Mode.

© TRANSPOSE button

Transposes the musical pitch of the entire keyboard when used in conjunction with [UP] or [DOWN] buttons 30 (P. 57).

⑤ OCTAVE PEDAL button

Moves the pitch of the Pedal tones "UP" or "DOWN" by octaves when used in conjunction with the [UP] or [DOWN] buttons 3.

® OCTAVE DOWN/UP buttons

Moves the UPPER Keyboard pitch "UP" or "DOWN" +/- 2 octaves (P. 54).

OCTAVE LOWER button

Moves the LOWER Keyboard pitch "UP" or "DOWN" +/- 2 octaves when used in conjunction with the [UP]or [DOWN] buttons 3.

MONO SYNTH Section

Ø VOLUME knob

Controls the volume of the MONO SYNTH Section (P. 49).

SYNTH OCTAVE DOWN/UP buttons

Moves the musical pitch of the MONO SYNTH Section "UP" or "DOWN" by one octave (P. 49).

OSCILLATOR TYPE button

- 1. Selects the Oscillator Type (P. 51).
- 2. Opens the MONO SYNTH Function Mode when pressed and held.

OSCILLATOR PITCH, DEPTH knob

Modifies the selected Oscillator waveform (P. 51).

4 LFO RATE knob

Adjusts the rate of the Low Frequency Oscillator (P. 51).

4 PORTAMENTO RATE knob

Adjusts the rate of the Portamento feature (P. 51).

5 FILTER CUTOFF knob

Selects the frequency at which the filter begins to have an effect on the waveform's frequency components (P. 51).

6 FILTER RESONANCE knob

Emphasizes the portion of the sound in the region of the cutoff frequency. (P. 51).

5 FILTER EG DEPTH knob

Adjusts the depth of the FILTER ENVELOPE ® to the Cutoff Frequency (P. 51).

® PITCH & FILTER ENVELOPE sliders

Adjusts the changing over time of the pitch and filter (P. 51).

AMPLITUDE ENVELOPE sliders

- 1. Adjusts the changing over time of the amplitude or volume (P. 51).
- 2. Adjusts the Master Equalizer while Press and Hold the [MASTER EQ] button (P. 56).



RIGHT SIDE

REVERB DEPTH knob

Adjusts the depth of the Reverb effect (P. 56).

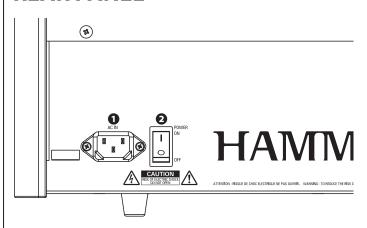
2 REVERB ON button

Turns the Reverb "ON" or "OFF" (P. 56).

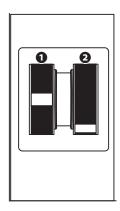
MASTER EQ button

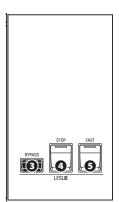
Turns the Master Equalizer. "ON" or "OFF" (P. 56).

REAR PANEL



LEFT SIDE OF THE KEYBOARD





WHEELS

• PITCH BEND wheel

Bends the pitch of played notes "UP" or "DOWN" (P. 28).

MODULATION wheel

- 1. Applies modulation to played notes (except ORGAN Section) (P. 28).
- 2. Controls the speed of the Leslie rotors (ORGAN Section only).

LESLIE

10 LESLIE BYPASS button

Channels the sounds produced by the ORGAN Section from the Rotary channel to the Stationary channel (P. 35).

4 LESLIE STOP button

Stops the Leslie Rotors from turning when the [FAST] button is OFF" (P. 35).

LESLIE FAST button

Selects "FAST" Leslie Rotor speed (P. 35).

POWER

O AC POWER RECEPTACLE

Connect the female end of a grounded AC Power Cord here, and the male end into a grounded AC power outlet.

POWER switch

Turns the AC power to the instrument "ON" or "OFF."

AUDIO OUTPUT JACKS

O PHONES jack

Use this jack to connect a set of stereo headphones.

NOTE: Connecting Headphones does NOT mute the LINE OUT or LESLIE audio outputs. If you wish the sound to go through the Headphones only, disconnect all other audio outputs.

4 LINE OUT L/MONO jack

LINE OUT R jack

Use these jacks to connect external audio equipment.

If the connected mixer or monitor speaker is stereophonic, connect both the L and R jacks. If it is monaural, connect only the L/MONO jack.

⑤ ⑤ !eslie® **LESLIE 11 -PIN socket**

Use to connect a Leslie Speaker Cabinet having an 11-pin interface.

When a Leslie Speaker Cabinet is detected at via the 11-pin socket, the inbuilt digital Leslie is disabled at the PHONES jack and the LINE OUT jacks (P. 17).

6 ROTARY OUT jack

Outputs the Rotary Channel of the ORGAN Section. Use this jack to bypass the inbuilt digital Leslie if you want a "dry" audio output from the ORGAN Section.

NOTE: Set the "ROTARY OUT" switch in the AUDIO portion of the FUNCTION Mode at "Used" if you use this jack (P. 18).

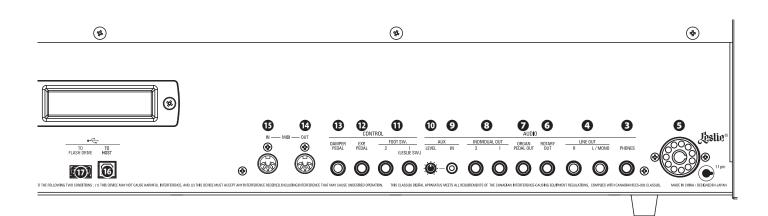
ORGAN PEDAL OUT jack

Outputs the PEDAL Part of the ORGAN Section. Use this jack to connect a powered sub-woofer to increase the bass, or to bypass the Leslie to the PEDAL Part (P. 18).

③ INDIVIDUAL OUT 1 jack

INDIVIDUAL OUT 2 jack

Outputs the selected Section independently (P. 19).



AUDIO INPUT JACK

O AUX IN jack

Use this jack to connect an external audio source. When connected, the sound will be mixed with the internal keyboard sounds and sent out to the LINE OUT jacks and the Stationary channel of a multi-channel Leslie Speaker via the 11-pin socket (P. 19).

O AUX LEVEL knob

Adjusts the volume of the sound coming in from the AUX IN jack.

CONTROLLER JACKS

1 FOOT SWITCH 1 jack FOOT SWITCH 2 jack

Use these jacks to connect Foot Switches to control a functions such as Leslie speeds or change Combinations.

The recommended Foot Switches are listed below;

HAMMOND ... FS-9H, VFP1

BOSS FS-5U

YAMAHA...... FC4A, FC5

In addition, the Leslie Switch CU-1 / FS-10TL (not available in Europe) can be connected to the FOOT SWITCH 1 jack.

NOTE: The FOOT SWITCH 2 jack cannot be used to connect a Leslie Switch.

® EXP PEDAL jack

Use this jack to connect an Expression Pedal to control volume while playing.

The recommended Expression Pedals are listed below:

HAMMOND ... EXP-50J, EXP-20, V-20H, V-20R; NORM

KORG.....XVP-10, XVP-20; REV

ROLAND EV-5; NORM

YAMAHA...... FC7; REV

(B) DAMPER PEDAL jack

Use this jack to connect a Damper Pedal (Sustain Pedal) for holding notes when keys are played and released.

The recommended Damper Pedals are listed below:

HAMMOND ... FS-9H, VFP1

ROLAND DP-10

YAMAHA...... FC3A, FC4A, FC5

NOTE: The controllers require setting for correct operation. See re-

lated pages for each item (P. 132).

MIDI PORTS

@ MIDI OUT Port

Transmits MIDI data to a connected MIDI device.

MIDI IN Port

Receives MIDI data from a connected MIDI device. This port can be programmed for a LOWER Keyboard or a Pedalboard.

•<☐ USB PORTS

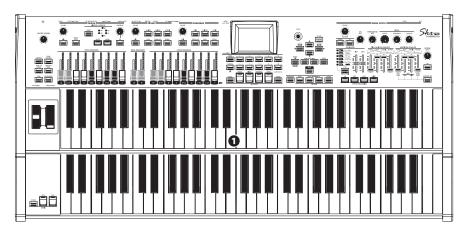
10 USB TO HOST Port

Use to connect to a computer to transmit MIDI messages or Load and Save files such as Setups or Update files.

USB FLASH DRIVE Port

Use to connect a USB Flash Drive to Load or Save files such as Setup or Update files.

KEYBOARD



O Keyboards

Two 61-note, square-front ("waterfall" type), semi-weighted, velocity-sensitive keyboards.

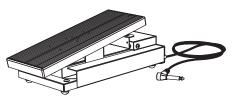
ACCESSORY



AC Power Cord

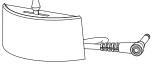
Connects to the AC Power Receptacle of the SKX PRO.

ACCESSORIES (SOLD SEPARATELY)



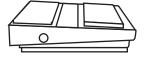
Expression Pedal EXP-50J

Heavyweight pedal for durability, and detachable cable to avoid breaking or fraying.



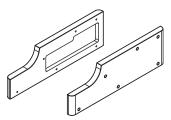
Leslie Switch CU-1 / CU-1BK

Controls [SLOW/STOP/FAST] of the Leslie Rotors.



Foot Switch FS-9H

Multi-purpose foot switch with Momentary action.



Wooden Side Panel SBW-SKXPRO



Expression Pedal EXP-20

Light weight for touring usage.

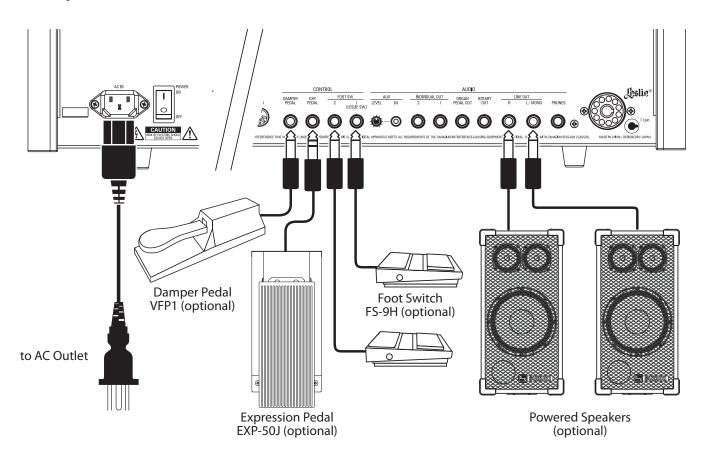


BASIC CONNECTIONS

Connect audio cables and accessories as shown below.

The SKX PRO is not self-contained - an external amplifier/speaker system is required in order to hear the sound. However, if you connect a set of stereo headphones to the PHONES jack, you can hear the sound through the headphones even if an external amplifier is not connected.

NOTE: Be sure that both the instrument and amplifier are "OFF" before connecting amplifiers or headphones.



NOTE: The Expression Pedal, Foot Switch and Damper Pedal Parameters must be set properly. This is explained in more detail starting on page 132.

⚠ CAUTION

This instrument draws a slight amount of power even if the [POWER] switch is "OFF." Therefore, if the instrument will not be used for a long period of time, disconnect the AC plug from the outlet.

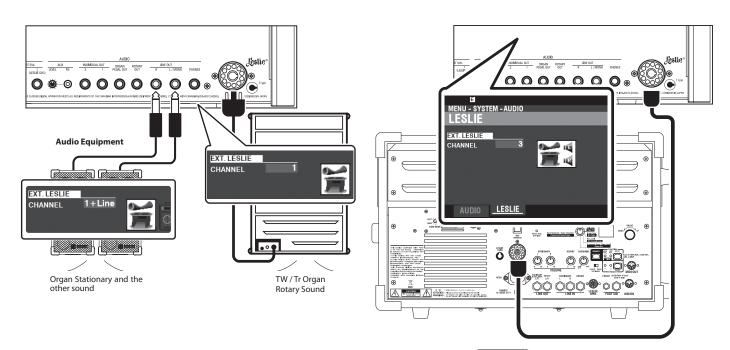
Do not place this instrument in direct sun light, near heat sources, or in a hot location.

A Leslie Speaker Cabinet with an 11-pin interface can be directly connected to the SKX PRO.

NOTE: Be sure the power to the SKX PRO is "OFF" before connecting the Leslie Speaker.

Connecting a single-channel Leslie Speaker

Connecting a 3-channel Leslie Speaker



BASIC CONNECTION

3-CHANNEL TYPE (2101/mk2)

- 1. Connect the SKX PRO to the Leslie Speaker via an 11-pin Leslie cable (optional LC-11-7M, not included).
- 2. Turn the power to the SKX PRO "ON" and set the EXT. LESLIE CH Parameter to "3."
- 3. Make sure a Hammond Tone Wheel Organ (<u>A-100</u>, <u>B-3</u>, <u>C-3</u>, or <u>Mellow</u>) is selected.
- 4. Press the [BYPASS] button "ON" and set the [STATIONARY VOLUME] of the Leslie Speaker at a desired level.
- 5. Press the [BYPASS] button "OFF" while playing, and set the [ROTARY VOLUME] of the Leslie Speaker at the same audible level as the [STATIONARY] Channel.

SINGLE-CHANNEL TYPE (122XB, 981 or 3300/W)

- 1. Connect the SKX PRO to the Leslie Speaker via an 11-pin Leslie cable (optional LC-11-7M, not included). This will allow you to hear the Drawbar ORGAN sounds.
- 2. Connect the SKX PRO to a keyboard amp or powered speakers via 1/4" audio cables from the LINE OUT jacks of the SKX PRO.
- 3. Turn the power to the SKX PRO "ON" and set the EXT. LESLIE CH Parameter at "1+LINE."
- 4. Make sure a Tone Wheel Organ (A-100, B-3, C-3, or Mellow) is selected.
- 5. Press the [BYPASS] button "ON" and set the audio equipment at a desired level.
- 6. Press the [BYPASS] button "OFF" and set the Volume of the connected Leslie Speaker at the same audible level as when the [BYPASS] button is "OFF."

tips LESLIE SPEAKERS TO CONNECT

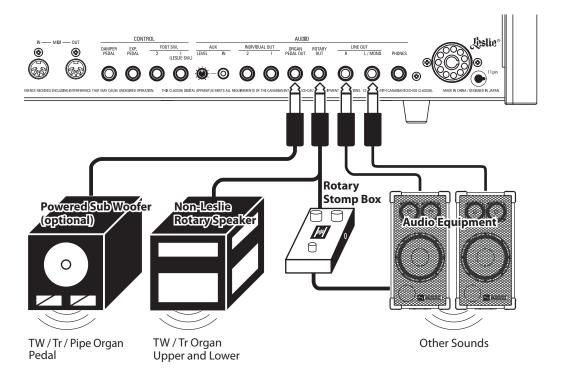
The SKX PRO is designed to connect with 3-channel Leslie Speakers such as the 2101/mk2. It is also possible to connect a single-channel Leslie Speaker such as a 122XB, 981 or 3300/W; however, a single-channel Leslie will reproduce the Drawbar ORGAN sounds only. To hear the PIANO/ENSEMBLE/SYNTH voices, connect an additional sound source such as a keyboard amp or powered speakers via the LINE OUT jacks.

tips LESLIE CHANNELS

3-channel Leslie Speakers are equipped with a stereo speaker system, independent of the Rotary channel, to provide separate channels for the Rotary (ORGAN) channel and the Stationary (PIANO, ENSEMBLE and MONO SYNTH) channel.

A traditional single-channel Leslie Speaker, such as a 122XB, 981 or 3300/W has no stationary speaker system, thus requiring a separate amplifier/speaker for other sounds such as PIANO, ENSEMBLE and MONO SYNTH.

OUTPUT DRY ORGAN SOUNDS



ROTARY OUT jack

Use the [ROTARY OUT] jack if you want to output a "dry" organ signal without the inbuilt digital Leslie.

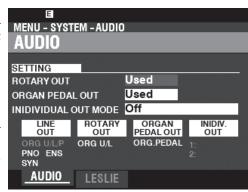
NOTE: Set the "ROTARY OUT" switch in the AUDIO FUNCTION Mode at "Used" when using this jack to mute the ORGAN Section from the [LINE OUT] jacks. This is explained in more detail on page 131.

ORGAN PEDAL OUT jack

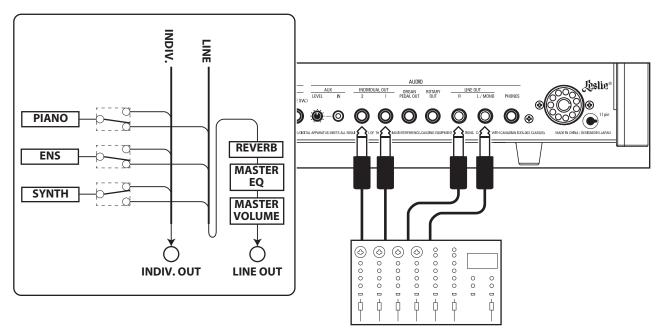
This jack outputs the PEDAL Part of the ORGAN Section.

Connect the [ORGAN PEDAL OUT] jack to a powered sub-woofer if you want to reinforce the bass or bypass the Leslie to the PEDAL Part.

NOTE: Set the "ORGAN PEDAL OUT" switch in the AUDIO FUNCTION Mode at "Used" when using this jack to mute the PEDAL Part from the [LINE OUT] jacks.



USING AN EXTERNAL MIXER



INDIVIDUAL OUT jacks

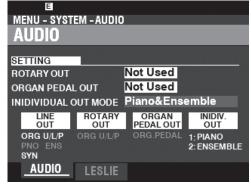
Use the [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jacks to connect an external mixer or add effects from external effects devices. You can choose the Voice Section which will be present at each of these jacks.

NOTE: Use the <u>INDIVIDUAL OUT</u> switch in the AUDIO FUNCTION Mode to select the Sections to assign to the [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jacks. This is explained in more detail on page

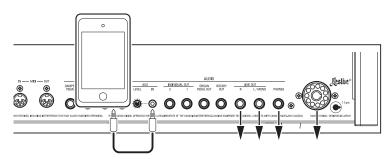
NOTE: If a Voice Section is assigned to an [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jack, it will be muted from the [LINE OUT] jacks.

NOTE: The sound from the [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jacks is not affected by Reverb, the Master Equalizer, or the [MASTER VOLUME] knob.

NOTE: The ORGAN Section cannot be assigned to the INDIVIDUAL OUT jacks.



USING A MUSIC PLAYER



AUX IN jack

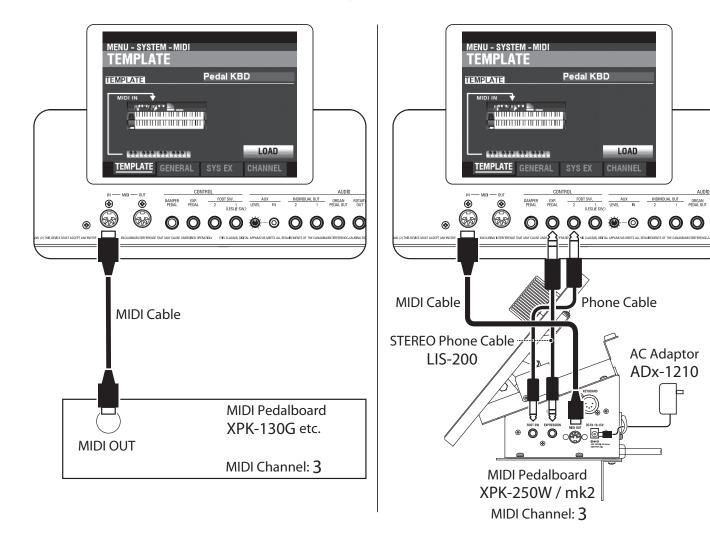
Use the [AUX IN] jack to connect a music player or phone.

Use the [AUX LEVEL] knob on the Rear Panel to control the volume of a device connected via the [AUX IN] jack.

The audio signal via the [AUX IN] jack will combine with the output from the [LINE OUT] jacks, [PHONES] jack and the Stationary Channel of the 11-pin Leslie socket.

NOTE: The [MASTER VOLUME] knob does not affect the audio signal coming into the [AUX IN] jack.

The SKX PRO can be expanded by connecting a MIDI pedalboard.



1. Connect as illustrated above.

NOTE: The above figures show connections only for the expanding keyboard. See page 16 for power supply or audio connections.

- 2. Turn the power to the SKX PRO "ON."
- 3. Select MIDI Template "Pedal KBD."

RECOMMENDED MIDI PEDALBOARDS

The following HAMMOND MIDI Pedalboards are recommended for use with the SKX PRO:

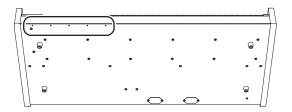
- MIDI Sound Pedalboard XPK-130G (13 notes)
- MIDI Sound Pedalboard XPK-200G (20 notes)
- MIDI Sound Pedalboard XPK-200GL (long 20 notes)
- MIDI Pedalboard XPK-250W mk2 (25 notes)

NOTE: The SKX PRO can also be used with the following Hammond MIDI Pedalboard models:

XPK-100, XPK-200, XPK-200L.

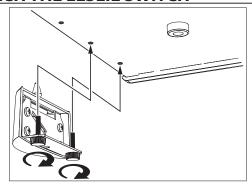
The CU-1 switch will control the Leslie speeds exactly as a similar "half-moon" switch found on a vintage Hammond Organ. Follow the instructions below to connect a CU-1 switch to the SKX PRO.

1 LOCATING THE MOUNTING HOLES



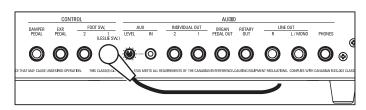
There are 5 mounting holes on the bottom of the instrument, allowing you to select one of 4 possible positions for the CU-1 switch.

2 ATTACH THE LESLIE SWITCH



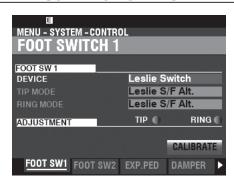
Use the screws provided with the CU-1 switch to attach the switch to the instrument.

3 INSERT THE PLUG



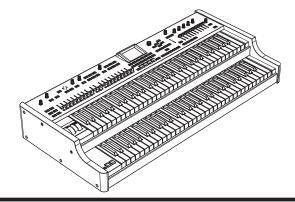
Insert the plug of the Leslie Switch to the FOOT SW 1 (LESLIE SW) jack.

4 SET THE CONTROL DEVICE



Set the [MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - CONTROL - F00T SWITCH 1 - DEVICE at "Leslie Switch."

Please see page 132 for detail.

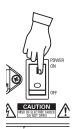




HOW TO POWER ON

After making the connections described on the previous pages, you are ready to turn the SKX PRO power "ON." Follow the procedure below to prevent malfunction or damage.







OPERATION PROCEDURE

1. Before turning the power to the SKX PRO "ON," make sure you have connected all peripherals (Expression Pedal, Foot Switch(es), etc.) properly. Also be sure to set the [MASTER VOLUME] knob to its minimum setting.

NOTE: The polarity of each Foot Controller will be detected automatically.

2. The Power Switch is located on the left side of the Accessory Panel (right side facing the keyboard). Turn the power to the instrument "ON." The display will show, "Loading..." below the opening screen for approximately 1 minute while the system software loads, then the PLAY Mode screen will display.

NOTE: If you have a Leslie Speaker connected to the instrument, the Leslie will turn "ON" automatically.

NOTE: In order to protect the circuits, the SKX PRO will be ready to play approximately 1 minute after the power is turned "ON."

- 3. Turn the power to the connected amplifier "ON."
- 4. Hold down a playing key and turn the [MASTER VOLUME] clockwise slowly. Adjust the [MASTER VOLUME] as needed.

NOTE: If the [MANUAL] button is pressed in the Default setting and the [ALLOCATE] buttons are all "OFF," no sound will be heard. You can press any of the [ALLOCATE] buttons or select any of the [FAVORITE] ([1] to [10]) buttons to hear sounds.

5. Adjust the volume of the amplifier.

NOTE: To turn the SKX PRO power "OFF," reverse the above procedure. Also, be sure to turn the power to a connected amplifier "OFF" before turning the keyboard "OFF." This will prevent a loud "pop" from the amplifier.

BACKING UP THE INITIAL SETTINGS

The SKX PRO does not remember the status of the playing controls before the power is turned "OFF." The status of the default settings is the same as when the [FAVORITE] [1] button is depressed.

AUTO POWER OFF

The SKX PRO has an "AUTO POWER OFF" feature which will automatically turn the power to the instrument "OFF" if no keys or buttons are pressed for 30 minutes.

NOTE: Depending on the status of the instrument - while editing, for example - the power may not turn "OFF" even if AUTO POWER OFF in enabled. Therefore, it is best to turn the SKX PRO power "OFF" via the Power Switch after every use.

RESTORING THE FACTORY SETTINGS

To reset all Parameters of the SKX PRO to their default settings, do the following:

- 1. Turn the power to the SKX PRO "OFF."
- 2. Press and Hold the red [RECORD] button.
- 3, While holding the red [RECORD] button, turn the [POWER] "ON."

 Continue to hold down the red [RECORD] button. When "Loading Default" is displayed, release the red [RECORD] button. The system will load.
- 4. When the PLAY Mode is displayed, the factory settings have been restored.

FAVORITES COMBINATION ORGAN • U012 \ Section •U003 "All Nine "Pelican Dance" Allocation Sections and Patches ORGAN: U012 All Nine **Patches PIANO** UPPER keyboard U034\ UPPER Section and "Clay BC" PEDAL LOWER keyboard PIANO: U034 Clav BC U056 Finger Bs **PEDALboard** ENS: **ENSEMBLE** 11056 SYNTH: U078 Funny Section "Finger Bs' REVERB: Hall 1 Fx71: Sampler * Patches ExZ2: Synth MONO SYNTH U078\ ExZ3: Processor "Funny MIDI Equipment **Patches**

The illustration below shows the structure of the sound engine and memory.

The SKX PRO has four sound-producing divisions or <u>Sections</u>. Each Section has sounds and Parameters which can be Recorded as a Patch. In addition, Patches from the different Sections can be combined to produce a Combination. This is explained in more detail starting below.

SECTIONS





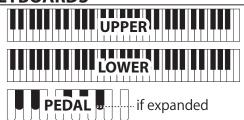




There are four (4) Sections - ORGAN, PIANO, ENSEMBLE and MONO SYNTH. These can be used individually or together, as shown on the right side of the illustration at the top of this page.

KEYBOARDS AND PARTS

KEYBOARDS



To play a Section on the SKX PRO, "allocate" the Section to a keyboard.

The SKX PRO has two keyboards, called UPPER and LOWER. PEDAL refers to the bass tones which can be played from a connected MIDI Pedalboard.

PARTS

The ORGAN Section has 3 Parts - UPPER, LOWER and PEDAL. This replicates the performance of a classic Hammond Organ with two manuals and pedals.

MEMORY

PATCHES

A <u>Patch</u> is an individual unit of each Section. For example, the PIANO Section contains Grand Pianos, Electric Pianos, etc., the ENSEMBLE Section contains Strings, Choir, and so on.

FACTORY, USER and BUNDLE







The Patches are grouped in three ways. "F" (Factory) Patches are set at the factory and cannot be changed. "U" (User) Patches can be changed by the player. "B" (Bundles) consist of Combination Parameters plus ORGAN and MONO SYNTH Sections grouped together. After you have Recorded a Bundle (Bxxx), you can then include it in a Combination.

There are 100 Factory and 100 User Patches for the ORGAN and MONO SYNTH Sections. The PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections share a common library of Factory and User Patches.

COMBINATIONS

A "Combination" is a unit which contains Patches as well as other Parameters such as the Patch number of each Section, keyboard allocations of each Section, etc. (see illustration at the top of this page, center).

The SKX PRO contains a total of 100 Factory ("F") Combinations which can be used "as is" or changed to suit the player.

For example, "ORGAN Section Patch #10, allocated to LOWER Keyboard, soft Volume, Octave +1, PIANO Section Patch #3, allocated to UPPER Keyboard at high Volume."

FAVORITES

The [FAVORITE] buttons allow you to store and recall frequently-used Combinations (see illustration at the top of this page, upper-left side).

There are 10 [FAVORITE] buttons. In addition, there are 10 Banks of Favorites, bringing the total number of Favorites to 100. Use the [BANK] button to access the Favorite Banks.

USING COMBINATIONS

Combinations are the basic memory units of the SKX PRO. This is explained in more detail starting below.

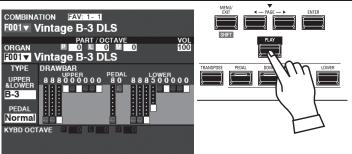
WHAT IS A "COMBINATION?"

As explained previously, the SKX PRO has four sound-producing sections - ORGAN, PIANO, ENSEMBLE, and MONO SYNTH. These, along with other Parameters such as Control Panel settings, etc., can be combined into a single unit called a **Combination**.

The SKX PRO comes with 100 pre-programmed Combinations. Starting below is an example of how to use Combinations.

SELECT A COMBINATION

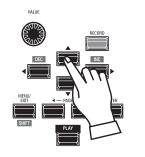
1 LOCATE THE PLAY MODE



If the PLAY Mode is not displaying, press the [PLAY] button.

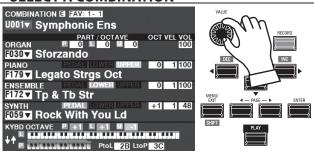
② MOVE THE CURSOR TO THE COMBINATION NUMBER





If the cursor is not at the Combination Number (very top of the screen), move the cursor to it using the DIRECTION buttons.

3 SELECT A COMBINATION

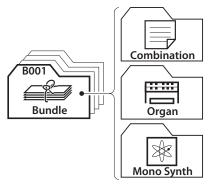


Use the [VALUE] knob to select a Combination.

NOTE: You can also select a Combination Number by direct numerical key input. This is explained in more detail on page 140.

tips WHAT IS A "BUNDLE?"

In order to decrease the number of steps necessary to create a Combination, you can save Combination Parameters, ORGAN Patches and MONO SYNTH Patches to a **Bundle** You can then save the Bundle along with PIANO and/or ENSEMBLE Patches to a Combination.



tips "▼" INDICATES A LIST

The " \blacktriangledown " is shown on the right side of the Combination Number etc. This indicates a List window is available to choice a value or selection. The List window is opened by press the [ENTER] button with cursor on the " \blacktriangledown " item. Select the value by [VALUE] knob or [\blacktriangle]/[\blacktriangledown] buttons and press the [ENTER] button. The value will decided and the List window will closed.



To recall Combinations that are frequently used, follow the instructions below.

WHAT IS A "FAVORITE?"

A <u>Favorite</u> is simply a Combination which is stored to one of the 10 numbered buttons in the [FAVORITE]S section, allowing you to recall frequently used Combinations more quickly than using the [VALUE] knob.

BANK AND NUMBER

Number Bank	1	2	3
1	U011 Born Verse	U012 Born Solo	U011 Born Verse
2	U024 MyLife Pf	U045 Lucy Org	U023 GetBack EP
3	P061 Classic	P062 Slow	P063 Contemp.
		1 1 1	1 1 1

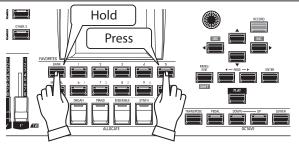
There are 10 available Banks of Favorites, each of which contains 10 Favorites. This allows you to have 100 Combinations readily available for quick access. The chart above shows an example of compiling a **Set List** using different Favorite Banks.

LINKING A COMBINATION TO A FAVORITE

1 SELECT A COMBINATION

Select a Combination you want to link to a Favorite. For this example, link Combination F002 to Favorite #2, Bank #5.

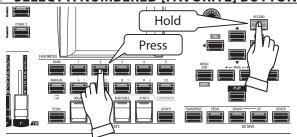
2 SELECT A BANK



Select the Bank. For this example, select Bank 5.

Press and Hold the [BANK] button and press the [5] [FAVORITE] button. The LED of the selected number will flash several times.

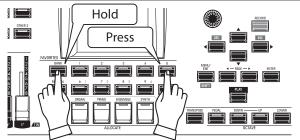
3 SELECT A NUMBERED [FAVORITE] BUTTON



Select a Favorite Number. For this example, Press and Hold the red [RECORD] button and press the [FAVORITE] [2] button. The LED of the numbered button will flash several times. When the LED stops flashing the procedure is complete and your Bank is selected.

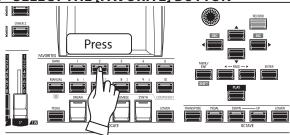
RECALLING A COMBINATION USING A [FAVORITE] BUTTON

1 SELECT THE BANK



Press and Hold the [BANK] button and press the numbered [FAVORITE] button representing the Bank where the Combination you want to stored. The LED of the [FAVORITE] button will flash several times.

2 SELECT THE [FAVORITE] BUTTON



Press the numbered [FAVORITE] button where the Combination you want is stored. The LED of the numbered button will light and your Combination is selected.

NOTE: You can view a list of Favorites by Press and Hold any number button. This is explained in more detail on page 140.

tips | CONFIRM THE CURRENT BANK

Press and Hold the [BANK] button to determine which Bank is selected. One of the numbered [FAVORITE] buttons will light indicating which Bank is currently active.

tips OMITTING BANK STEP

If the current Bank already contains the [FAVORITE] you want, you can omit Step 1 above.

The various Controllers of the SKX PRO are explained in detail starting below.

ON-BOARD CONTROLLERS

PITCH BEND wheel

This allows you to bend the pitch "UP" or "DOWN" smoothly. Push the wheel away from you to bend the pitch "UP," and pull it toward you to bend the pitch "DOWN." When the wheel is released, it will automatically return to its center position.

MODULATION wheel

This allows you to add Vibrato or Modulation to the sound. Push the wheel away from you to increase the effect, and pull it toward you to decrease the effect.

NOTE: The effects controlled by the wheels may be somewhat different for each Combination or Patch (P. 76).

O PORTAMENTO button

This allows you to turn the Portamento effect "ON" or "OFF." When this button is "ON" and Portamento is enabled for a particular Patch, the pitch will glide smoothly from the last note played to the current note being played and held.

NOTE: The status of the PORTAMENTO button can be Recorded to a Combination.

NOTE: PORTAMENTO can be applied to the PIANO, ENSEMBLE or MONO SYNTH Voices. This is explained in more detail on page 91 and 101.

O USER button

This allows you to assign a function for instant access.

EXPRESSION PEDAL

You can use an Expression Pedal to control the overall volume of the SKX PRO.

Press forward with the front of your foot to increase the volume and back with your heel to decrease the volume.

NOTE: You can adjust the minimum volume of the Expression Pedal. This is explained in more detail on page 76.

NOTE: You can select whether or not the Expression Pedal will affect a particular Voice Section. This is explained in more detail in later sections of this Manual.

FOOT SWITCH

You can use a Foot Switch to control various functions - for example, switching Leslie rotor speeds.

NOTE: You can assign a Foot Switch to control various functions. This is explained in more detail on page 132.

DAMPER PEDAL

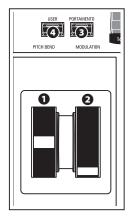
You can use a Damper Pedal to hold or "cancel damp" notes while it is pressed and held, similar to the damper pedal on an acoustic piano.

NOTE: You can assign the Damper effect to any of the Sections. This is explained in more detail on page 134.

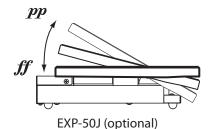
LESLIE SWITCH

You can use this switch to control the Leslie speeds exactly as a similar switch found on a vintage Hammond Organ.

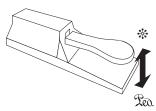
NOTE: See page 21 for instructions on how to install the CU-1 Leslie switch.



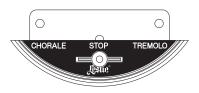




FS-9H (optional)



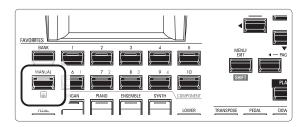
VFP1 (optional)



CU-1 (optional)

MANUAL

The SKX PRO incorporates an exclusive Hammond feature called **MANUAL**, which is explained starting below.



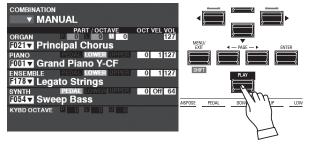
What is "MANUAL"?

Normally, one of the [FAVORITE] buttons is "ON" (LED lit), indicating that a Combination is selected. However, if you want to de-select Combinations and use the front panel controls entirely to control the sound, turn the [MANUAL] button "ON." The [FAVORITE] buttons will all turn "OFF" and all sounds and features of the SKX PRO will be controlled by the front panel controls as well as by the settings from the Menus.

INITIALIZE "MANUAL"

Some Menu Parameters may not be set the way you wish even if [MANUAL] is selected. If you encounter this, you can initialize all the MANUAL Parameters using the following procedure.

1 LOCATE THE PLAY MODE

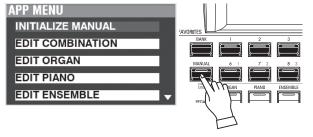


If the PLAY Mode is not displaying, press the [PLAY] button to display it.

2 SELECT MANUAL

Press the [MANUAL] button "ON" (LED lit).

3 OPEN THE APP (APPLICATION) MENU

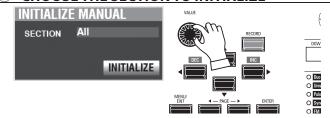


Press and Release the [≡] button to open the APP Menu.

4 SELECT "INITIALIZE MANUAL"

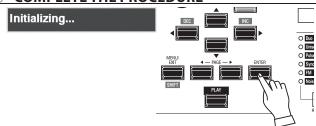
If "INITIALIZE [MANUAL]" is not already highlighted, use the [▲][▼] buttons to select it, and press the [ENTER] button. The screen shown below will display.

S CHOOSE THE SECTION TO INITIALIZE



Use the [VALUE] knob to select which Section to Initialize - ALL, ORGAN or SYNTH.

6 COMPLETE THE PROCEDURE



Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the [INITIALIZE] icon, and press the [ENTER] button. The screen will display "Initializing..." for approximately 1 second.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Initialize, press the [MENU/EXIT] or [PLAY] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

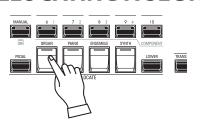
tips "MANUAL"

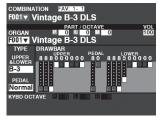
The "Manual" feature cancels all Combinations, Patches, internal Parameters, etc. It works much the same way as the "Adjust Presets" on Hammond Organs with Preset Keys or the "Cancel" piston on many classic organs or on electronic home organs such as the Hammond XT/XH-series. The Hammond 935 Church Organ has a feature called "Panel Memory" which performs much the same function.

USING ORGAN PATCHES

ORGAN Patches are explained in detail starting below.

ALLOCATING A SECTION TO A KEYBOARD





PLAY Mode (Organ)

If the LED on the [ORGAN] button in the [ALLOCATE] button is not "red" or "orange," press the [ORGAN] button repeatedly until the LED lights red or orange.

NOTE: If only the ORGAN Section is active (no other [ALLOCATE] buttons lit), the PLAY Mode will display only the ORGAN Parameters.

NOTE: See page 54 for instructions on allocating a Section to another Keyboard.

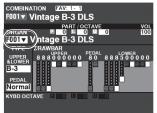
RECALLING A PATCH

For this example, recall "F011 Classic Gospel."

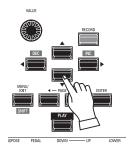
1 MOVE THE CURSOR TO THE PATCH NUMBER



PLAY Mode (General)



PLAY Mode (Organ)

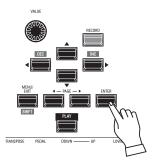


Use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to the Patch Number in the ORGAN Section.

NOTE: The MANUAL feature is explained in more detail on page 29.

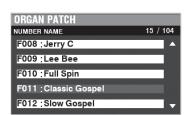
2 OPEN THE PATCH LIST

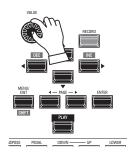




You can use the Patch List to display available Patches quickly. To open the Patch List, press the [ENTER] button when the Patch Number is highlighted in the display.

3 SELECT THE PATCH

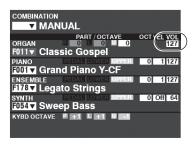




Use the [VALUE] knob to select the desired Patch. For this example, select. F011 Classic Gospel."

Press the [PLAY] or [ENTER] button to return from Patch List to PLAY Mode.

ADJUSTING THE VOLUME



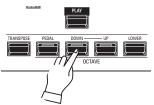


Use the [VOLUME] knob in the ORGAN Section to adjust the volume.

NOTE: You can also adjust the volume of the ORGAN Section in the PLAY mode by moving the cursor to "VOL" (right side of the screen) and turning the [VALUE] knob.

CHANGING THE OCTAVE

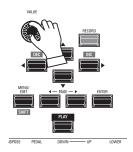




To change the Octave of the entire Keyboard (all Sections), press the OCTAVE [UP] or [DOWN] button. The display will show the current Octave setting.

NOTE: You can select from "-2" (up to two octaves down) through +2" (up to two octaves up).





To change the Octave for the ORGAN Section only, use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to "PLAY Mode - ORGAN Section - OCTAVE" and use the [VALUE] knob to change the Octave. The display will show the current Octave setting.

NOTE: You can select from "-2" (up to two octaves down) through +2" (up to two octaves up).

CREATING AN ORGAN PATCH

The ORGAN Section can be registered for vintage Hammond Organ sounds, Combo Organs, and Pipe Organs. This is explained in more detail starting below.

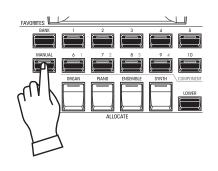
SELECT [MANUAL]

Normally, one of the [FAVORITE] buttons is "ON" (LED lit), indicating that a Combination is selected. However, if you want to de-select Combinations and use the front panel controls entirely to control the sound, turn the [MANUAL] button "ON." The [FAVORITE] buttons will all turn "OFF" and all sounds and features of the SKX PRO will be controlled by the front panel controls as well as by the settings from the Menus.

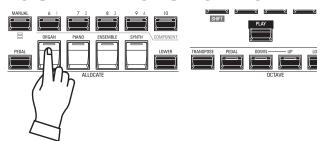
INITIALIZE "MANUAL"

Some Menu Parameters may not be set the way you wish even if [MANUAL] is selected. If you encounter this, you can initialize the MANUAL Parameters See page 29 for instructions on how to do this.

NOTE: "MANUAL" is explained in more detail on page 29.



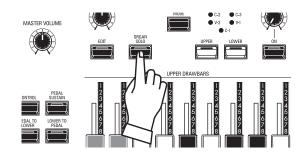
ALLOCATE THE SECTION TO A KEYBOARD



Press the [ORGAN] button in the [ALLOCATE] button group "ON." The LED will light and the ORGAN Section will play from the UPPER keyboard.

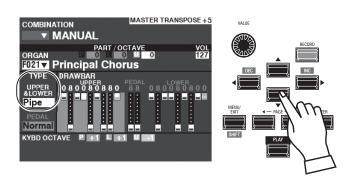
NOTE: See page 54 for instructions on allocating a Section to another Keyboard.

USING THE ORGAN SOLO BUTTON



The ORGAN Section has 3 Parts - UPPER, LOWER and PEDAL. The [ORGAN SOLO] button turns all the Parts of the Organ Section "ON," and turns other Sections "OFF." This allows you to turn the SKX PRO into a vintage 2-keyboards-and-pedal Hammond Organ instantly with one button press.

SELECT THE ORGAN TYPE

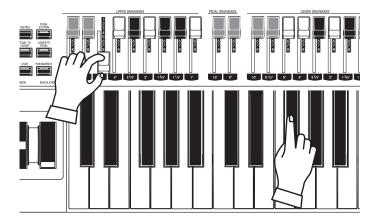


Select the ORGAN Type most appropriate to the musical style you wish to play.

Use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to "ORGAN TYPE - UPPER&LOWER."

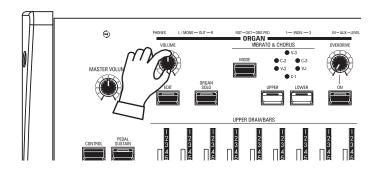
Use the [VALUE] knob to select the ORGAN Type.

ADD DRAWBARS



The Drawbars control the basic organ sounds. You can hear the effect each Drawbar has on the sound by pulling out or pushing in Drawbars while holding keys.

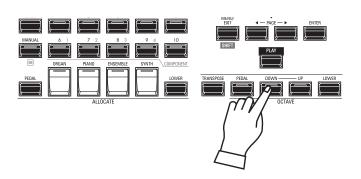
ADJUST THE VOLUME



Use the [VOLUME] knob in the ORGAN Section to adjust the volume.

NOTE: You can also adjust the volume of the ORGAN Section in the PLAY screen by moving the cursor to "VOL" (right side of the screen) and turning the [VALUE] knob.

CHANGING THE OCTAVE

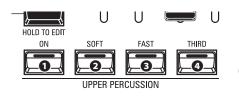


To change the Octave of the entire Keyboard (all Sections), press the OCTAVE [UP] or [DOWN] button. The display will show the current Octave setting.

To change the Octave for the ORGAN Section only, use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to "PLAY Mode - ORGAN Section - OCTAVE" and use the [VALUE] knob to change the Octave. The display will show the current Octave setting.

NOTE: You can select from "-2" (up to two octaves down) through +2" (up to two octaves up).

ADDING PERCUSSION



An important component of the Hammond Sound is "Touch-Response Percussion Control™." The Percussion controls on the SKX PRO consist of four separate buttons (shown at left) which control harmonic Percussion tones. These four buttons control all the same functions as the tilt tablets on a Tone Wheel Hammond.

[ON] button

This button, when "ON" (LED lit), turns the Percussion effect "ON." The Percussion tone will sound in accordance with the settings for the other three Percussion controls.

NOTE: In the "ON" position, all of the Upper Manual Drawbars will be effective except the 1' (fourth white) Drawbar. This duplicates the performance of a vintage Tone Wheel organ such as a B-3/C-3/A-100. In the "OFF" position, the 1' Drawbar is effective as usual. However, you can change this Parameter if you wish.

[SOFT] button

This button regulates the volume of the Percussion tone. When it is "OFF" (LED not lit), the Percussion effect will be very prominent. The Drawbar tones will also be reduced in volume to compensate for the addition of the Percussion tones. When this button is "ON" (LED lit), the Percussion effect is much less prominent. The volume of the Drawbar tones remains unaffected by the addition of the Soft Percussion effect.

When this button is "OFF" (LED not lit) the Percussion tone will decay slowly like a bell. When it is "ON" (LED is lit) the Percussion tone will decay rapidly like a xylophone.

This button determines the pitch at which the Percussion tone sounds. When set at "SECOND" (LED not lit), the pitch is up one octave with respect to the Fundamental (8') Drawbar; when set at "THIRD" the Percussion pitch is up an octave and a fifth with respect to the Fundamental Drawbar.

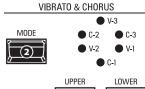
NOTE: The Percussion features works with the "A-100," "B-3," "C-3" and "Mellow" Organ types only, and on the UPPER Part only.

NOTE: You can adjust the Parameters of the Percussion to your liking. This is explained in more detail on page 126.

ADDING EFFECTS TO THE ORGAN SECTION

VIBRATO & CHORUS

"Vibrato & Chorus" allows you to add "Vibrato" (a periodic raising and lowering of pitch) or "Chorus" (a "shimmering" effect having the periodicity of Vibrato) to your Drawbar registrations.





• [UPPER], [LOWER] buttons

These allow you to turn Vibrato & Chorus "ON" or "OFF" for each Part. When "ON" the red LEDs will light.

[MODE] button

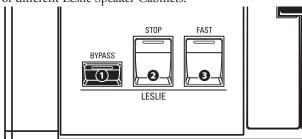
This allows you to select from three degrees of Vibrato and three degrees of Chorus. Each successive press of this button selects a different amount of Vibrato or Chorus.

Organ Type	Effect	MODE	
A-100, B-3, C-3, Mellow Vibrato & Chorus		V: Vibrato	
		C: Chorus	
		number: depth of the Vibrato or Chorus effect.	
Vx, Farf, Ace Vibrato		Six degrees of Vibrato increasing in intensity from V-1 through C-3.	
Pipe	Tremulant	Six degrees of Vibrato increasing in intensity from V-1	

NOTE: You can adjust the Vibrato & Chorus effect to your liking. This is explained in more detail on page 86.

LESLIE

The SKX PRO has an inbuilt digital Leslie that replicates the sound of a twin-rotor Leslie Speaker Cabinet. In addition, the instrument can also be used with a variety of different Leslie Speaker Cabinets.



• [BYPASS] button

Disables the digital Leslie, producing a "dry" organ sound.

② [STOP] button

To toggle between "FAST" and "SLOW" when the [FAST] button is pressed, turn this button "OFF" (LED not lit).

To toggle between "FAST" and "STOP" when the [FAST] button is pressed, turn this button "ON" (LED lit).

❸ [FAST] button

Toggles between "FAST" (LED lit) and "SLOW" (LED not lit).

NOTE: The digital Leslie is not available for the Pipe Organ.

NOTE: These controls perform the same functions when a Leslie Speaker Cabinet is connected via the 11-pin socket.

NOTE: You can fine-tune the Parameters of the inbuilt digital Leslie. This is explained in more detail starting on pages 88 and 193.

OVERDRIVE

"Overdrive" adds distortion to the sound by increasing the pre-amplifier input gain.



0 [ON] button

Press the OVERDRIVE button to turn the Overdrive effect "ON" (LED lit) or "OFF" (LED not lit).

O [OVERDRIVE] knob

Adjust the amount of the Overdrive effect.

OTHER EFFECTS

MULTI-EFFECTS

There are several **Multi Effects** which you can use to enhance the sound.

- REVERB

The SKX PRO has built-in Reverb (reverberation) which allows you to simulate several different acoustic profiles.

tips LESLIE BUTTONS AND MODES

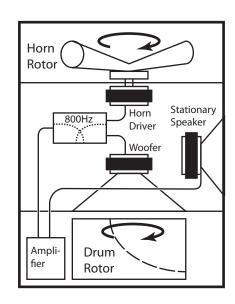
BUTTON			MODE		
BYPASS	STOP	FAST	CH=1	CH=3 or digital Leslie	
Off	Off	On	Fast		
Off	Off	Off	Slow		
Off	On	On	Fast		
Off	On	Off	Stop		
On	On	On	Fast		
On	On	Off	Stop		
On	Off	On	Fast Bypass		
On	Off	Off	Slow		

tips What is the Leslie effect?

When the Hammond Organ was first introduced in the mid 30's, the sound-producing apparatus was not contained within the console. A separate "tone cabinet" had to be connected to the organ console via a special cable. For many years, Hammond manufactured tone cabinets specifically for use with Hammond Organs. The best known of these is probably the PR-40 model.

In the late 30's, an independent engineer and organ enthusiast named Donald J. Leslie found that rotating a baffle in front of a stationary speaker created the effect of a tremulant (the well-known "Doppler effect) and called the subsequent speaker the "Vibratone." (The "Vibratone" designation was eventually dropped and subsequent models would be known simply as Leslie Speakers.) The figure below shows the configuration of a "twinrotor and stationary" Leslie Speaker Cabinet.

The inbuilt digital Leslie on the SKX PRO reproduces all three modes - "FAST," "SLOW" and "OFF." In addition, all three modes are available when the SKX PRO is connected to an 11-pin Leslie Speaker Cabinet.



ORGAN SECTION IN DETAIL

KEYBOARDS AND PARTS

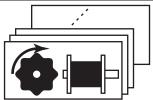
The classic Hammond Organ has two manuals or keyboards and a pedal keyboard (or pedal clavier). Commonly, the two keyboards will be registered differently - for example, the Upper Keyboard will have a registration appropriate for Melody while the Lower Keyboard will have an Accompaniment registration to provide harmonic backing for the Melody. In addition, the Pedals will have a setting appropriate for bass notes.

The SKX PRO has two keyboards; UPPER and LOWER for each Part. In addition, the PEDAL Part can be played either from a connected MIDI pedalboard, or from the keyboard by using the PEDAL TO LOWER feature.

ORGAN TYPES

The Drawbars on your SKX PRO can be made to control organ sounds other than traditional Hammond Drawbars. Several makes of combo organs, for example, also used Drawbar-type controls to register the sounds, which were actual organ voices rather than individual harmonics as with Hammond Drawbars.

TONE WHEEL (A-100, B-3, C-3)



The Hammond Organ's original purpose was to duplicate the pipe organ, however, they became famous for producing a unique sound of their own.

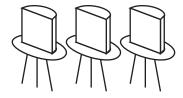
Tone Wheels are the method by which Tone Wheel Hammond Organs generate sound. Each frequency is generated by a steel disk 17/8" in diameter and containing a number of high spots on its outer edge. (See the illustration above.) These disks are the Tone Wheels. The most common Tone Wheel generator has a total of 96 tone wheels, all with different numbers of teeth - some wheels have 2 teeth, others have 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, up to 192 teeth. The classic Tone Wheel design uses 91 tone wheels to generate the musical tones.

A-100, B-3 and C-3 are traditional Tone Wheel sounds.

MELLOW

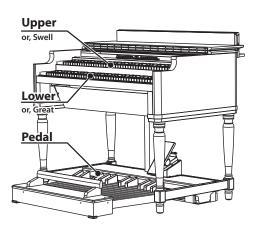
The <u>Mellow</u> setting replicates the non-mechanical electronic Hammond tone generators such as the Concorde, the X-5 combo organ and the later "multiplex" organs such as the B-3000 and 340 series Elegante.

TRANSISTOR (Vx, Farf, Ace)



As transistors gradually replaced vacuum tubes in electronic circuits it became possible to produce light-weight combo organs. These have been used extensively in rock and popular music since the early 60's. The type of circuitry is different from maker to maker or model by model. We have replicated 3 representative types here.

 \underline{Vx} replicates a British combo organ which combines triangle waves and square waves using several footages. "Farf" and "Ace" both replicate combo organs (Italian and Japanese) which use tablets to combine sound waves which are filtered to produce different tones.

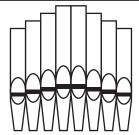


tips PEDAL ORGAN TYPES

When using the Tone Wheel Organs (A-100, B-3, C-3 or Mellow) for the UPPER & LOWER Parts, you can select two different PEDAL Voicings - Normal and Muted. Normal replicates the Pedal Drawbars of a vintage Hammond Organ while Muted more nearly duplicates the mellow Pedal Drawbar tones of an electronic Hammond.

On the Transistor Organs (Vx., Farf., and Ace.), the PEDAL Voicing is automatically set to Muted. For Pipe, the PEDAL Drawbars register Pipe organ voices to complement the UPPER and LOWER Pipe Voices.

PIPE



A pipe organ produces sounds by pushing pressurized air through sets of wood or metal pipes called Ranks or Stops. There are many different types of Pipe Stops which produce sounds of different pitches, timbres and levels of volume. Each Stop is identified by a unique Name indicating what type of sound it will produce when selected.

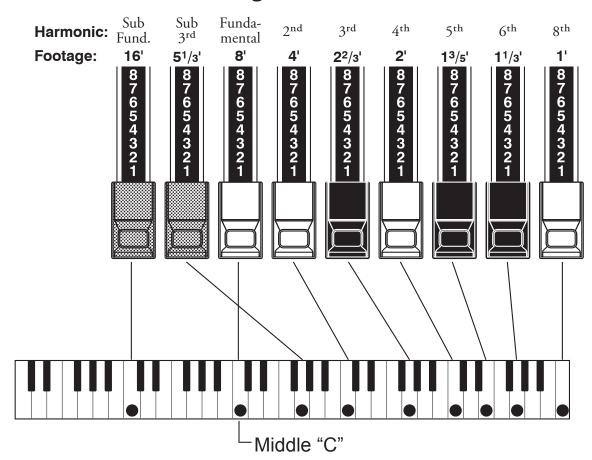
The <u>Pipe</u> Organ replicates several different types of pipe organs by using the Drawbars as drawstops or stop tablets to create pipe organ registrations.

HARMONIC DRAWBARS™

The Harmonic Drawbars are the heart of the renowned Hammond Sound and have been used since the first Hammond Organ Model A was introduced in 1935. There are approximately 253,000,000 possible sound combinations that can be produced by these Drawbars. The illustration below shows how each Drawbar relates to the keyboard when middle "C" is pressed.

NOTE: When recalling Combinations or ORGAN Patches, the positions of the Drawbars will change internally, but not physically. When a Drawbar is moved, the Patch setting will update to that Drawbar's current position. You can also match the entire Drawbar registration to the physical Drawbar setting. See page 45 for more information.

DRAWBARS (Tone Wheel Organs: A-100, B-3, C-3, Mellow)



Each Drawbar may be set in eight different positions in addition to the silent or "0" position. Each position, as marked on the Drawbars, represents a different degree of intensity of the harmonic it controls. When drawn out to position "1," the harmonic it represents will be present with minimum intensity, when drawn out to position 2 with greater intensity, and so on up to position "8."

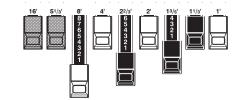
If you pull the fundamental (8'), the third harmonic (2%') plus the fifth harmonic (1%') Drawbars out completely and play the keyboard you will notice the sound resembles a clarinet.

If you push the 8' Drawbar half-way, you'll notice the sound becomes more high-pitched and a bit "harder." Now pull the 8' Drawbar back out fully and push the $2\frac{2}{3}$ ' and $1\frac{3}{5}$ ' in halfway. Notice how the sound becomes mellower.

Experiment with the Drawbars to obtain your own favorite registrations.

tips DRAWBAR REGISTRATION

Below is an example of using Drawbars to create different sounds.



Example of "Clarinet"

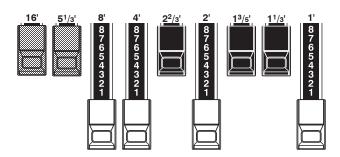


For "Tone Wheel" Organs, the relationship between each Drawbar and its footage is shown on the "TW" legends directly in front of the Drawbars.

DRAWBARS FOR THE UPPER AND LOWER PARTS

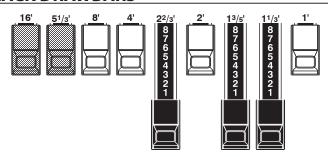
The Colors of the Drawbars are traditional to Hammond, and were established to provide a quick visual guide to the harmonics generated by the Drawbars.

WHITE DRAWBARS



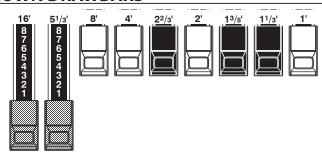
The first white Drawbar represents the "fundamental" or "8' base" tone. All of the other white Drawbars are octave intervals or harmonics of the fundamental tone. The tonal brilliance is greatly increased by adding white Drawbars, but the harmonics added are always in "consonance" or harmony.

BLACK DRAWBARS



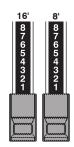
The black Drawbars represent the "dissonant" harmonics which are also necessary in building rich tone colors. The mellowness of a horn, the pungency of strings, and the brilliance of reed voices owe much of their character to the presence of these harmonics in different degrees.

BROWN DRAWBARS



The two brown Drawbars on the far left give depth and richness to the sound. The left 16' is one octave lower than the 8', and 51/3' is the third harmonic of the 16' fundamental. Normally, the tones are built on the 8' fundamental, but, if you want to add depth to the tone or to expand the playing range by one octave lower, build your tones on the 16' fundamental.

PEDAL DRAWBARS

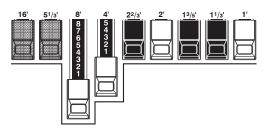


The 16' and 8' Drawbars control the sounds produced by the Pedal part. The first brown Drawbar produces a composite tone at 16' pitch for a deep foundation bass, while the first white Drawbar produces a composite tone at 8' pitch, or one octave higher.

DRAWBAR REGISTRATION PATTERNS

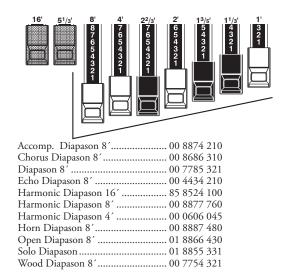
Regardless of the size of a pipe organ or its number of stops, all of its voices are related to four basic families of tone. The four basic families - Flute, Reed, String and Diapason - can be quickly set up on the Drawbars by relating a pattern or shape to each family.

Flute family (2 step pattern)

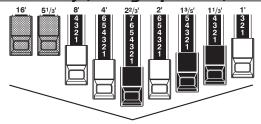


Accompaniment Flute 8' I	00 8460 000
Accompaniment Flute 8' II	00 3220 000
Accompaniment Flute 8' III	00 8600 000
Chorus of Flutes 16'	80 8605 002
Orchestral Flute 8'	00 3831 000
Piccolo 2'	00 0006 003
Stopped Flute 8'	00 5020 000
Tibia 8'	00 7030 000
Tibia 4'	00 0700 030
Tibia (Theater) 16'	80 8605 004
Wooden Open Flute 8'	00 8840 000

Diapason family (check mark pattern)

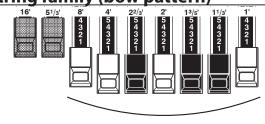


Reed family (triangle pattern)



Bassoon 16'	44 7000 000
Clarinet 8'	
English Horn 8'	00 3682 210
Flugel Horn 8'	00 5777 530
French Horn	00 7654 321
Kinura 8'	00 0172 786
Oboe 8'	00 4764 210
Trombone 8'	01 8777 530
Trumpet 8'	00 6788 650
Tuba Sonora 8'	02 7788 640
Vox Humana 8'	00 4720 123

String family (bow pattern)

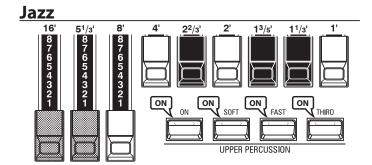


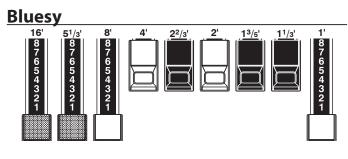
Cello 8'	00 3564 534
Dulciana 8'	00 7770 000
Gamba 8' I	00 3484 443
Gemshorn 8'	00 4741 321
Orchestral String 8'	00 1464 321
Salicional 8'	00 2453 321
Solo Viola 8'	00 2474 341
Solo Violin 8'	00 3654 324
Viola da Gamba 8'	00 2465 432
Violina 4'	00 0103 064
Violone 16'	26 3431 000

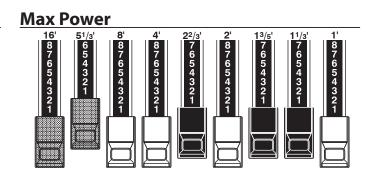
Notice that Drawbar registrations are expressed in number groups of 2, 4 and 3. This "2-4-3" number formula for Drawbar Registration has been a Hammond convention since the beginning. It has been found to be the easiest way to convey a specific setting. The first two numbers correspond to the two brown Drawbars of either manual. The middle four numbers designate the 8', 4', 2½', 2' Drawbars, and the remaining three numbers refer to the last three Drawbars.

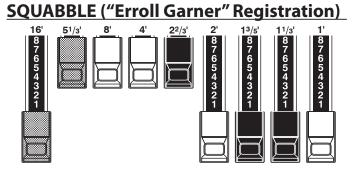
MODERN DRAWBAR REGISTRATIONS

The Drawbar registration patterns shown on the previous page are intended to simulate the four basic families of tone found on a classical pipe organ, since this was the original intention of the Hammond Organ. Later on, as the Hammond Organ began to be used in Jazz, Pop and Rock music, other sounds became identified with the "Hammond Sound." The figures below illustrate some of these modern registrations.





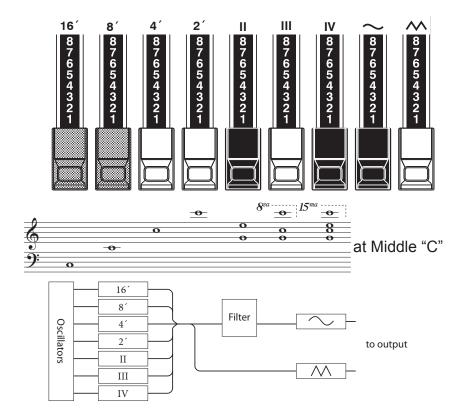




tips APPLICATION OF PERCUSSION

When Percussion is used, the sound of the 1' Drawbar is cancelled just as it is on vintage organs (B-3/C-3, etc.). Some jazz organists have taken advantage of this idiosyncrasy by keeping the 1' Drawbar pulled out and turning Percussion "ON" and "OFF" while playing. The result is an instantaneous registration change with a single motion.

DRAWBARS (Vx)



The type of British combo organ replicated by the "Vx" ORGAN Type had Drawbartype controls, but they functioned differently from Hammond Harmonic Drawbars. The first four Drawbars control individual pitches, while the next three are "Mixture" Drawbars which cause multiple pitches to sound. "II," "III" and "IV" refer to the number of pitches represented by that Drawbar.

The last two Drawbars control the type of tone produced by the first seven Drawbars.

The "~" Drawbar causes mellow tones to sound while the "M" Drawbar causes brighter and more harmonically complex tones to sound.

NOTE: The first seven Drawbars WILL NOT sound unless one or both of the right two Drawbars are also "out." These two Drawbars regulate the overall volume as well as timbre of the total Drawbar registration, and can be used separately or together.

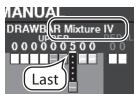
tips FOOTAGE

"Footage" is a term inherited from the pipe organ. It is used to designate the pitch at which a particular organ stop will sound. The number refers to the length of pipe necessary to produce the lowest note of that particular stop.

For example, if a stop is marked "8" it means that the lowest note on a standard 5-octave organ keyboard "C" will require a pipe 8 feet long.

tips FOOTAGE INDICATOR

The last manipulated Drawbar will be shown in the "Drawbar Registration" dialog box or the PLAY Mode for the ORGAN Section.

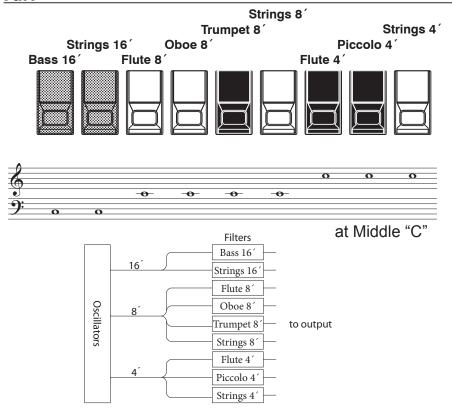


tips DRAWBAR COLORS

For the Vx, Farf, Ace and Pipe Organ Types, the Drawbar icons in the display will change color according to the sound registered for each Drawbar.

DRAWBARS (Farf, Ace)

Farf



The figures to the left follow the layout of the Italian "Combo Compact" and the "TOP 7" combo organs, which used rocker-type tilt tablets rather than Drawbars to turn voices "ON" and "OFF." On the SKX PRO, the Drawbars are used to control the same sounds.

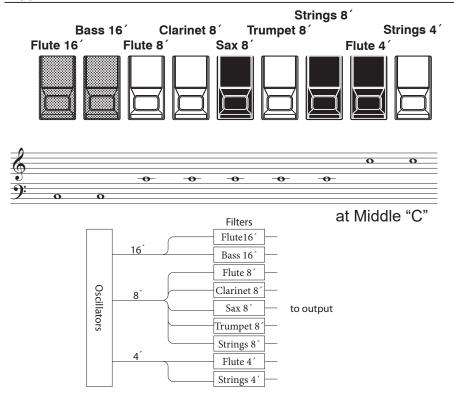
To replicate the effect of tablets, simply pull the Drawbar(s) representing the tone(s) you want "out" all the way. Or, you can create shadings of tones by using the Drawbars in the more traditional fashion.

tips TABLET

The word "tablet" refers to a tilting or "rocker"-type control used on many analog organs to turn voices "ON" and "OFF" as well as to add effects (see figure below).

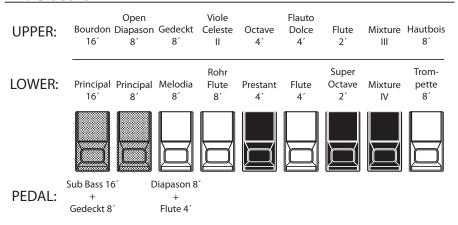


Ace



DRAWBARS (Pipe)

F1: Classic



F2: Theatre 1

UPPER:	Tibia Clausa 16´	Vox Humana 8´	Style "D" Trumpet 8´	Tibia Clausa 8´	Clarinet 8′	Viol d'Orch 8'	Vox Humana 8´	Tibia Clausa 4´	Tibia Clausa 2´
LOWER:	Style "D" Trumpet 8'	- 1	Clarinet 8′	Viol d'Orch 8´	Flute 8´	Vox Humana 8′	Open Diapason 4´	Tibia Clausa 4´	Vox Humana 4′
PEDAL:	Tibia 16′ + Flute 8′	C	Diapason 8 + Flute 4'	,					

F3: Theatre 2

PEDAL:

Flute 8'

UPPER:	Tibia Clausa 16′	English Post Horn 16′	Brass Trumpet 8′	Tibia Clausa 8´	Clarinet 8′	Vox Humana 8′	Tibia Clausa 4´	Tibia Clausa 2¾′	Tibia Clausa 2´
LOWER:	Brass Trumpet 8'	Diapason 8′	Clarinet 8′	Viol Celeste 8′	Oboe 8′	Flute 8′	Vox Humana 8´	Viol Celeste 4'	Flute 4′
	Tibia 16′	D	iapason 8	í ·					

Flute 4

When using the Pipe Organ, the stops are registered through the Drawbars. The Classic type follows the classic organ layout left to right as follows: Flue, Mixture and Reed.

On the UPPER and LOWER Parts, each Drawbar corresponds with a pipe organ rank or stop.

On the PEDAL part, two stops sound with one Drawbar (Complex Stop).

NOTE: When "Classic" is activated, the Drawbars will function in a manner similar to drawstops on a traditional pipe organ - pulling a Drawbar "out" will turn the associated Pipe Voice "ON" while pushing the Drawbar "in" will turn the Pipe Voice "OFF." The Pipe Voices do not have gradations of volume - they are either "ON" or "OFF."

NOTE: The labels "F1," "F2" etc., refer to Custom Pipes.

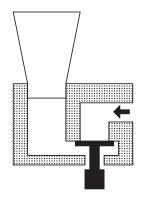
NOTE: The digital Leslie is not available on the Pipe Voices. However, the Vibrato/ Chorus feature becomes a pipe organ Tremulant when the PIPE Organ Type is selected.

The Theatre 1 and Theatre 2 PIPE settings provide a complement of organ stops characteristic of a theatre or "cinema" organ. "Theatre 1" is a stop complement similar to a Wurlitzer "Style 210" while "Theatre 2" is derived from the stops from a Wurlitzer "Style 260 Special," including English Post Horn. The figures on the left show the stop complements for the Theatre 1 and Theatre 2 Custom Pipe sets.

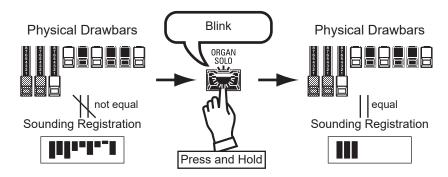
NOTE: When "Theatre 1" or "Theatre 2"is activated, the Drawbars will function similar to tablets on a theatre organ console.

tips STOP

A single voice or sound on a pipe organ is referred to as a "Stop" due to the fact that air flow is "stopped" (or started) by manipulating the individual controls which turn sounds "ON" or "OFF."



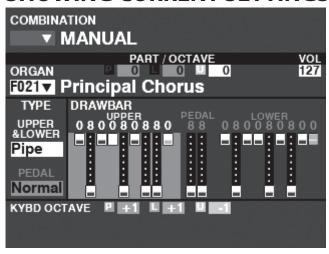
MATCHING THE REGISTRATION TO THE DRAWBAR SETTING



When you recall an ORGAN Patch, the Drawbar registration of the Recorded Patch is heard, instead of the physical Drawbar setting. If you move any Drawbar, its position takes precedence over the Recorded registration, although the Patch is not changed.

If you want to switch to the physical Drawbar setting immediately, Press and Hold the [ORGAN SOLO] button until the button LED blinks then release it. The physical registration now becomes "current."

SHOWING CURRENT SETTINGS



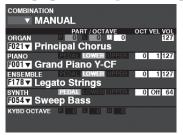
When you are in PLAY Mode, a page similar to the one shown at left will display if the ORGAN Section only is selected via the [ALLOCATE] button or by repeatedly touching the [PLAY] button.

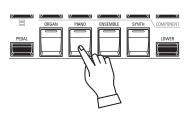
NOTE: The MANUAL feature is explained in more detail on page 29.

USING PIANO AND ENSEMBLE PATCHES

The PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections allow you to play various instrumental and vocal sounds such as Piano, Strings, Trumpet, Choir, etc. This is explained in more detail starting below.

ALLOCATING THE SECTION TO THE KEYBOARD





To play a PIANO or ENSEMBLE Patch on the UPPER keyboard, simply press the [PIANO] or [ENSEMBLE] button in the [ALLOCATE] button group. The LED will light red and the PIANO or ENSEMBLE Section in the display will be highlighted.

NOTE: See page 54 for instructions on allocating a Section to another Keyboard.

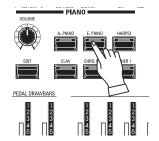
PLAY Mode (General)

RECALLING A PATCH

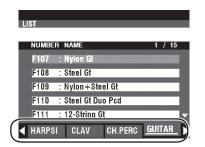
For this example, recall "EP Tine Mk2"

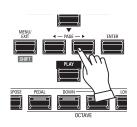
① SELECT A Category





Select a Voice Category from the PIANO or ENSEMBLE Section. For this example, press the [E. PIANO] button in the PIANO Category. The display will show the Patch List for the selected category.





USING THE "OTHER" PATCH Category

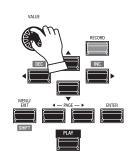
Both the PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections have a category called [OTHER]. These include various groups of Patches not represented by buttons on the Control Panel.

To select a Patch in the [OTHER] Category:

- 1. Press the [OTHER] button to display the Patch List.
- 2. Use the PAGE [◀]/[▶] buttons to select among the available Voice Categories.
- 3. Use the DIRECTION [▲]/[▼] buttons to select a Voice from the selected Category. Press [ENTER] to select the Patch you wish.

2 Select the Patch

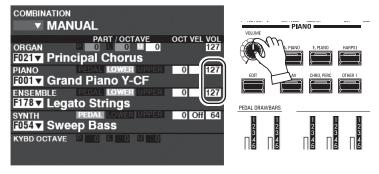




Use the [VALUE] knob to scroll through the Patch List.

NOTE: You can also use the PAGE [◀]/[▶] buttons to scroll through the Patch List.

ADJUSTING THE VOLUME

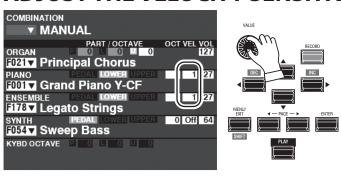


Use the [VOLUME] knob in the PIANO or ENSEMBLE Section to adjust the volume of the selected Section. For this example, use the [VOLUME] knob in the PIANO Section.

NOTE: You can also adjust the volume of the PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections in the PLAY screen by moving the cursor to "VOL" (right side of screen) and using the [VALUE] knob.

NOTE: The word "MANUAL" is explained in more detail on page 29.

ADJUST THE VELOCITY SENSITIVITY

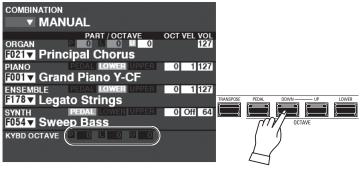


Use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to "VEL," and use the [VALUE] knob to select the Velocity Curve. The setting range is "Off" and "1" to "4."

"Off" is standard organ touch - the notes sound at the same volume regardless of a light or heavy key pressure. "1" is the most exaggerated velocity curve while "4" is a gentler curve. "2" and "3" are curves in between.

NOTE: The Velocity setting will vary from Patch to Patch.

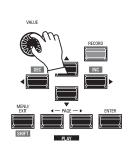
CHANGING THE OCTAVE



To change the Octave of the entire UPPER Keyboard (all Sections), press the OCTAVE [UP] or [DOWN] button. The display will show the current Octave setting.

NOTE: You can select "-2" (up to two octaves down) through +2" (up to two octaves up).





To change the Octave for the PIANO Section only, use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to "PLAY Mode - PIANO Section - OCTAVE" and use the [VALUE] knob to change the Octave. The display will show the current Octave setting.

NOTE: You can select "-2" (up to two octaves down) through +2" (up to two octaves up).

tips DIFFERENCE BETWEEN PIANO AND ENSEMBLE

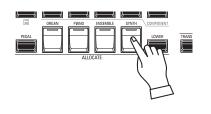
The PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections contain the same voices; however, to make registration of certain types of sounds easier, the inbuilt voices are separated into PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections. The PIANO Section consists of Category buttons appropriate for keyboard and other Percussion voices, while the ENSEMBLE Section consists of voices such as Strings, Choir, Wind instruments, Synth voices and other primarily instrumental and vocal sounds. However, all inbuilt voices can be played from either the PIANO or ENSEMBLE Categories - if desired, the PIANO Section can play Strings, the ENSEMBLE Category can play Electric Piano, and so on.

USING MONO SYNTH PATCHES

MONO SYNTH Patches are explained in detail starting below.

ALLOCATING THE SECTION TO THE KEYBOARD





PLAY Mode (Mono Synth)

If the LED on the [SYNTH] button in the [ALLOCATE] button group is not "red," press the [SYNTH] button. The LED will light red.

NOTE: If only the MONO SYNTH Section is active (no other [ALLOCATE] buttons lit), the PLAY Mode will display only the MONO SYNTH Parameters.

NOTE: See page 54 for instructions on allocating a Section to another Keyboard.

RECALLING A PATCH

For this example, recall MONO SYNTH Patch F048 ("4th Saw Ld").

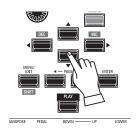
1 MOVE THE CURSOR TO THE MONO SYNTH PATCH NUMBER



PLAY Mode (General)

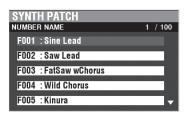


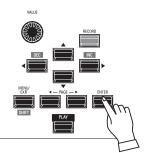
PLAY Mode (Mono Synth)



Use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to the MONO SYNTH Patch Number.

2 OPEN THE PATCH LIST

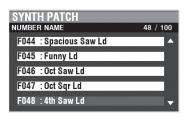


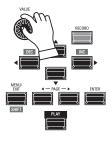


The Patch List allows you to scroll through the Patches quickly to find the Patch you want.

With the cursor highlighting the Patch Number, press [ENTER] to open the Patch List. You will see a screen similar to the one shown at the left.

3 SELECT THE PATCH





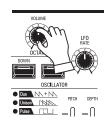
Use the [VALUE] knob to scroll through the Patch List.

For this example, when you have located Patch F048 ("4th Saw Ld"), press either the [PLAY] or [ENTER] button to return from Patch List to PLAY Mode.

NOTE: You can also use the PAGE [◀]/[▶] buttons to scroll through the Patch List.

ADJUSTING THE VOLUME



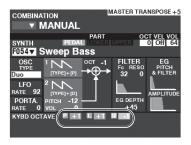


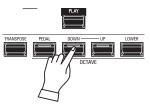
Use the [VOLUME] knob in the MONO SYNTH Section to adjust the volume.

NOTE: You can also adjust the volume of the MONO SYNTH Section in the PLAY screen by moving the cursor to "VOL" (right side of screen) and turning the [VALUE] knob.

NOTE: The word "MANUAL" is explained in more detail on page 29.

CHANGING THE OCTAVE

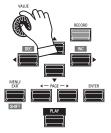




To change the Octave of the entire UPPER Keyboard (all Sections), press the OCTAVE [UP] or [DOWN] button. The display will show the current Octave setting.

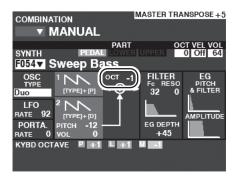
NOTE: You can select"-2" (up to two octaves down) through +2" (up to two octaves up).

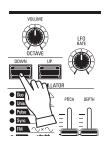




To change the Octave for the MONO SYNTH Section only, use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to "PLAY Mode - MONO SYNTH Section - OCTAVE" and use the [VALUE] knob to change the Octave. The display will show the current Octave setting.

NOTE: You can select"-2" (up to two octaves down) through +2" (up to two octaves up).



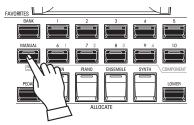


To change the Octave of the Oscillator, press the OCTAVE [UP] or [DOWN] buttons in the MONO SYNTH Section. The display will show the current Octave setting.

NOTE: You can select "-2" (up to two octaves down) through +2" (up to two octaves up).

These pages show an example of how to create a MONO SYNTH Patch.

SELECT [MANUAL]

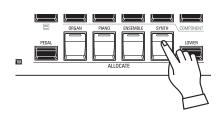


Normally, one of the [FAVORITE] buttons is "ON" (LED lit), indicating that a Combination has been selected. However, if you want to deselect Combinations and use the front panel controls entirely to control the sound, turn the [MANUAL] button "ON." The [FAVORITE] buttons will all turn "OFF" and all sounds and features of the SKX PRO will be controlled by the front panel controls as well as by the Advanced Feature settings from the Menus.

INITIALIZE "MANUAL"

Some Menu Parameters may not be set the way you wish even if [MANUAL] is selected. If you encounter this, you can initialize the MANUAL Parameters (P. 29).

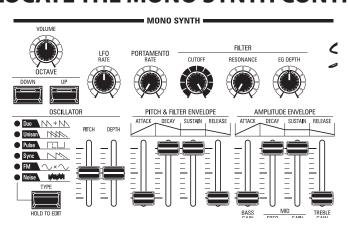
ALLOCATE THE SECTION TO THE KEYBOARD



Press the [SYNTH] button in the [ALLOCATE] button group "ON." The LED will light and the SYNTH Section will play from the UPPER keyboard.

NOTE: Allocating the Section to the other keyboard ⇒ P. 54

LOCATE THE MONO SYNTH CONTROLS



Use the controls in the MONO SYNTH portion of the Control Panel to create a MONO SYNTH Patch.

NOTE: For maximum ease of operation, set the MONO SYNTH knobs and slider controls in the positions shown on the illustration at left.

ADJUST THE VOLUME



Use the [VOLUME] knob in the MONO SYNTH Section to adjust the volume of the MONO SYNTH. Turn to the right to increase the volume and to the left to decrease the volume.

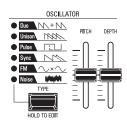
CHANGING THE OCTAVE



To change the Octave for the MONO SYNTH Section only, use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to "PLAY Mode - MONO SYNTH Section - OCTAVE" and use the [VALUE] knob to change the Octave. The display will show the current Octave setting.

To change the Octave of the <u>Oscillator</u>, press the OCTAVE [UP] or [DOWN] buttons in the MONO SYNTH Section. The display will show the current Octave setting.

SELECT AN OSCILLATOR



SELECT THE WAVEFORM (OSCILLATOR TYPE)

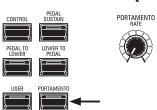
Use the [OSC TYPE] button to select the basic waveform.

ADJUST THE WAVEFORM (MODIFY)

Use the [PITCH] and [DEPTH] sliders to modify the Pitch and Depth of the waveform you have selected.

NOTE: The Oscillator Types are explained in more detail on page 53.

SLIDE THE PITCH (PORTAMENTO)



Use the PORTAMENTO [RATE] knob to adjust the rate of the Portamento.

NOTE: In order to hear the PORTAMENTO effect, both the [PORTAMENTO] button and the Portamento Patch Parameter must be "ON."

tips PORTAMENTO

"Portamento" allows you to slide smoothly from one note to another. It is often used in vocal performances or on instruments such as violin or trombone.

ADJUST THE BRIGHTNESS (FILTER)



PITCH & FILTER ENVELOPE

[CUTOFF] knob

This allows you to adjust the Cutoff Frequency of the filter, making the sound either brighter or more mellow.

② [RESONANCE] knob

This allows you to add coloration to the sound by emphasizing the Cutoff Frequency.

[EG DEPTH] knob

This allows you to adjust how the Cutoff Frequency is modulated by the Pitch & Filter Envelope.

CHANGING THE SOUND OVER TIME (ENVELOPE)

The Envelope Generator allow you to change the sound over time.

Amplitude...... Adjust the [AMPLITUDE] Envelope.

Filter Adjust the [PITCH&FILTER] Envelope, and set the changing depth ([EG DEPTH]) in the FILTER group.



This allows you to adjust the rate at which the value rises from zero to maximum, beginning when a key is first pressed.

② [DECAY] slider

This allows you to adjust the rate at which the value changes from the Attack level to the Sustain level.

③ [SUSTAIN] slider

This allows you to adjust the final level when a key is depressed and held.

② [RELEASE] slider

This allows you to adjust the rate at which the value decays to zero when a key is released.

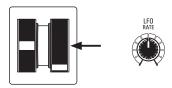
ADDING PERIODIC CHANGING (LFO)

AMPLITUDE ENVELOPE

ATTACE

RELEASE

RELEASE



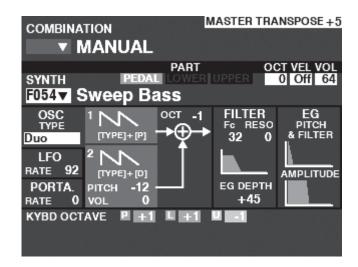
Use the LFO (Low Frequency Oscillator) to add periodic audio effects such as Vibrato or Tremolo.

NOTE: In the default state, you can use the [MODULATION] wheel to control the LFO.
Also, you can change various characteristics of the LFO such as Waveform, etc.
See the Owner's Manual for more details.

ADDING EFFECTS

You can add Multi Effects such as Chorus, Delay, Overdrive, etc., to the MONO SYNTH sound. This is explained in more detail under "Setting the Parameters" - "Mono Synth."

SHOWING CURRENT SETTINGS



When you are in PLAY Mode, a page similar to the one shown at left will display if the MONO SYNTH Section only is selected via the [ALLOCATE] button or by repeatedly touching the [PLAY] button.

NOTE: The MANUAL feature is explained in more detail on page 29.

WHAT IS AN "OSCILLATOR?"

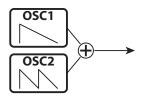
An <u>Oscillator</u> is the basic sound-producing unit of a synthesizer. There are several different types which produce different waveforms having different harmonic structures. These in turn can be manipulated in various ways to produce a wide variety of different musical effects.

The MONO SYNTH on the SKX PRO follows the pattern of classic analog synthesizers. "Mono" is an abbreviation for "Monophonic," meaning that this Voice Section plays one note at a time. If multiple notes are played on the keyboard, only one note will sound. The Oscillator types available on the SKX PRO are explained starting on the next page.

OSCILLATOR TYPES AND CHARACTERISTICS

The SKX PRO has 6 audio oscillator settings which can be manipulated to produce a wide variety of tones. These are explained starting below.

Duo



This setting utilizes two different pitched Oscillators. OSC1 sounds at "true pitch," while OSC2 can be transposed up or down by one (1) octave in half-step increments. If the OSC2 LEVEL is set to "0," only OSC1 will sound.

This Oscillator type is useful for Bass, Lead and "chord" effects.

Parameter	Control	Description
OSC2 PITCH	PITCH	Shift the OSC2 pitch (-12 ~ 0 ~ +12 by semitones)
OSC2 VOLUME	DEPTH	Volume of the OSC2 (0 ~ 127)
OSC1 WAVE	[TYPE] +	Waveform of the OSC1 (Sawtooth, Square, Saw+Sqr)
	PITCH	-
OSC2 WAVE	[TYPE] +	Waveform of the OSC2 (same as above)
	DEPTH	

Unison



This setting utilizes from one to seven Oscillators, one of which can be detuned against the other. It can be used for celeste, chorus, or other purposely "out-of-tune" effects.

Parameter	Control	Description
DETUNE	PITCH	Detune depth (0 ~ 127)
NUMBER	DEPTH	Numbers of Oscillators (1 ~ 7)
OSC1 WAVE	[TYPE] +	Waveform of the OSC1 (Sawtooth, Square, Saw+Sqr)
	PITCH	
UNISON WAVE	[TYPE] +	Waveform of the OSC2 (same as above)
	DEPTH	

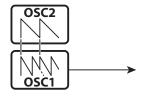
Pulse



A Pulse (or rectangular) waveform has a variable width known as the "duty cycle." The sound can be modified by changing the pulse width or duty cycle. For example, a duty cycle of 50% will produce a clarinet-like sound while a duty cycle of 6% will yield a bright, brass-like tone quality.

Parameter		Description
PULSE WIDTH	PITCH	Pulse Width (0 ~ 127 as 50 ~ 90 [%])
MOD DEPTH	DEPTH	Depth of the Pulse Width Modulation (0 ~ 127)
MOD SOURCE	[TYPE] +	Modulating source (Pitch EG, LFO, Note)
	DEPTH	_

Sync



This setting utilizes two Oscillators which synchronize against each other to produce overtone effects.

Parameter	Control	Description
OSC1 PITCH	PITCH	Detune depth of the OSC1 (0 ~ 127)
MOD DEPTH	DEPTH	Modulation depth of the OSC1 (0 ~ 127)
MOD	[TYPE] +	Modulating source (Pitch EG, LFO, Note)
SOURCE	DEPTH	

FM



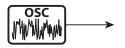
This setting utilizes two Oscillators or "operators." OSC1 is is the "carrier tone" and OSC2 is the "modulating tone. You can use this to create both "harmonic" and "inharmonic" tonal effects.

Adjusting the OSC2 pitch **down** ctreates wind-instrument sounds such as flute, brass,etc., while adjust the OSC2 pitch **up** is suitable for bell-like or "metallic" tones.

Setting the FB (feedback) at "Half" allows you to create string-type tones while "Full" is useful for unpitched or "noisy" tones.

Parameter	Control	Description
OSC2 PITCH	PITCH	Multiply of the OSC2 (0.5, 1 ~ 16)
MOD DEPTH	DEPTH	Modulation depth OSC2 to OSC1 (0 ~ 127)
FEEDBACK	[TYPE] + DEPTH	Feedback Level (Off, Half, Full)

Noise



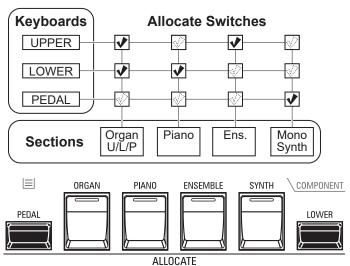
This setting creates unpitched sounds or "noise." The sound changes from "noise" to "random pitched tones" by controlling the sampling rate.

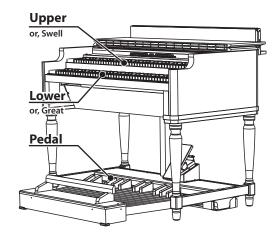
A high sampling rate creates "seashore" type effects, a slightly lower rate yields a "noisy percussion," and a still lower rate creates effects suggestive of a "retro sience fiction movie."

Parameter	Control	Description
SMPL FREQ	PITCH	Sampling Rate (0 ~ 127)
MOD DEPTH	DEPTH	Modulation depth to the sampling rate (0 ~ 127)
NOISE TYPE	[TYPE] +	Noise color (Red, Pink, White)
	PITCH	
MOD	[TYPE] +	Modulating source (Pitch EG, LFO, Note)
SOURCE	DEPTH	

You can play in a variety of different styles by allocating the 4 Sections to each keyboard. This is explained in more detail starting below.

SECTIONS AND KEYBOARDS





The SKX PRO contains 4 Sections - ORGAN, PIANO, ENSEMBLE and MONO SYNTH. These can be played by turning the [ALLOCATE] button for each Section "ON." In addition, the ORGAN Section has 3 Parts - UPPER, LOWER and PEDAL to replicate the performance of a classic Hammond Organ with two manuals and pedals.

ALLOCATING THE SECTIONS

UPPER......Press the [ALLOCATE] button for the desired Section "ON." The LED will light red.

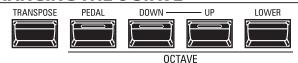
LOWER.....Press and Hold the [LOWER] button and press the [ALLOCATE] button for the desired Section "ON." The LED will light green.

PEDAL.....Press and Hold the [PEDAL] button and press the [ALLOCATE] button for the desired Section "ON." The LED will light green while the [PEDAL] button is pressed.



The [ORGAN SOLO] button turns all Parts of the Organ Section "ON," and turns other Sections "OFF." This allows you to turn the SKX PRO into a vintage 2-keyboards-and-pedal Hammond Organ instantly with one button press.

CHANGING THE OCTAVE



To change the Octave for each keyboard,

UPPER.......Press the OCTAVE [DOWN] or [UP] button.

LOWER......Press and Hold the [LOWER] button and press the OCTAVE [DOWN] or [UP]

PEDAL.......Press and Hold the [PEDAL] button and press the OCTAVE [DOWN] or [UP] button.

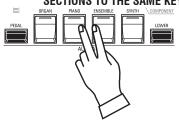
The current Octave setting is shown in the display. The button LEDs on the buttons will light if the Octave setting is not "0."

NOTE: You can set the Octave for each section. This is explained in more detail on page 78.

tips [ORGAN] BUTTON LIGHTS ORANGE

The ORGAN Section can be allocated to multiple keyboards. In this case, the LED in the [ALLOCATE] button in the ORGAN Section will light orange.

tips ALLOCATING TWO OR MORE SECTIONS TO THE SAME KEYBOARD



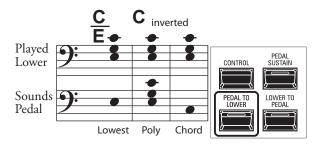
Press the desired Section buttons simultaneously. The above figure shows switching on both PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections.

tips RETURN FROM ORGAN SOLO

If you press the [ORGAN SOLO] button "OFF" after pressing it to turn it "ON," the instrument will return to however it was set before [ORGAN SOLO] was turned "ON."

If you record a Combination with the [ORGAN SOLO] "ON," the current Sections Allocation will recorded as [ORGAN SOLO] is at "OFF."

PEDAL TO LOWER

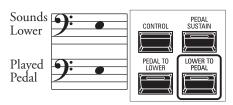


The **PEDAL TO LOWER** feature allows you to play the PEDAL Part from the LOWER Keyboard.

To engage PEDAL TO LOWER, press the [PEDAL TO LOWER] button so the LED lights "ON."

NOTE: You can adjust the setting of the PEDAL TO LOWER feature. This is explained in more detail on page 78.

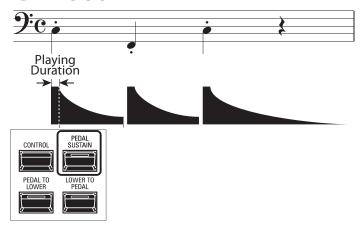
LOWER TO PEDAL



The **LOWER TO PEDAL** feature allows you to play the LOWER Part from the MIDI Pedalboard.

To engage LOWER TO PEDAL, press the [PEDAL TO LOWER] button so the LED lights "ON."

PEDAL SUSTAIN



The SKX PRO incorporates a feature called <u>Pedal Sustain</u>. When this feature is active, the Pedal tones will smoothly decay upon release, much in the manner of a string bass.

To engage PEDAL SUSTAIN, press the [PEDAL SUSTAIN] button so the LED lights "ON."

NOTE: You can adjust the condition of the PEDAL SUSTAIN feature. This is explained in more detail on page 78.

tips DIFFERENCE BETWEEN "ALLOCATE" AND "PEDAL TO LOWER"

When you allocate a Section to Lower, it works as typically keyboard instrument as same as Upper.

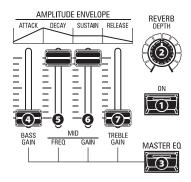
The PEDAL TO LOWER features for "sounding bass note with chord playing."

You can sounding the Pedal part for lowest note or root note of the chord, and ranging the Pedal part for playing by both hands on the keyboard.

NOTE: The Parameters described on this page are Combination Parameters, meaning that different settings can be Recorded to different Combinations.

56 ADJUSTING THE SOUND DURING PERFORMANCE

There are a number of adjustments you can make to the sound during performance. This is explained in more detail starting below.



REVERB

REVERB (or Reverberation) is the prolongation or persistence of sound caused by sound bouncing or reflecting off of hard surfaces such as floors, walls or ceilings. It is measurable by the interval of time required for the sound to decay to inaudibility after the source of the sound has been stopped.

The SKX PRO has built-in Digital Reverb which allows you to simulate several different acoustic profiles representing different sizes and types of enclosures.

• [REVERB ON] button (Co)

This allows you to turn Reverb "ON" (LED lit) and "OFF."

② [REVERB DEPTH] knob (Co)

This allows you to adjust the overall depth of the entire Reverb effect.

NOTE: You can adjust the Reverb Level for the ORGAN, PIANO, ENSEMBLE and MONO SYNTH Sections separately. This is explained in more detail on page 77.

NOTE: You can adjust the Reverb Type for the ORGAN and PIANO/ ENSEMBLE/MONO SYNTH Sections separately. This is explained in more detail on page 77.

NOTE: These Parameters are marked "Co," meaning they are Combination Parameters.

MASTER EQUALIZER

The Master Equalizer allows you to adjust the overall tonal quality for all Voice Sections of the entire instrument.

③ [MASTER EQ ON] button (Sys)

To enable the Master Equalizer, press the [MASTER EQ] button "ON." The LED will light.

The Master Equalizer Parameters can be adjusted in the MASTER EQUALIZER Page in depth by Press and Hold this button (P. 117).

- [BASS GAIN] slider (Sys)
- **⑤** [MID FREQUENCY] slider (Sys)
- 6 [MID GAIN] slider (Sys)
- [TREBLE GAIN] slider (Sys)



You can adjust the Master Equalizer Parameters by Press and Hold the [MASTER EQ] button and moving the AMPLITUDE ENVELOPE Slider Controls in the MONO SYNTH section (see the illustration at the top of this page).

The pop-up screen shown above will display while adjusting the Master Equalizer Parameters.

In addition, each Section has an EQUALIZER Page in its FUNCTION Mode if you wish to adjust the tone quality of an individual Section (P. 116).

NOTE: This Parameters are marked "Sys," meaning they are System Parameters common to all Combinations and Patches.

NOTE: The MASTER EQUALIZER Parameters are
System Parameters. You must Record
these Parameters if you want their
settings to be remembered the next
time the instrument is turned "ON." See
page143 for instructions on how to do
this.

These Parameters allows you to shift the musical key and the overall tuning of the entire instrument.

TRANSPOSING THE ENTIRE KEYBOARD

TRANSPOSE will step either up or down six (6) semitones or half-steps from the center position. This is useful if you have a piece of music written in one key but which needs to sound in another key. The TRANSPOSE feature consists of the [TRANSPOSE] button, plus the [DOWN] and [UP] buttons to the right of the [TRANSPOSE] button. The [DOWN] button allows you to transpose lower and the [UP] button allows you to transpose higher.



● [TRANSPOSE] button

- To raise the pitch, press the [UP] button, while holding down the [TRANSPOSE] button.
- To lower the pitch, press the [DOWN] button, while holding down the [TRANSPOSE] button.



In the above example, the TRANSPOSE value is set at "+5" - if a "C" key is depressed, a note five (5) half-steps higher will sound ("F").

When performing this operation, the status of the transposition is shown in the display. The [TRANSPOSE] LED will light "ON" if the value is not "0."

NOTE: The MANUAL feature is explained in more detail on page 29.

WHAT IS AFFECTED BY THE TRANSPOSE FUNCTION?

TRANSPOSE will affect:

- 1. The internal sounds of the instrument.
- 2. MIDI IN Note Data.
- 3. MIDI Note Data sent OUT to the External Zones.

NOTE: Though TRANSPOSE is a System parameter, when the power to the instrument is turned "OFF," it resets to 0. And it does not recorded to a Combination.

NOTE: You can select whether Transpose changes while notes are being held or when the next note is pressed after releasing the notes being held.

See thier Owner's Manual for more details.

MASTER TUNE

This Parameter changes the overall tuning pitch of the entire instrument. The reference pitch is "A=440[Hz]." The selectable range is from "A=430" through "A=450."

1 LOCATE "MASTER TUNE"



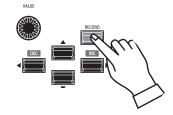
- 1. From the PLAY Mode, press the [MENU/EXIT] button to enter MENU Mode.
- 2. Press the [▶] button two times to locate the SYSTEM Menu. "SOUND" should be highlighted.
- 3. Press the [ENTER] button to see the MASTER TUNE page.

2 SELECT THE VALUE



Use the VALUE Rotary Control to the right to raise the pitch. Use the VALUE Rotary Control to the left to lower the pitch.

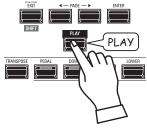
3 RECORD THE SETTING



You can Record this setting to be remembered the next time the power is turned "ON." To do this:

- 1. Press the red [RECORD] button from the MASTER TUNE page. You will see "System" highlighted.
- 2. Press the [ENTER] button. The MASTER TUNE Parameter has been Recorded.

4 RETURN TO PLAY MODE

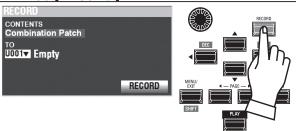


Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY Mode.

RECORDING EXAMPLE: BUNDLE

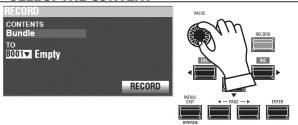
To Record the current settings to a BUNDLE, do the following:

1 PRESS [RECORD]



Press the red [RECORD] button at each Section or Combination page. The screen shown above will appear.

2 SELECT THE CONTENT



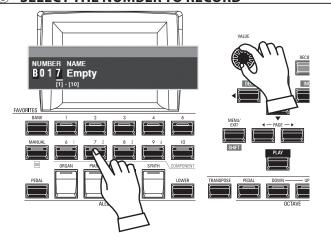
Use the [VALUE] knob to select the content to Record.

For this example, select **Bundle**, which Records multiple contents simultaneously.

NOTE: Combinations, Patches and Voice Sections are explained starting on pages 73 and 129.

NOTE: If edits have been made to a Combination or Patch, an "E" will appear to the right of the CONTENTS icon.

3 SELECT THE NUMBER TO RECORD

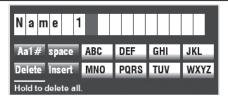


Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to "TO."

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the number to Record, or use the numbered [FAVORITE] buttons to type in the number as shown above and press the [ENTER] button.

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the [RECORD] icon, and press the [ENTER] button. The Naming screen will display.

4 NAME THE CUSTOM SETTING



Enter the Name.

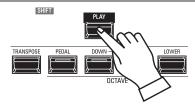
After you are finished Naming, press the [ENTER] button. The message shown below will display for approximately 1 second:

Recording...

NOTE: Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Record, press the [MENU/EXIT] or [PLAY] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

5 RETURN TO PLAY MODE



Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY Mode.

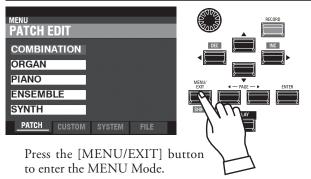
tips RECORDING METHOD

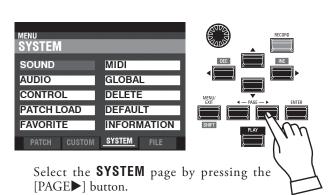
Each portion of the SKX PRO is Recorded separately. **Combination** Records Combination Parameters and Voices. **Bundle** Records Combination Parameters as well as ORGAN and MONO SYNTH Patches simultaneously. **Patch** Records changes to individual Patches and **Custom** Records Tone Wheel Organs, Leslie Cabinets, Pedal Registrations and Pipe Organs. If you wish to Record the entire contents of the instrument, you can save them as a Setup.

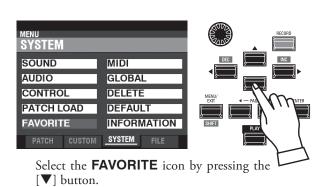
To make Recording BUNDLEs easier, do the following:

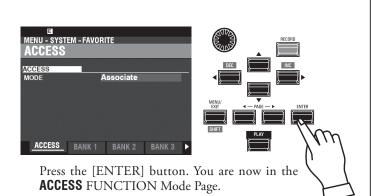
SET THE ACCESS MODE AT "BUNDLE"

1 LOCATE THE EDIT PAGE

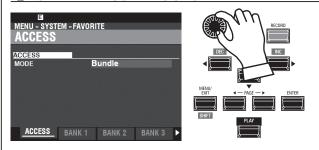






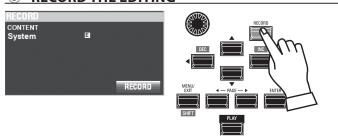


2 SET THE MODE AT BUNDLE

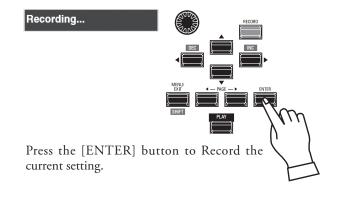


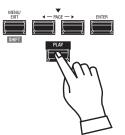
Turn the [VALUE] knob to set the MODE at "Bundle."

3 RECORD THE EDITING



Press the [RECORD] button to open the "RECORD" dialog box.





Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY mode.

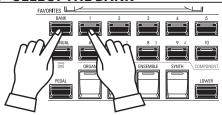
The next page explains how to Record and recall your BUNDLEs.

NOTE: See page 140 for a fuller explanation of the ACCESS FUNC-TION Mode Page.

RECORDING THE CURRENT SETTINGS TO A BUNDLE

You can record up to 100 BUNDLEs from "1-1" to "10-10." The first digits are the BANK Number and the last digits are the BUNDLE Number. The first and last digits are separated by a hyphen.

1 SELECT THE BANK

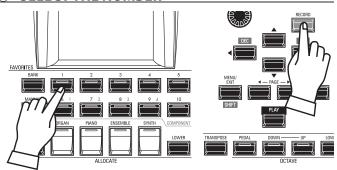


Press and Hold the [BANK] button and press a [NUMBER] button to select a "BANK."

NOTE: You can skip this step if you want to record to the Bank already selected (shown following "FAV." on the display).

The LEDs of the [NUMBER] buttons will all flash.

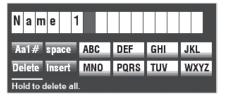
2 SELECT THE NUMBER



Press and Hold the [RECORD] button and press a [NUMBER] button to record as "NUMBER." This is where your setting will be stored.

The NAME dialog box will open.

3 EDIT THE NAME



Enter the Name.

After you are finished Naming, press the [ENTER] button.

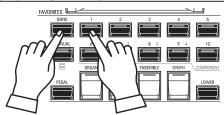
PATCH
BO01 MANUAL
BANK 1 NUMBER 1
Recording...

The message shown above will display for approximately 1 second.

RECALL A BUNDLE

To recall a BUNDLE you have Recorded, do the following:

1 SELECT THE BANK

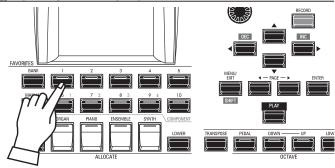


Press and Hold the [BANK] button and press a [NUMBER] button to select a "BANK."

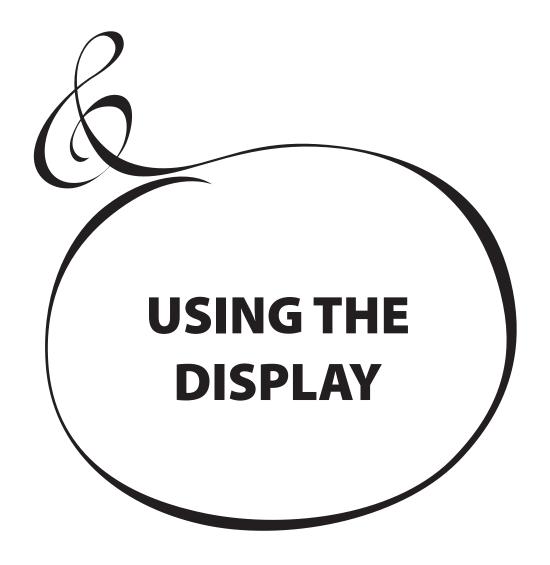
NOTE: You can skip this step if you want to recall the Bank already selected (shown following "FAV." on the display).

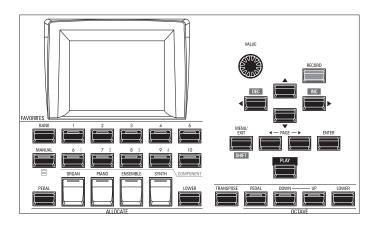
The LEDs of the [NUMBER] buttons will all flash.

② SELECT THE NUMBER

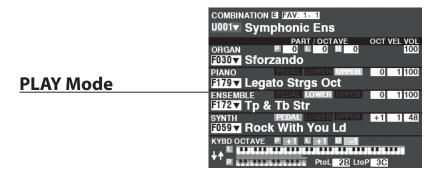


Press a [NUMBER] button to recall the "NUMBER." The BANK and NUMBER have been selected and the selected BUNDLE will be recalled.

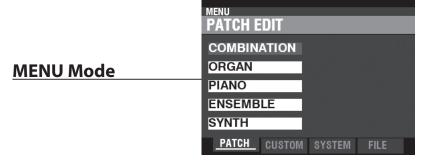




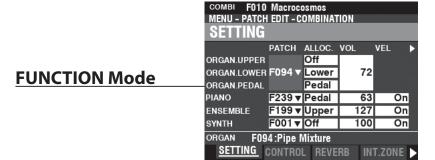
The display has three (3) Modes - PLAY Mode, MENU Mode and FUNCTION Mode. The next pages explain how to read the display in each Mode.



The PLAY Mode allows you to see or modify the current basic settings such as Drawbar settings, Combination Numbers, Patch Numbers and other information.



The MENU Mode allows you to see the different FUNCTION Modes where you can customize the instrument.



The FUNCTION Mode allows you to change specific Parameters within each MENU Mode.

The PLAY Mode is the normal performance mode. The information necessary for ordinary performance will be displayed.

TO LOCATE THIS MODE:

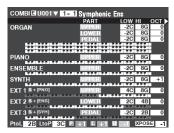
The PLAY Mode is automatically displayed when the instrument is first powered "ON" and the opening screen disappears. Press the [PLAY] button if another mode is displayed.

PLAY MODES









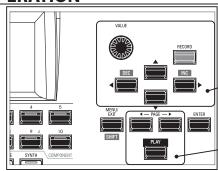
General

ORGAN Section

MONO SYNTH Section

Zones

OPERATION

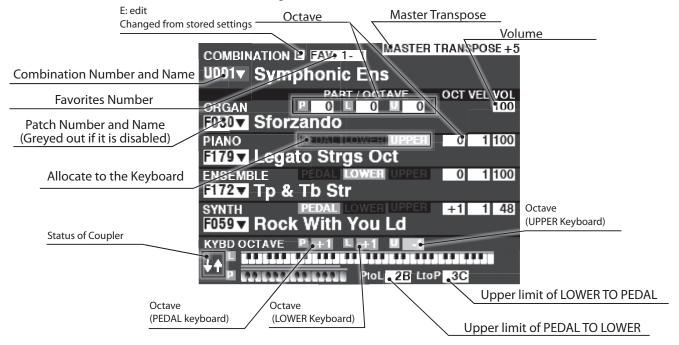


Each PLAY Mode allows you to select the Combinations or Patches and adjust the Parameters most frequently used.

The PLAY Modes are selected by the [PLAY] or PAGE $[\blacktriangleleft]/[\blacktriangleright]$ buttons.

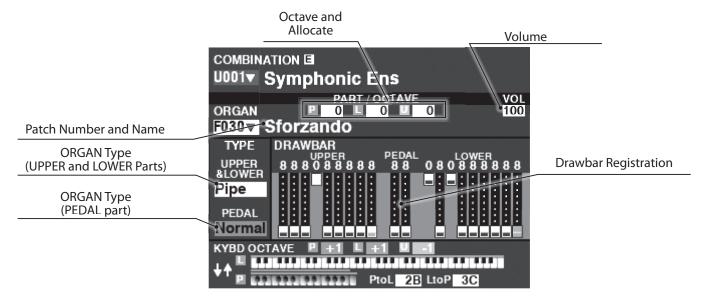
HOW TO READ THE DISPLAY (GENERAL)

When two or more Sections are "ON," the Names will be highlighted in the display. If a Section is "OFF" ([ALLOCATE] button LED not lit), the Name will still display but will be "greyed out." In addition, Parameters such as Octave, etc., will only display if their values are different from their default settings.



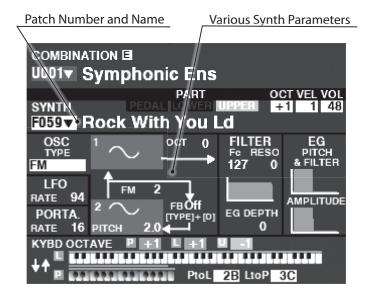
HOW TO READ THE DISPLAY (ORGAN Section)

If only the ORGAN Section is used (ORGAN [ALLOCATE] button "ON"), a screen similar to the one below will display.



HOW TO READ THE DISPLAY (MONO SYNTH Section)

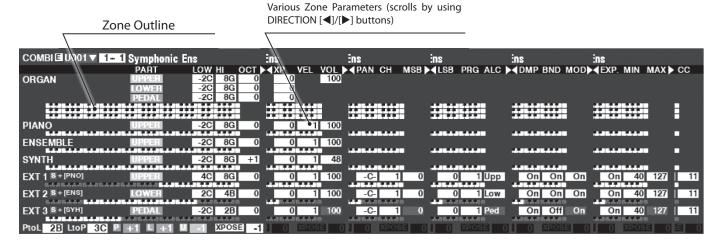
If only the MONO SYNTH Section is used (SYNTH [ALLOCATE] button "ON"), a screen similar to the one below will display.



NOTE: Many MONO SYNTH parameters are not listed. See page 100 for more details.

HOW TO READ THE DISPLAY (ZONES)

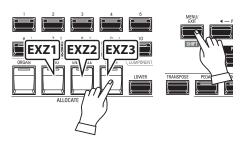
To locate this PLAY mode, press the [PLAY] or PAGE[◀]/[▶] buttons several times.



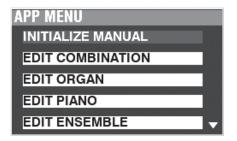
The Internal Zones and the External Zones are advanced features for controlling internal sound engine or external MIDI equipment. See "Combination" of the page 74 for details.

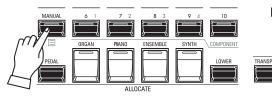
When the [ZONE] Play Page is displayed, you can select whether you want each External Zone to transmit MIDI data by Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and pressing the [PIANO], [ENSEMBLE] or [SYNTH] buttons to turn MIDI transmission "ON" or "OFF" for each External Zone (see the illustration on the right).

To allocate a Zone to the LOWER or PEDAL, operating with Press and Hold [LOWER] or [PEDAL] buttons. For example, to allocate the External Zone 3 to the PEDAL, Press and Hold both [SHIFT] and [PEDAL], press the [SYNTH] button and LED lights at green.



APP (APPLICATION) MENU





The APP (Application) Menu allows you to select various Menu Pages quickly or using special function. To display the APP Menu:

- 1. Select a PLAY Mode.
- 2. Press and Release the [≡] button. The following Menu options will display:

INITIALIZE [MANUAL]Initialize the MANUAL Parameters.

EDIT COMBINATIONEnter the Combination edit page.

EDIT ORGANEnter the Organ edit page.

EDIT PIANOEnter the Piano edit page.

EDIT ENSEMBLEEnter the Ensemble edit page.

EDIT SYNTH..... Enter the Mono Synth edit page. **DELETE COMBINATION.....** Delete the selected Combination.

To select an option:

- 1. Use the DIRECTION $[\blacktriangle]/[\blacktriangledown]$ buttons to highlight the option you want.
- 2. Press the [ENTER] button to select the desired option.

NOTE: The "MANUAL" feature is explained in more detail on page 29.

MENU MODE

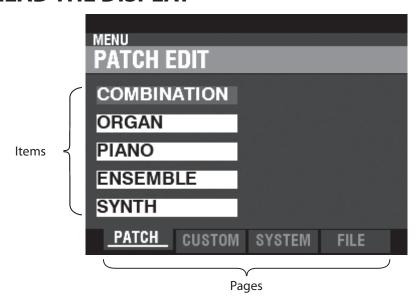
As explained earlier, the MENU Mode allows you to see the different FUNCTION Modes where you can customize the instrument.

To locate this mode:

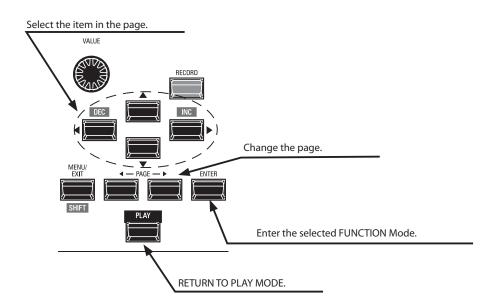
Press the [MENU/EXIT] button.

The MENU Mode has four Pages. Use the PAGE [◀]/[▶] buttons to scroll through the Pages, select the item using the DIRECTION buttons, and the [ENTER] button to enter the desired FUNCTION Mode.

HOW TO READ THE DISPLAY



OPERATION IN THIS MODE



MENU MODE CONTENTS

PATCH

1. COMBINATION (P. 74)

This allows you to edit the current Combination.

2. ORGAN

This allows you to edit the current ORGAN Patch.

3. PIANO

This allows you to edit the current PIANO Patch.

4. ENSEMBLE

This allows you to edit the current ENSEMBLE Patch.

5. SYNTH

This allows you to edit the current MONO SYNTH Patch.

CUSTOM

1. TONE WHEEL (P. 120)

This allows you to edit the characteristics of the Tone Wheel Organ.

2. **PEDAL REG. (P. 123)**

This allows you to edit the harmonics used by the Pedal Drawbars of the Tone Wheel Organ.

3. **LESLIE (P. 124)**

This allows you to edit the inbuilt digital Leslie.

4. PIPE (P. 126)

This allows you to select and edit each Pipe Organ Stop.

SYSTEM

1. **SOUND (P. 130)**

This allows you to adjust Master Tune, Transpose, and Master Equalizer.

2. AUDIO (P. 131)

This allows you to adjust the audio configuration between Voice Sections and output jacks.

3. **CONTROL (P. 132)**

This allows you to adjust the Parameters for the various controllers such as Foot Switch, Expression Pedal, Display and Keyboard.

4. PATCH LOAD (P. 139)

This allows you to select which contents are loaded when a Combination is selected.

5. **FAVORITE (P. 140)**

Allows you select and edit Favorites.

6. MIDI (P. 158)

This allows you to adjust MIDI Channels, and various messages for the MIDI port and the USB MIDI.

7. GLOBAL (P. 142)

This allows you to adjust the Auto Power Off time and select USB Mass Storage.

8. **DELETE (P. 144)**

This allows you to delete "U" (User) contents.

9. **DEFAULT (P. 145)**

This allows you to initialize all or part of the SKX PRO to factory settings.

10. INFORMATION (P. 146)

This allows you to see which jacks on the Rear Panel are currently

active and which version of software is currently installed. Also allows you to update the software.

FILE

1. LOAD (P. 167)

This allows you to Load Setups, Patches or Custom File from either an external data storage device such as a USB Flash Drive or the Internal Memory into the instrument.

2. SAVE (P. 166)

This allows you to Save Setups, Patches or Custom Files to either an external data storage device such as a USB Flash Drive or the Internal Memory into the instrument.

3. **DELETE (P. 168)**

This allows you to Delete Setups, Patches or Custom Files, from either an external data storage device such as a USB Flash Drive or from the Internal Memory of the instrument.

4. FORMAT (P. 163)

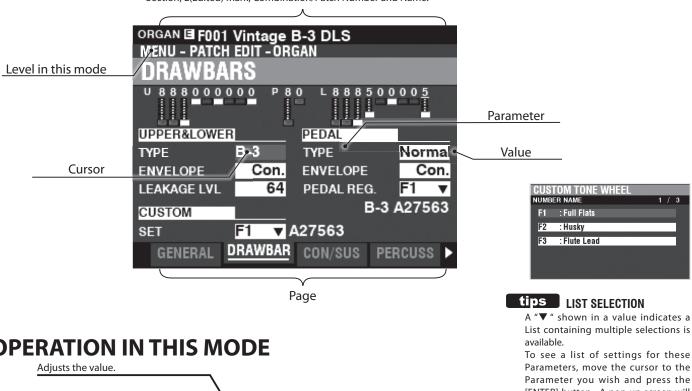
This allows you to initialize either an external data storage device such as a USB Flash Drive or the Internal Memory of the instrument.

FUNCTION MODE

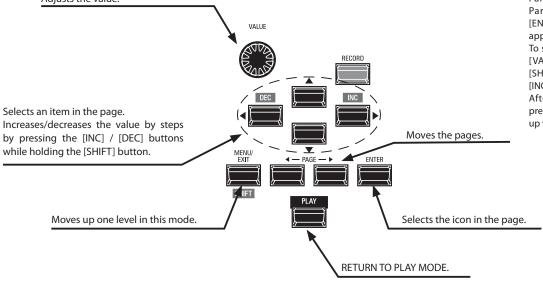
The FUNCTION Mode allows you to see and adjust the various Parameters. This is explained in more detail starting below.

HOW TO READ THE DISPLAY

Section, E(Edited) Mark, Combination/Patch Number and Name.



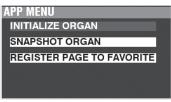
OPERATION IN THIS MODE



[ENTER] button. A pop-up screen will appear showing the available options. To select the option you wish, turn the [VALUE] knob or Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and press the [DEC] or [INC] buttons.

After you have made your selection, press the [ENTER] button and the popup will close.

APP (APPLICATION) MENU



The PLAY Mode and several of the FUNCTION Mode Pages contain an additional APP Menu which you can use to access various functions quickly.

Press the [≡] button to see the APP Menu for the FUNCTION Modes.

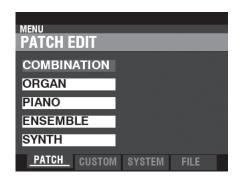
Press and Release the [≡] button to see the APP Menu in PLAY or MANUAL Mode. To select an item in an APP Menu:

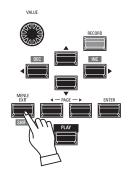
1. Use the $[\blacktriangle]/[\blacktriangledown]$ buttons to highlight the option you want.

2. Press and Release the [ENTER] button to select the desired option.

EXAMPLE OF OPERATION

1 GO TO THE MENU MODE

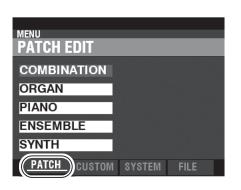


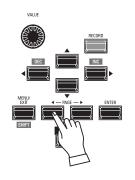


This example will show you how to adjust the Percussion Decay Time when the [FAST] button is selected.

Press the [MENU/EXIT] button. The MENU Mode will appear.

2 MOVE THE PAGE IN THE MENU MODE

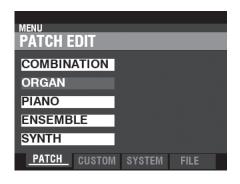


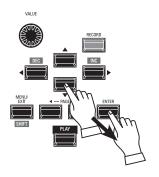


Use the PAGE [◀]/[▶] buttons to select the different Pages in each Menu.

For this example, the PATCH Edit Menu is already displayed so it is not necessary to touch either of the PAGE [◀]/[▶] buttons.

3 SELECT THE ITEM IN THE PAGE



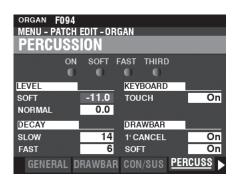


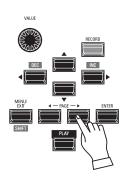
Use the DIRECTION buttons to select the item to edit.

For this example, press the [▼] button to select "ORGAN."

Press the [ENTER] button to select each FUNCTION Mode. For this example, touch [ENTER] after selecting "ORGAN" above.

4 MOVE THE PAGE IN THE FUNCTION MODE

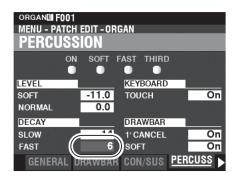


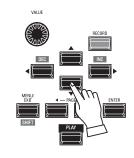


Use the PAGE [◀]/[▶] buttons to select the individual FUNCTION Mode Page you want to edit.

For this example, press the [▶] button three times to select the PERCUSS (Percussion) Menu Page.

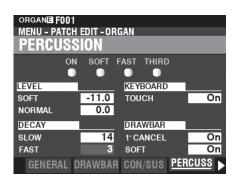
S MOVE THE CURSOR TO THE PARAMETER

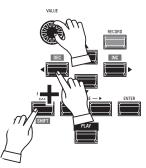




Use the DIRECTION buttons to move the cursor to the Parameter you wish to adjust. For this example, select "DECAY FAST."

6 CHANGE THE VALUE





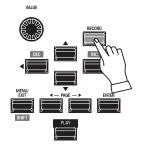
Use the [VALUE] knob to change the selected value. For this example, decrease the value by turning the [VALUE] knob to the left.

NOTE: You can also change values by using the [DEC] / [INC] buttons while Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button.

NOTE: To change other Parameters, repeat steps 1 through 6 above.

7 RECORD THE CONTENT



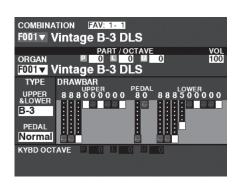


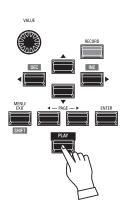
These settings are "temporary," and will not be remembered if another Patch or Combination is selected, or if the instrument is turned "OFE."

To Record your settings:

- 1. Press the red [RECORD] button. You will see the selected item appear in the display ("Organ Patch" in this example).
- 2. Press the [▼] button two times to select RECORD icon and press the [ENTER] button. Your settings have been Recorded.

8 RETURN TO PLAY MODE



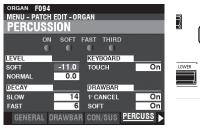


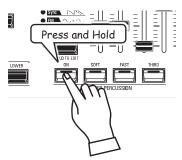
Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY Mode.

To make programming quicker and easier, many of the buttons on the Control Panel can be used to access the FUNCTION Mode associated with that button instantaneously. Press and Hold any of the buttons on the Control Panel automatically "shortcuts" the display to the related FUNCTION Mode.

SHORTCUT EXAMPLE:

LOCATE THE PERCUSSION FUNCTION Mode





If you wish to edit the Percussion settings, Press and Hold any of the four Percussion buttons ([ON], [SOFT], [FAST], or [THIRD]) and the display will immediately show the Percussion FUNCTION Mode.

NOTE: You can change the Display Shortcut time. This is explained in more detail on page 141.

IF YOU FREQUENTLY USE A CERTAIN PAGE...

You can assign a frequently-used FUNCTION Mode to one of the [FAVORITE] buttons for immediate access, even if that particular FUNCTION Mode is not normally accessible via a Shortcut.

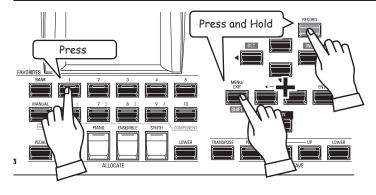
REGISTER

1 LOCATE THE PAGE



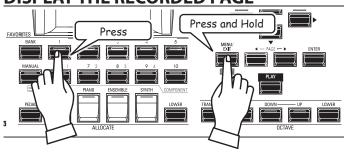
Press the [MENU/EXIT] button to enter MENU Mode and use the DIRECTION and PAGE buttons to locate the specific FUNCTION Mode you want.

2 SET THE FAVORITE NUMBER TO LOAD THE PAGE



- 1. Touch and Hold the [SHIFT] and [RECORD] buttons together.
- 2. While holding the two buttons, touch any of the numbered [FAVORITE] buttons. The display will show, "Recording Assign" for approximately 1 second.

DISPLAY THE RECORDED PAGE



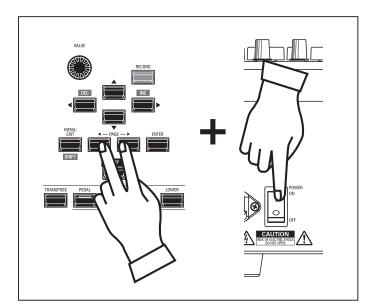
To display the Recorded Page, Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and press the numbered [FAVORITE] button.

LOCKING THE DISPLAY

You can Lock the display in order to prevent accidental changes during live performance, or when more than one musician will be using the same instrument.







To Lock the display, do the following:

- 1. With the SKX PRO power "OFF," Press and Hold the two PAGE [◀][▶] buttons.
- 2. While holding the PAGE buttons, turn the SKX PRO power "ON." Continue to hold the PAGE buttons until "Confirming Display Locked/Unlocked" is shown in the display.

After approximately 5 seconds, "Display Locked" will show at the bottom of the display. You can then release the PAGE buttons.

To Unlock the display, follow the above two steps. You will see "Display Unlocked" in the display.

When the display is Locked:

- 1. [MENU/EXIT] is disabled.
- 2. [RECORD] is disabled.
- 3. The "Shortcut" feature is disabled.
- 4. Combinations and Patches can still be recalled.

NOTE: If the display is Locked, you will see a message in the display when the instrument is first turned "ON:" "Loading...Display Locked."

NOTE: If the display is Locked, holding the red [RECORD] button and applying power will not Unlock it. Follow the procedure described above to Unlock the display.

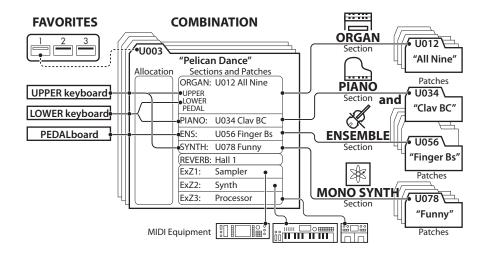


As explained previously, the display on the SKX PRO has three (3) Modes - PLAY Mode, MENU Mode and FUNCTION Mode. This chapter explains how to use FUNCTION Mode to adjust Parameters to customize the instrument.

As explained previously, the four sound-producing Sections of the SKX PRO - ORGAN, PIANO, ENSEMBLE and MONO SYNTH - along with other Parameters such as Control Panel settings, etc., can be combined into a single unit called a **Combination**. This FUNCTION Mode allows you to adjust the Combination Parameters which are included in a Combination.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - PATCH - COMBI - [ENTER]



EDITING PAGES AND PARAMETERS

SETTING (P. 75)

This allows you to adjust the basic Parameters such as Patch or Volume for each Section.

CONTROL (P. 76)

This allows you to select whether each Voice Section receives a Controller value.

REVERB (P. 77)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters for the Reverb.

INTERNAL ZONES (P. 78)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters for the Keyboard Channels for each Section.

EXTERNAL ZONES (P. 78)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters for controlling external MIDI equipment.

APP (APPLICATION) MENU

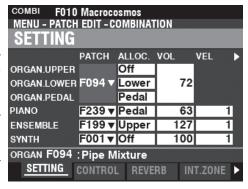
The APP (Application) Menu allows you to select various Menu Pages quickly. To display the APP Menu:

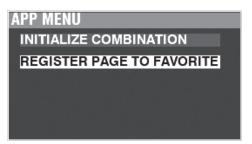
- 1. Select the COMBINATION FUNCTION Mode.
- 2. Press and Release the [≡] button. The Menu option shown to the right will display:

INITIALIZÉ COMBINATION .. Initialize all the Combination Parameters in the current Combination. **REGISTER PAGE TO FAV** Register the current Page to a Favorite.

To select an option:

- 1. Use the $[\blacktriangle]/[\blacktriangledown]$ buttons to highlight the option you want.
- 2. Press the [ENTER] button to select the desired option.





SETTING

) Macrocosmos H EDIT – COMBINATION					Macrocosmos EDIT - COMBINATION			
SETTING				A				8	
	PATCH	ALLGC.	VOL	VEF.	oc 5	XPOSE	KEY.LO	KEY.HI	
ORGAN.UPPER		Off			0	0	-2C	8G	
ORGAN.LOWER	F094 ▼	Lower	72		0	0	-2C	8G	
ORGAN.PEDAL		Pedal			0	0	-2C	8G	
PIANO	F239 ▼	Pedal	63	1	0	0	-2C	8G	
ENSEMBLE	F199 ▼	Upper	127	1	0	0	-2C	8G	
SYNTH	F001 ▼	Off	100	1	0	0	-2C	8G	
ORGAN F094 : Pipe Mixture Pipe Mixture									
SETTING	CONTROL	. REVE	RB IN	T.ZONE	CONTROL	REVE	RB IN	T.ZONE >	

These Pages allow you to adjust the basic Parameters such as Patch or Volume for each Section.

O PATCH

Setting Range: B001 ~ B100 (Bundle)

F001 ~ F100, U001 ~ U100 (Organ / Mono Synth) F001 ~ F300, U001 ~ U400 (Piano / Ensemble)

This allows you to select Patch Numbers for the currently selected Combination.

ALLOC (Allocate)

Settings: Off, Upper, Lower, Pedal

This allows you to assign the Sections to each Keyboard.

NOTE: This Parameter is linked to the [ALLOCATE] buttons on the Control Panel.

VOL (Volume)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the Volume of the selected Section.

VEL (Velocity Curve)

Setting Range: Off, 1 ~ 4

This allows you to select how the selected Section will respond to key velocity.

"Off" is standard organ touch - the notes play at a fixed velocity ("100") regardless of a light or heavy key pressure. "1" is the most exaggerated velocity curve while "4" is a gentler curve. "2" and "3" are curves in between.

9 OCT (Octave)

Setting Range: $-2 \sim \pm 0 \sim +2$

This allows you to select the Octave or pitch at which the selected Section will sound. At "0" the selected Section will sound at unison or actual pitch. "-2" will sound two octaves lower and "+2" will sound two octaves higher.

NOTE: The actual sounding octave will be the sum of this Parameter plus the "Octave" setting in the Internal Zones (Keyboards). See page 78 for more details.

XPOSE (Transpose)

Setting Range: $-6 \sim \pm 0 \sim +6$

This allows you to shift the musical key of the selected Section.

NOTE: This Parameter can be Saved as part of a Combination (the [TRANSPOSE] function controlled by the buttons on the Control Panel transposes the entire instrument and its setting is not Saved).

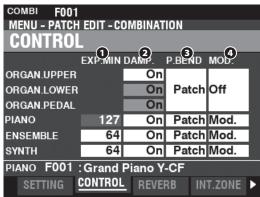
KEY LO (Key Range Low)

③ KEY HI (Key Range High)

Setting Range: -2C ~ 8G

These two Parameters allow you to set the Low and High note ranges for the selected Section.

CONTROL



This Page allows you to select which Parameters of each Voice Section will be Recorded as part of a Combination.

EXPRESSION MINIMUM LEVEL

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the Minimum volume when the Expression Pedal is "closed" or set at its minimum position. At "0" no sound will be heard.

O DAMPER

PITCH BEND

This allows you to adjust the range of the [PITCH BEND] wheel.

Patch A separate Pitch Bend Range is set for each Voice Section.

0 ~ 12 A Pitch Bend Range setting is applied to all Voice Sections universally.

MODULATION

This allows you to select the function for the [MODULATION] wheel for each Section.

Off No function.

Mod(ORGAN Section excluded) Adds Modulation to the selected Section.

Les.....(ORGAN Section only) Controls the speed of the Leslie.

ODControls the amount of Overdrive.

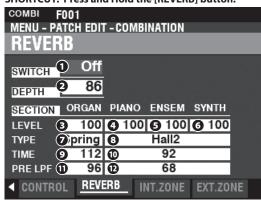
MFX1......Controls the amount of the <u>Multi Effects 1</u> setting.
MFX2.......Controls the amount of the <u>Multi Effects 2</u> setting.

tips LESLIE SPEED

When "Les" is selected as a function for the Modulation Wheel, the speed of the digital Leslie rotors can be varied continuously. This means that when the Wheel is all the way forward the digital Leslie will be in Fast Mode and Slow Mode will result when the Wheel is all the way back; but if the Wheel is in an intermediate position the digital Leslie rotors will be at an intermediate speed in accordance with the position of the Wheel. The speed will gradually increase when the Wheel is pushed forward and decrease when the Wheel is moved back. This greatly increases the versatility of the in-built digital Leslie.

REVERB

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the [REVERB] button.



This Page allows you to select the REVERB effect for each Section.

SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn REVERB "ON" or "OFF."

NOTE: This Parameter is linked to the REVERB [ON] button on the Control Panel.

O DEPTH

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to set the overall depth of the entire Reverb effect.

NOTE: This Parameter is linked to the [REVERB DEPTH] knob on the Control Panel.

909 LEVEL (ORGAN, PIANO, ENSEMBLE, SYNTH)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

These allows you to select the depth of the Reverb (= send level) for each Section.

O TYPE (ORGAN)

3 TYPE (PIANO/ENSEMBLE/SYNTH)

This allows you to select Reverb Types.

Room 1..........Large room.
Room 2.......Small room.
LiveAmbient room.
Hall 1.......Dark Hall, similar to a theatre.
Hall 2......Bright Hall, similar to an auditorium.
Church.......Church.
PlateIron-plate Reverb.

NOTE: You can select different Reverb Types for the ORGAN and PIANO/ENSEMBLE/MONO SYNTH Sections.

O TIME (ORGAN)

TIME (PIANO/ENSEMBLE/SYNTH)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

Spring......Spring Reverb.

This allows you to adjust the decay of the Reverb.

A higher value results in a longer decay.

NOTE: You can select different Reverb Times for the ORGAN and PIANO/ENSEMBLE/MONO SYNTH Sections.

PRE-LPF (ORGAN)

PRE-LPF (PIANO/ENSEMBLE/SYNTH)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the tone quality of the Reverb.

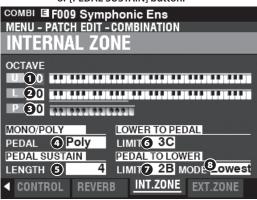
Higher values simulate a harder floor/wall/ceiling material.

NOTE: You can select different settings for the ORGAN and PIANO/ENSEMBLE/MONO SYNTH Sections.

NOTE: The Parameters described on this page are Combination Parameters and can be Recorded to individual Combinations. For a complete listing of all Combination Parameters, please consult "COMBINATION PARAMETERS" starting on page 184.

INTERNAL ZONE

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the [PEDAL TO LOWER], [LOWER TO PEDAL] or [PEDAL SUSTAIN] button.



This Page allows you to adjust the Parameters for each Internal Zone.

- OCTAVE (UPPER)
- **OCTAVE (LOWER)**
- **OCTAVE (PEDAL)**

Setting Range: $-2 \sim \pm 0 \sim +2$

These allows you to select the Octave or pitch at which the selected Keyboard will sound.

NOTE: These Parameters are linked with the [OCTAVE] buttons on the Control Panel.

PEDAL KEY MONO/POLY

This allows you to adjust whether the Pedals play single notes ("Mono") or multiple notes ("Poly").

O PEDAL SUSTAIN LENGTH

Setting Range: 1 ~ 5

This allows you to adjust the decay length of the Pedal Sustain.

NOTE: For more information about Pedal Sustain, see page 55.

6 LOWER TO PEDAL LIMIT

Setting Range: 0C ~ 6C

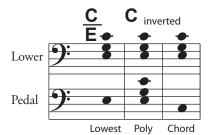
This allows you to adjust the highest note of the PEDAL Keyboard if the [LOWER TO PEDAL] feature is "ON."

9 PEDAL TO LOWER LIMIT

Setting Range: 0C ~ 6C

This allows you to adjust the highest note of the LOWER Keyboard if the [PEDAL TO LOWER] feature is "ON."

3 PEDAL TO LOWER MODE



This allows you to select how the PEDAL TO LOWER responds to notes played (see the illustration above).

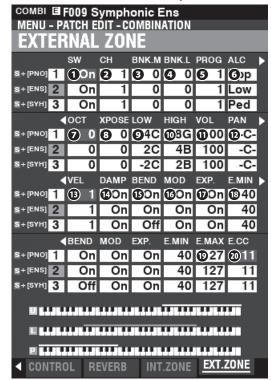
EXTERNAL ZONE

External Zones allow you to control external MIDI equipment either from the SKX PRO keyboard or expanded keyboards.

There are three External Zones on the SKX PRO, each of which can be allocated to UPPER, LOWER or PEDAL Keyboards.

NOTE: External Zones are explained more fully starting on page 152.

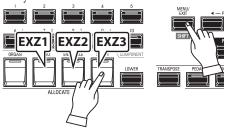
NOTE: Using External Zones requires setting the MIDI Parameters correctly. This can be done easily using a MIDI Template provided for that purpose. See page 158 for more information about MIDI Templates.



• SW (Switch)

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn the selected Zone "ON" or "OFF."



You can allocate External Zones by Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and pressing [PIANO] for External Zone 1, [ENSEMBLE] for External Zone 2 or [SYNTH] for External Zone 3 (see the illustration above).

O CH (MIDI Channel)

Setting Range: 1 ~ 16

This allows you to select the MIDI Channel on which the selected Zone will transmit.

BNK.M (Bank MSB)

O BNK.L (Bank LSB)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127
PROG (Program Change)
Setting Range: 1 ~ 128

This allows you to select the Bank Select and Program Change messages transmitted by the selected Zone.

NOTE: For more specific information about the connected MIDI keyboard, please refer to the Owner's Manual for the specific MIDI equipment you are using.

6 ALC (Allocate)

Setting Range: Off, Upper, Lower, Pedal

This allows you to select which Keyboard will control the selected External Zone.

OCT (Octave)

Setting Range: $-2 \sim \pm 0 \sim +2$

This allows you to select the Octave or pitch at which the selected External Zone will sound. Adjust this Parameter if an external sound plays in an octave other than the one you need for a particular application.

③ XPOSE (Transpose)

Setting Range: $-6 \sim \pm 0 \sim +6$

This allows you to shift the musical key of the selected Zone.

O LOW (Key Range Low)

HIGH (Key Range High)

Setting Range: -2C ~ 8G

This allows you to adjust the Upper and Lower note limits for the selected Zone.

W VOL (Volume)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to control the Volume (Controller #7) of the sound controlled by the selected Zone.

PAN

Setting Range: L64 ~ C ~ R63

This allows you to adjust the directionality or Pan setting (Controller #10) for the selected Zone.

® VEL (Velocity Curve)

Setting Range: Off, 1 ~ 4

This allows you to select how the selected External Zone will respond to key velocity.

"Off" is standard organ touch - the notes play at a fixed velocity ("100") regardless of a light or heavy key pressure. "1" is the most exaggerated velocity curve while "4" is a gentler curve. "2" and "3" are curves in between.

DAMP (Damper)

Settings: On, Off

This allows you to select whether a Damper pedal will affect the selected Zone.

(B) BEND (Pitch Bend)

Settings: On, Off

This allows you to select whether the [PITCH BEND] wheel will affect the selected Zone.

MOD (Modulation)

Settings: On, Off

This allows you to select whether the [MODULATION] wheel will affect the selected Zone.

(D) EXP (Expression)

Settings: On, Off

This allows you to select whether a connected Expression Pedal will affect the selected Zone.

B E.MIN (Expression Minimum)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 63

This allows you to adjust the volume level when the Expression Pedal is "closed" or set at its minimum position. At "0" no sound will be heard.

E.MAX (Expression Maximum)

Setting Range: 64 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the volume level when the Expression Pedal is all the way "open," or set at maximum.

1 E.CC (Expression Control Change)

Setting Range: Off, 7, 11

This allows you to select how you want to control the level of the selected External Zone. You can select either "VOL" (Volume or Controller #7) or "EXP" (Expression or Controller #11).

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN "VOLUME" AND "EXPRESSION"

In purely technical terms, Volume and Expression are identical - both control loudness or sound level. The difference lies with how they are customarily used in MIDI applications, particularly in creating and playing back MIDI sequences.

The generally accepted protocol is to use Controller #7 (Volume) to set the overall or absolute level of a voice or sound, and use Controller #11 (Expression) to make variations (such as crescendi or diminuendi) against the overall level set by Controller #7. This is recommended particularly if you want to use your SKX PRO as a MIDI input device to record a sequence.

NOTE: In order for the External Zone Volume feature to work, the Expression Control Number must be set to "7:VOL." If this Parameter is set to "11:EXP," changing the External Zone Volume setting will have no effect.

PANIC FUNCTION / PARAMETER RELOAD

MIDI plays notes from an external instrument by sending two commands - "Note On" which starts the note playing, and "Note Off" which releases the note and stops it from playing. These two commands are always sent in pairs.

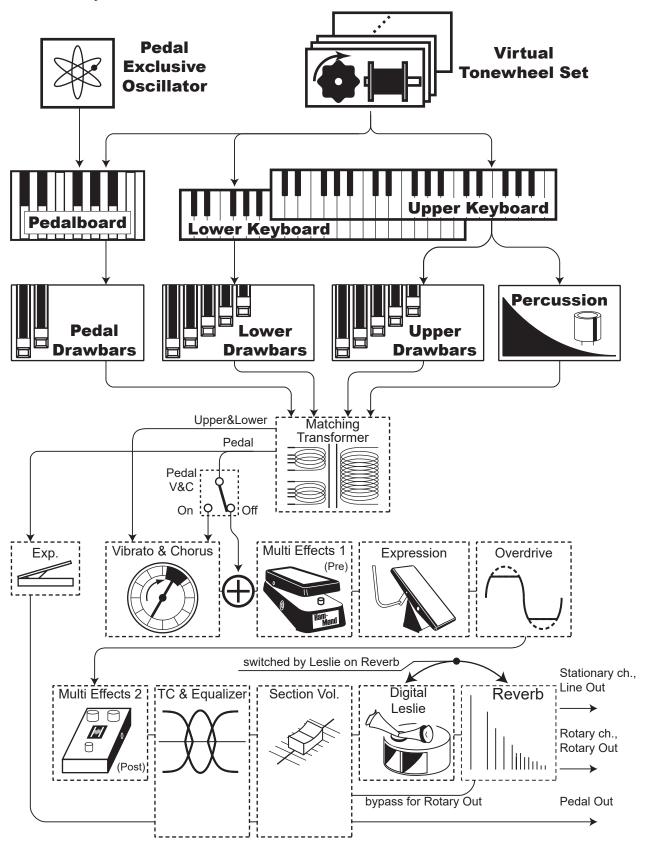
Once in a while, a Note Off command may not follow a Note On command, causing a note or notes to cipher, or sound continuously (the phenomenon popularly referred to a "stuck notes"). In this case, you need to send a MIDI command to the receiving instrument to clear the ciphering notes.

To do this, press the DIRECTION [▲][▼] buttons simultaneously. Doing this will send a "MIDI All Notes Off" as well as a "MIDI Reset All Controllers" command to the receiving instruments. The stuck notes will be turned off and the settings for the External Zones will be reset, then the External Zone settings will be re-sent. Normal playing can then be resumed.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to adjust the Patch Parameters for the ORGAN Section.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - **PATCH** - **ORGAN** - [ENTER] or press the [EDIT] button in the ORGAN Section.



EDITING THE ORGAN SECTION

The ORGAN Section can produce several different types of Organ tones - four Tone Wheel Organs, three Transistor Organs, and Pipe Organ. The Pipe Organ contains both Classical and Theatre pipe ranks.

You can set basic registrations using the Drawbars and make fine adjustments using the Parameters which are explained starting below.

PAGES AND PARAMETERS

GENERAL (P. 82)

This allows you to adjust the overall Parameters for each ORGAN Patch.

DRAWBARS (P. 82)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters affecting the Drawbars for each Part.

CONTACT / SUSTAIN (P. 84)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters affecting the Virtual Multi-Contacts and the Sustain effect for the UPPER and LOWER Parts.

PERCUSSION (P. 85)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters affecting the Percussion section of the Tone Wheel Organs.

VIBRATO&CHORUS (P. 86)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters affecting the Vibrato and Chorus for the Tone Wheel Organs, Vibrato for the Transistor Organs, and Tremulant for the Pipe Organ.

MATCHING TRANSFORMER (P. 87)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters affecting the Matching Transformer for the Tone Wheel and Transistor Organs.

LESLIE (P. 88)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters affecting the inbuilt digital Leslie for the Tone Wheel and Transistor Organs.

MULTI EFFECT 1 (P. 89)

This allows you to adjust the <u>Multi Effects 1</u> (Tremolo, Wah-Wah, Ring Modulator, Compressor) for the Tone Wheel and Transistor Organs.

OVERDRIVE (P. 89)

This allows you to adjust the Overdrive settings for each ORGAN Patch.

MULTI EFFECT 2 (P. 89)

This allows you to adjust the <u>Multi Effects 2</u> (AutoPan, Phaser, Flanger, Chorus, Delay) for each ORGAN Patch.

EQUALIZER (P. 89)

This allows you to adjust the Equalizer and Tone Control settings for each ORGAN Patch.

APP (APPLICATION) MENU

The APP (Application) Menu which appears by touhcing the [≡] button allows you to execute some jobs.

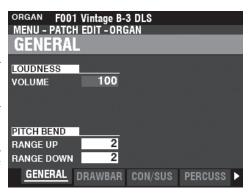
INITIALIZE ORGAN.....Initialize all the Patch Parameters in the current Patch.

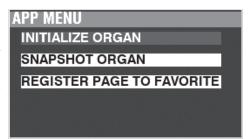
SNAPSHOT ORGANCapture the current physical Drawbar registrations and Overdrive settings.

REGISTER PAGE TO FAV Register the current Page to a Favorite.

To select an option:

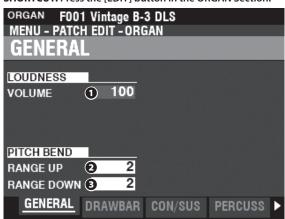
- 1. Use the DIRECTION $[\blacktriangle]/[\blacktriangledown]$ buttons to select the option you want.
- 2. Press the [ENTER] button to select the desired option.





GENERAL

SHORTCUT: Press the [EDIT] button in the ORGAN Section.



This Page allows you to adjust Parameters common to the ORGAN Patches.

LOUDNESS

VOLUME

Setting Range: 0 - 127

This allows you to adjust the maximum volume of the selected Patch.

PITCH BEND

2 RANGE UP

Setting Range: 0 - 12 [semitones]

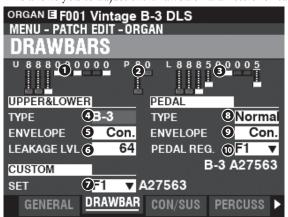
8 RANGE DOWN

Setting Range: 0 - 24 [semitones]

These allow you to adjust the number of semitones the pitch of the selected ORGAN Patch will bend "Up" or "Down" using the [PITCH BEND] wheel.

DRAWBARS

This allows you to adjust the Drawbars Parameters for each Part.

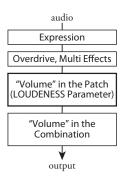


- **O** UPPER Registration
- **2** PEDAL Registration
- **2** LOWER Registration

This allows you to see the Drawbar Registrations for each Part.

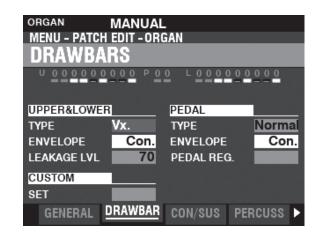
tips WHERE THE VOLUME AFFECTS FOR?

The LOUDNESS - VOLUME adjusts the volume which end of the Multi Effects or Overdrive Effects, unlike the Expression. This is used for adjusting volume of the current Patch.



tips DISABLED PARAMETERS

All of the ORGAN Parameters affect the Tone Wheel Organs; however, some of the ORGAN Parameters do not affect the Transistor or Pipe Organs - for example, Leakage Level, Pedal Type and Custom Tone Wheels. If a particular Parameter does not affect the selected Organ Type, it will be "greyed out" or darkened in the display (see the example below). However, the value of a disabled Parameter can still be adjusted using the [VALUE] knob.



UPPER & LOWER DRAWBARS

4 TYPE

6 ENVELOPE

Setting Range: Con, R1 ~ R15, AR1 ~ AR15

This allows you to adjust the rate of Attack (when a key is depressed) and Release (when the key is released).

"Con" is the envelope of the key-click(s) generated with the Virtual Multi-Contacts. "1 -- 15" is the rate of Attack without the Virtual Multi-Contacts. The greater the value, the slower the Attack (the speed at the which the Drawbar registration sounds when a key is depressed).

The "R" Parameter changes the Release rate. The Attack rate is that provided by the Virtual Multi-Contacts. This means that the onset of the tone will be instantaneous while the Release rate is regulated by the numerical setting.

The "AR" Parameter disables the Virtual Multi-Contacts and allows you to change both the Attack and Release rate. At higher numerical settings the Attack and Release will be slow, similar to that of a pipe organ.

6 LEAKAGE LEVEL

Setting Range: 0 (no Leakage tone) ~ 127 (maximum Leakage tone)

This allows you to adjust the total volume of the leakage tone.

CUSTOM SET

Setting Range: F1 ~ F3, U1 ~ U3

This allows you to select a customized set for each Tone Wheel Organ and Pipe Organ.

NOTE: See page 120 "Custom Tone Wheel" or page 126 "Custom Pipe" for more details.

NOTE: This Parameter is not available for the Transistor Organs.

PEDAL

3 TYPE

Settings: Normal, Muted

This allows you to select the ORGAN Type for the PEDAL Part.

Normal......Traditional Tone Wheel registration of the B-3/C-3/A-100.

Muted......Analog pedal tones as on the classic X-5.

NOTE: When one of the Transistor Organs (<u>Vx.</u>, <u>Farf.</u> or <u>Ace.</u>) is selected for the UPPER & LOWER, <u>Muted</u> is automatically selected for the PEDAL Part.

NOTE: When the Pipe Organ Type is selected for the UPPER & LOWER Parts, <u>Pipe</u> is automatically selected for the PEDAL Part and the other PEDAL Parameters are unavailable.

O ENVELOPE

Setting Range: Con, R1 ~ R15, AR1 ~ AR15

This allows you to set the Attack and Release characteristics of the PEDAL tones.

NOTE: See paragraph **6** on this page for more information.

NOTE: This Parameter is available on Tone Wheel Organs <u>A-100</u>, <u>B-3</u>, <u>C-3</u> and <u>Mellow</u>.

© SUB DRAWBARS

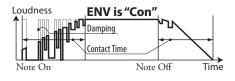
Setting Range: F1 ~ F3, U1 ~ U3

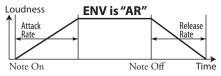
This allows you to select the harmonic settings for the PEDAL or Sub Drawbars when the "Normal" Type is selected.

NOTE: This Parameter is available on Tone Wheel Organs "A-100," "B-3," "C-3" and "Mellow."

tips ENVELOPE

The variation of a sound over time, as is used in sound synthesis.





tips KEY CLICK

On Tone Wheel organs such as the B-3/C-3/A-100, each time a key is depressed 9 electrical switch contacts are closed by means of 9 horizontal flat springs which touch 9 busbars. Each time a contact is closed or released, a "key click" was produced. This characteristic is replicated on the SKX PRO.

tips examples of key-click settings

Simulation of a classic multi-contact Hammond Organ such as B-3/C-3/A-100:

ENV=CON

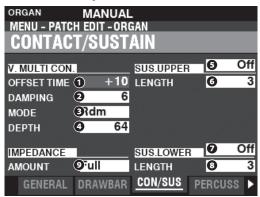
Simulation of a PCM synthesizer to produce the "key click" only at the attack:

ENV=R1

Slow envelope similar to that of a pipe organ:

ENV=AR15

CONTACT / SUSTAIN



This Page allows you to adjust the Parameters which affect the Virtual Multi-Contacts and the Sustain effect for the UPPER and LOWER Parts.

VIRTUAL MULTI-CONTACT

O OFFSET TIME

Setting Range: -64 ~ ±0 ~ +63

This allows you to set the time when a note is "ON" until complete contact is made. A higher value causes a longer Attack time and a shorter Release time.

DAMPING

Setting Range: 0 ~ 31

This allows you to control the damping rate of the Virtual Multi-Contacts.

The higher the value, the more pronounced the Key Click.

6 MODE

This allows you to select how the Virtual Multi-Contacts ("VMC's") will sound when keys are depressed.

Random.........When a key is depressed, each contact of the VMC's will connect in a random order at the shallow point, and all the contacts are fully made when the key reaches its deep point.

Velocity............ When a key is depressed to its deep point, each contact of the VMC's is made by a time difference depending on the velocity.

O DEPTH

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the amount of time for each VMC to sound when a key is depressed.

At "0" all the VMC's sound simultaneously. The higher the value, the longer the time interval between contacts.

UPPER & LOWER SUSTAIN

This allows you to add a smooth decay to the UPPER & LOWER Drawbars tone.

90 SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn Sustain "ON" or "OFF" on the selected Part.

08 LENGTH

Setting Range: 1 ~ 5

This allows you to adjust the length of the Sustain effect for the selected Part.

IMPEDANCE

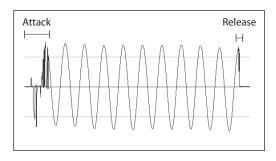
O AMOUNT

This allows you to adjust the amount of volume reduction when keys are depressed and held and other keys are depressed on a Tone Wheel organ.

OffNo volume reduction.

Half.....The volume will be reduced by a small amount.

FullThe volume will be reduced by the full amount.



tips WHAT ARE CONTACTS?

When a key is depressed on a Tone Wheel Hammond Organ, it closes 9 small electrical switch contacts. These 9 contacts represent the 9 pitches provided by the Drawbars. The contacts are closed and opened by means of 9 horizontal flat springs which touch 9 busbars. When a flat spring touches a busbar, electrical contact is made and the harmonic is permitted to sound. Since the 9 busbars are physically separated, the harmonics do not all sound simultaneously, but in succession. This can be heard most clearly by selecting one of the four Manual Drawbar sets of a Tone Wheel organ, pulling all of the Drawbars out to their maximum volume setting and slowly pressing a playing key. Each of the harmonics will add in a sequence from highest to lowest until all 9 frequencies will be heard when the key is at the bottom of its travel. The "Key-Click" on Tone Wheel Hammond Organs is due to these physical characteristics. Also, if a key is released quickly it will bounce at the time of contact, creating an effect known as "Key Bounce" or "Chattering."

tips WHY LESS RELEASE KEY CLICK?

One of the characteristics of the key contacts on a Tone Wheel organ is, the Release "click" is somewhat softer and less intense than the Attack "click." This characteristic is replicated on the SKX PRO.

tips SUSTAIN

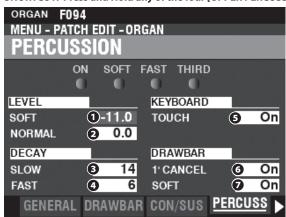
The word "Sustain" has a different meaning for an electronic organ than for a synthesizer. On an electronic organ, "Sustain" refers to a note or noes continuing to sound and smoothly decaying after the key is released. This is called "Release" on a synthesizer.

tips WHERE IS THE PEDAL SUSTAIN?

The Pedal Sustain is controlled by using [PEDAL SUSTAIN] button, or the INTERNAL ZONE FUNCTION Mode in the COMBINATION Edit Mode due to the fact that Pedal Sustain affects any Voice Section allocated to the PEDAL Part and not only the ORGAN Section. See page 78 for more details.

PERCUSSION

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold any of the four [UPPER PERCUSSION] buttons.



This Page allows you to make changes to the Percussion tones.

LEVEL

- SOFT
- **O** NORMAL

Setting Range: -22.0 ~ +10.5 dB

This allows you to adjust the Percussion Volume levels.

NORMAL....Level when the [SOFT] button is "OFF." **SOFT.....**Level when the [SOFT] button is "ON."

DECAY

- **SLOW**
- FAST

Setting Range: 1 ~ 24, Cont

This allows you to adjust the Percussion Decay time.

A higher value will result in a slower Decay.

SLOW.....Decay rate when the [FAST] button is "OFF." **FAST**.....Decay rate when the [FAST] button is "ON."

C (continuous).....No decay, The Percussion tone is sustained while keys are depressed.

KEYBOARD

6 TOUCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to set the Touch Response of the Percussion.

On..... Each key will sound when played regardless of whether other keys are being held.

DRAWBARS

6 1'CANCEL

Settings: On, Off

This allows you to cancel the Upper 1' Drawbar while using Percussion.

On.....The 1' Drawbar will be canceled when Percussion is "ON."

Off The 1' Drawbar will continue to sound when Percussion is "ON."

DRAWBAR - SOFT

Settings: On, Off

This allows you to reduce the Upper Drawbar volume while using the Percussion if the [SOFT] button is "OFF" (LED not lit).

On......The volume level of the Drawbars will be reduced by a small amount when Percussion is "ON" at Normal volume.

Off......The volume of the Drawbars will remain at the same level when Percussion is "ON" at Normal volume

tips TOUCH

The percussion generator on the B-3/C-3 had a single envelope, which would not recycle until all keys were raised. Originally thought to be a defect, the resulting response became a desired trait.

tips 1 CANCEL

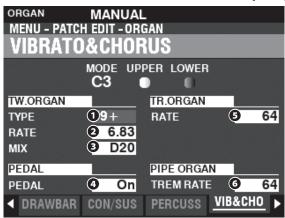
The B-3/C-3 had no exclusive key contact for the Percussion, but, used the 1' contact. The SKX PRO replicates this feature.

tips SOFT

On a vintage B-3/C-3, when Percussion was turned "ON" and the Volume setting was "NORMAL," the Upper Manual Drawbars were slightly reduced in volume. The SKX PRO replicates this feature.

VIBRATO & CHORUS

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the VIBRATO and CHORUS [MODE], [UPPER] or [LOWER] buttons.



This Page allows you to adjust the Vibrato & Chorus of the Tone Wheel Organs, Vibrato for the Transistor Organs, and Tremulant for the Pipe Organ.

TONE WHEEL ORGAN

TYPE

Settings: See below

This allows you to select the Vibrato Delay Line type.

'55-57Metal Box (1955 - 1957).

'57-59Big Silver Box (1957 - 1959).

'59+Small Silver Box (1959 or later).

RATE

Setting Range: 5.78 ~ 7.90 Hz (349 ~ 475 rpm)

This allows you to adjust the rate of the Vibrato & Chorus.

6 MIX

Setting Range: D64 ~ Even ~ 63V

This allows you to adjust the intensity of the Chorus (C1 to C3).

"D" = direct or dry sound. "V" = Vibrato sound.

PEDAL

O PEDAL

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to select whether the Vibrato & Chorus affects the PEDAL Part when the Vibrato & Chorus [LOWER] button is "ON."

TRANSISTOR ORGAN

6 RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

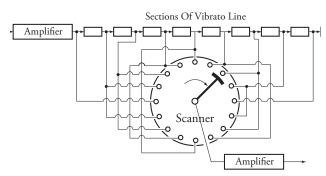
This allows you to adjust the rate of the Vibrato.

PIPE ORGAN

3 TREMULANT RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the rate of the Tremulant.



tips VIBRATO & CHORUS

The illustration above shows the vibrato equipment of a Tone Wheel Hammond Organ such as a B-3/C-3/A-100.

On a Tone Wheel Hammond Organ equipped with Vibrato & Chorus, the vibrato circuitry consists of a series of plural coils or low-pass filter sections called a "delay line" or "line box" and a motor-driven "scanner" which scans the delay line and progressively retards the phase, creating the Vibrato effect.

tips VIBRATO TYPE

Hammond Tone Wheel organs with Vibrato & Chorus were manufactured from 1949 through 1975. During that time, several different types of vibrato circuits were employed, particularly line boxes of different constructions. The Vibrato TYPE feature replicates the effect of different types of Vibrato delay lines.

tips MIX

"Vibrato Chorus," is obtained when the vibrato output signal is mixed with a portion of signal without vibrato. This creates a "shimmering" effect much used by jazz, blues and rock organists. This Parameter allows you to adjust the balance between the Vibrato and non-Vibrato signals to create the type of Chorus effect you want.

tips PEDAL

On the B-3/C-3/A-100, the Vibrato and Chorus affects the Pedal tones in addition to the Lower Manual Drawbar tones. Also, starting with the B-2/C-2, vintage Hammonds had **Selective Vibrato**, meaning that Vibrato could be had on Upper and Lower Manuals/Pedal independently (on previous models the Vibrato and Chorus affected the entire organ). These are replicated on the SKX PRO.

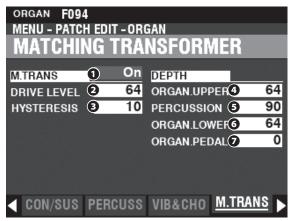
tips VIBRATO (TRANSISTOR ORGAN)

On an electronic organ, Vibrato is accomplished by modulating the frequency of the master oscillator(s.) This effect is replicated on the SKX PRO.

tips TREMULANT

On a pipe organ, a **Tremulant** varies the air pressure the air pressure to the pipes periodically, producing a vibrato or tremolo effect. On the SKX PRO, Tremulant can be applied to the Pipe Voices.

MATCHING TRANSFORMER



This Page allows you to adjust the Parameters affecting the Matching Transformer for the Tone Wheel and Transistor Organs.

MATCHING TRANSFORMER

SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn the Matching Transformer effect "ON" or "OFF."

O DRIVE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to set the saturation level of the Matching Transformer.

A higher value will result in more saturation at low volume levels.

O HYSTERESIS

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to set the strength of the hysteresis characteristics.

The higher the value, the more "asymmetrical" the sound.

DEPTH

O UPPER DRAWBARS

6 PERCUSSION

O LOWER DRAWBARS

9 PEDAL DRAWBARS

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to set the amount of the Matching Transformer modeling for each Part and for the Percussion.

The higher the value, the deeper the effect.

tips

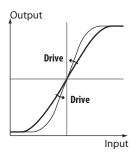
WHAT IS A "MATCHING TRANSFORMER?"

The purpose of the Matching Transformer in a Hammond Tone Wheel organ is to "match" the low Impedance of the generator and key circuits to the high impedance amplifier input.

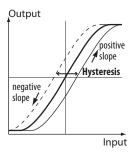
It combines the individual tones from each Drawbar into one complex musical tone.

Doing this imparts some unique characteristics to the sound (see the illustrations below), which are part of the tonal characteristics of a Hammond Tone Wheel organ such as the B-3.

Even though transistor organs do not have a Matching Transformer, these Parameters can also be used for the Transistor Organs.



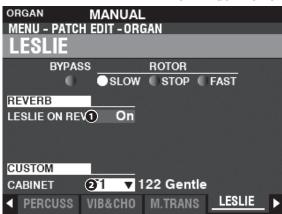
How the Trans - Drive works



How the Trans - Hysteresis works

LESLIE

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the LESLIE [BYPASS], [STOP] or [FAST] buttons.



This Page allows you to adjust the Parameters affecting the inbuilt digital Leslie for the Tone Wheel and Transistor Organs.

REVERB

1 LESLIE ON REVERB

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to adjust the routing of the Reverb.

Off The digital Leslie modulates the ORGAN sounds only.

On.....The digital Leslie modulates both the ORGAN sounds and the Reverb.

NOTE: This Parameter does NOT affect a connected Leslie Speaker Cabinet.

CABINET

O CUSTOM CABINET

Setting Range: F1 ~ F8, U1 ~ U8

This allows you to select a Custom Leslie Cabinet.

NOTE: See page 124 for more information about Custom Leslie Cabinets.

tips LESLIE ON REVERB

When an audio signal containing Reverb is sent to a Leslie Cabinet, the Reverb is modulated along with the main signal. This characteristic can be replicated using this Parameter.

When this Parameter is "OFF," the effect is that of a Leslie Cabinet speaking into an auditorium or a large live room, or a Leslie Cabinet having a separate Reverb amplifier and speakers such as a vintage 122RV - the Organ tones are affected by the Leslie rotors but not the Reverb.

When this Parameter is "ON," the effect is that of an audio signal containing both Organ tones and Reverb being fed into a single-channel Leslie - the rotors will modulate the Reverb as well as the basic Organ tones.

MULTI EFFECT 1



See "Multi Effects 1" (P. 106).

OVERDRIVE



See "Overdrive." (P. 111)

MULTI EFFECT 2



See "Multi Effects 2." (P. 112)

EQUALIZER



See "Equalizer." (P. 116)

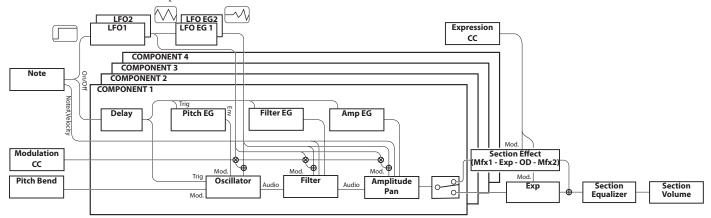
PIANO/ENSEMBLE

These FUNCTION Modes allow you to adjust the Patch Parameters for the PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - PATCH - PIANO/ENSEMBLE - [ENTER]

or press the [EDIT] button in each Section.



EDITING THE PIANO/ENSEMBLE SECTIONS

Both the PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections contain 4 sounding units called **Components**.

The waveform generated by the oscillator in each Component can be modified by the Filter (timber), Amplitude (volume), Section Effects (Multi Effects and Overdrive) and the Equalizer.

Timed characteristics such as LFO and Envelope Generators for Pitch, Filter and Amplitude are also provided.

PAGES AND CONTENTS

GENERAL (P. 91)

This allows you to adjust the common Parameters in a PIANO or ENSEMBLE Patch.

1. VOLUME

This allows you to adjust the volume.

2. PORTAMENTO

This allows you to slide the pitch between last and current notes smoothly.

MONO/POLY

This allows you to adjust the monophonic or polyphonic, and sounding priority.

4. PITCH BEND

This allows you to adjust the length of the Pitch Bend.

ProChord™ (P. 91)

This allows you to play complex harmonic patterns which regarding played chord by the four Components as the players.

LFO (P. 92)

This allows you to adjust the LFO - Low Frequency Oscillators which makes vibrato or tremolo effect, and their depth.

COMPONENT (P. 93)

This allows you to adjust the Parameters with regarding each Component.

1. BASIC

This allows you to adjust the basic Parameters such as sounding, volume, "ON" or "OFF" the Section Effects, sounding note range, and sounding velocity range.

2. OSCILLATOR

This allows you to adjust the Waveform and the pitch.

3. PITCH EG

This allows you to adjust the Pitch Envelope.

4. DELAY

This allows you to adjust the Delay for sounding "ON" or "OFF" by playing or other Component.

FILTER

This allows you to adjust the Filter.

6. FILTER EG

This allows you to adjust the Filter Envelope.

7. AMPLITUDE

This allows you to adjust the Amplitude and the Panning.

8. AMPLITUDE EG

This allows you to set the Amplitude Envelope.

MULTI EFFECT 1 (P. 97)

This allows you to adjust the <u>Multi Effects 1</u> (Tremolo, Wah-Wah, Ring Modulator, Compressor) for each PIANO/ENSEMBLE Patch.

OVERDRIVE (P. 97)

This allows you to adjust the Overdrive effect in this Section.

MULTI EFFECT 2 (P. 97)

This allows you to adjust the <u>Multi Effects 2</u> (AutoPan, Phaser, Flanger, Chorus, Delay) for each PIANO/ENSEMBLE Patch.

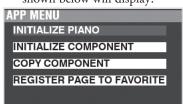
EQUALIZER (P. 97)

This allows you to adjust the Equalizer in this Section.

APP (APPLICATION) MENU

The APP (Application) Menu allows you to select various Menu Pages quickly. To display the APP Menu:

- 1. Select the PIANO or ENSEMBLE FUNCTION Mode.
- 2. Press and Release the [≡] button. The Menu options shown below will display:



INITIALIZE PIANO/ENS.....Initializes the Patch Parameters in the current Patch.

INITIALIZE COMPONENTInitializes the Component Parameters in the current Patch.

COPY COMPONENT..................Copies the Parameters in one Component to another Component.

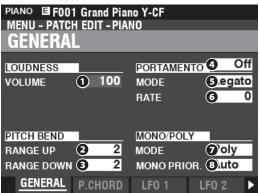
REGISTER PAGE TO FAV Register the current Page to a Favorite.

To select an option:

- 1. Use the DIRECTION [▲]/[▼] buttons to select the option you want.
- 2. Press the [ENTER] button to select the desired option.

GENERAL

SHORTCUT: Press the [EDIT] button in the PIANO or ENSEMBLE Section.



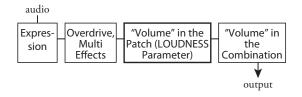
LOUDNESS

VOLUME

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the overall volume of the selected

NOTE: This Parameter adjusts the volume of the Patch after Multi Effects and Overdrive are added, unlike Expression which regulates the volume before these effects are added (see the illustration below).



PITCH BEND

2 RANGE UP

Setting Range: 0 - 12 [semitones]

RANGE DOWN

Setting Range: 0 - 24 [semitones]

These allow you to adjust the number of semitones the pitch of the selected Patch will bend "Up" or "Down" using the [PITCH BEND] wheel.

PORTAMENTO

SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn the Portamento effect "ON" or "OFF."

6 MODE

This allows you to adjust how to control the Portamento effect from the keyboard

EveryThe Portamento will be heard with every keypress.

LegatoThe Portamento will be heard only when keys are played 'legato" (a key is depressed while another key is held).

O RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the rate at which the pitch changes using Portamento. The higher the value, the more slowly the pitch rises or falls.

MONO/POLY

MONO/POLY

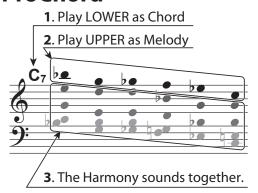
This allows you to adjust whether the selected Patch will play single notes ("Mono") or multiple notes ("Poly").

MONO PRIORITY

This allows you to adjust which note will sound on the selected Patch if more than one note is played in MONO Mode.

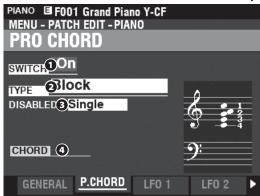
Auto.....The highest note played will sound when this Section is used with other Sections. The last played note will sound when this Section is used alone.

ProChord™



This allows you to reproduce complex harmonies by playing a single-note melody with the right hand and chords with the left hand. The four Components provide both the Melody and Harmony notes in different configurations depending on the specific ProChord Type or harmony pattern selected.

NOTE: The ProChord feature works on the UPPER Keyboard only.



SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn ProChord "ON" or "OFF."

MODE

Settings: Closed, Open, Duet, Block, Big Band Sax, Big Band, Small Combo, Theatre, Hymn, Quartet 1, Quartet 2, Jazz Brass, Strings, Harmonic Chime, Old Time, 4 Part Closed, 5 Part Open

This allows you to select the ProChord Type or harmony pattern.

O DISABLED

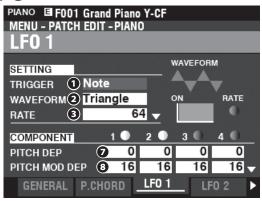
Settings: Single, Unison

This allows you to select how ProChord works when it is disabled (no chord outlined by the left hand or disabled by the Foot Switch.)

Single..... Sounds Component 1.

Unison..... Sounds all selected Components.

LFO



Both the PIANO and ENSEMBLE Voices Sections have two LFOs (Low Frequency Oscillators). These can be used to modulate various Components or Parameters.

1 TRIGGER MODE

Settings: Note, Free

This allows you to adjust whether the phase of the LFO will reset each time a key is depressed.

Note.....The LFO of each note oscillates individually. Each LFO will start its cycle when a key is depressed.

Free.....Pressing a key will intercept the LFO at whatever point it happens to be in its cycle.

WAVEFORM

Settings: See below

This allows you to select the waveform of the LFO.

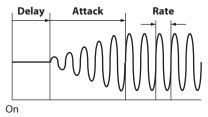
TriangleTriangle wave.

Square......Square wave Positive and Negative. **Rectangle** Square wave Positive and Zero.

Saw Up Sawtooth Upward wave. **Saw Down** Sawtooth Downward wave.

S/HSample and Hold.

Fluctuation ... Random.



RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the Oscillation Rate of the LFO.

O DELAY TIME

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the amount of time after the initial keypress before the LFO begins oscillating.

9 ATTACK RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the amount of time for the LFO to build to its full amount when using Delay Time.

6 ATTACK KEY TRACK

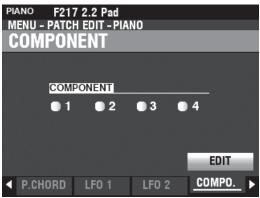
Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust how the Attack Rate is modulated by the note or pitch.

- **O** PITCH DEPTH
- O PITCH MOD DEPTH
- **©** FILTER MOD DEPTH
- **10** AMPLITUDE DEPTH
- **@** AMPLITUDE MOD DEPTH

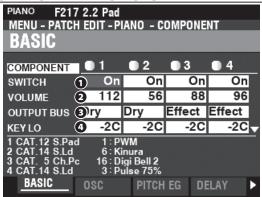
These Parameters allow you to adjust the LFO depth for each Component. "MOD DEPTH" sets the maximum LFO depth using the [MODULATION] wheel.

COMPONENT



To edit a Component, select the **COMPONENT** - **EDIT** icon and press the [ENTER] button.

COMPONENT - BASIC



SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn the selected Component "ON" or "OFE"

Off......No Sound. **On**......Sound.

Use the COMPONENT [1] [2] [3] and [4] buttons to turn each individual Component "ON" or "OFF" while editing.

2 VOLUME

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the Volume of the selected Component.

OUTPUT BUS

Settings: Dry, Effect

This allows you to select whether Section Effects are enabled or disabled for this Component.

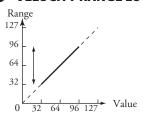
Dry Disabled Effect Enabled

46 KEY RANGE LOW, HIGH

Setting Range: -2C ~ 8G

This allows you to adjust the sounding range of the selected Component by note number.

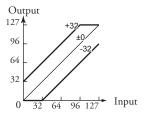
OO VELOCITY RANGE LOW, HIGH



Setting Range: 1 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the sounding range of the selected Component.

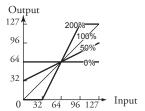
VELOCITY OFFSET



Setting Range: $-64 \sim \pm 0 \sim +63$

This allows you to adjust the relative loudness of notes played using the selected Component.

O VELOCITY DEPTH



Setting Range: 0 ~ 200 [%]

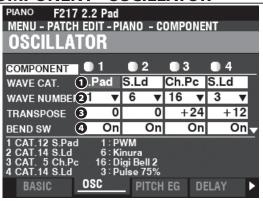
This allows you to adjust the response of the selected Component to key velocity.

At "0" there is no change in velocity. At "127," the volume is changed by the maximum amount in proportion to the velocity.

tips WHAT IS A "COMPONENT?"

There are 300 pre-programmed Patches for the PIANO and ENSEMBLE Voices Sections. Several of these contain multiple waveforms, such as "Nylon&Steel Gtrs" and "Section Str. Oct." This is possible because each individual Patch can contain up to four (4) sounding Components. Each Component can contain a Waveform and can be edited separately, though it is not necessary for each Component to be active as part of a Patch. The Component Parameters are explained starting on this page.

COMPONENT - OSCILLATOR



WAVEFORM CATEGORY

This allows you to select the Waveform Category.

1	A. Piano
2	E. Piano
3	Harpsichord
4	Clav.
5	Chromatic Percussion
6	Guitar
7	Ethnic
8	SFX
9	Wind

16.....Percussion

WAVEFORM NUMBER

This allows you to select a specific Waveform Number.

NOTE: See page 178 for a list of Waveform Numbers.

TRANSPOSE

Setting Range: $-63 \sim \pm 0 \sim +63$ [semitones]

This allows you to adjust the sounding pitch of the selected Component by half-steps or semitones.

O PITCH BEND SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to select whether the selected Component will receive Pitch Bend.

Off Does not receive.
On...... Receives.

PITCH KEY TRACK

Setting Range: -100 ~ ±0 ~ +100 [%]

This allows you to adjust the amount of pitch change between keys on the keyboard for the selected Component.

At "+100" the musical distance between any two adjacent notes will be 100 cents or one half-step. This is the normal setting. At "+50," the notes will be one quarter-step apart.

At "0" every note on the keyboard will sound the same pitch.

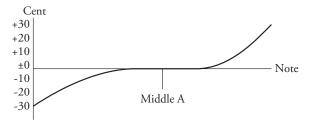
3 FINETUNE

Setting Range: $-100 \sim \pm 0 \sim +100$ [cents]

This allows you to adjust the sounding pitch of the selected Component by cents.

At "-100" the pitch will be one half-step flat. At "+100" the pitch will be one half-step sharp.

STRETCH TUNE DEPTH



Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the depth of the Stretch Tuning for the selected Component.

"0" is Equal Temperament. If the value is increased, the bass will sound lower and the treble will sound higher.

NOTE: "Stretch tuning" is a method of tuning stringed instruments (notably piano) to compensate for their inherent inharmonicity. This characteristic can differ from instrument to instrument.

3 PITCH EG DEPTH

Setting Range: $-64 \sim \pm 0 \sim +63$

This allows you to adjust the depth of the pitch changing of the Pitch EG (Envelope Generator) for the selected Component.

At "0" there is no pitch change. At "-64" or "+63," the pitch will change down or up by one octave.

NOTE: A large amount of pitch change may produce artifacts such as "step noise."

O PITCH EG VEL TRACK

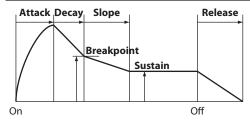
Setting Range: 0 ~ 100(%)

This allows you to adjust the depth of the pitch changing of the Pitch EG for the selected Component by keyboard velocity.

At "0" there is no change by key velocity. At "100" the pitch will change by a wide amount.

NOTE: The Pitch EG is explained in more detail on the next page.

COMPONENT - PITCH EG



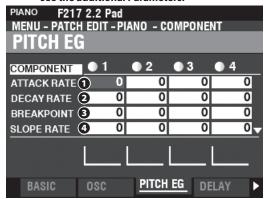
The EG (Envelope Generator) allows you to control how the sound changes over time by playing notes on the keyboard.

The illustration above illustrates the structure of the Envelope Generators for the PIANO/ENSEMBLE Section.

There are three (3) EG's: <u>Pitch</u>, <u>Filter</u> and <u>Amplitude</u>.

NOTE: The PITCH EG DEPTH Parameter must be set to some value other than "0" to hear the effect produced by the PITCH EG.

NOTE: Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the screen down to see the additional Parameters.



ATTACK RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the time for the pitch to increase to its peak value beginning when a key is depressed.

O DECAY RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the time from the peak amount to the Breakpoint Level (explained below).

O BREAKPOINT LEVEL

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the level of the point immediately following the Attack.

A higher value will set a higher pitch as the Breakpoint.

SLOPE RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the time from the Breakpoint Level to the Sustain Level (explained below).

A higher value decreases the time required for the sound to return to the base frequency. A lower value increases the time.

6 SUSTAIN LEVEL

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the main level which will remain until the key is released.

A higher value will set a higher pitch as the Breakpoint.

6 RELEASE RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the time for the level to fade from the Sustain Level to zero after the key is released.

A higher value will result in a longer Release time.

O KEY TRACK ATTACK

- **3** KEY TRACK DECAY
- **O** KEY TRACK SLOPE

KEY TRACK RELEASE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

These allows you to adjust the rate and amount of the Pitch EG by note.

At "0" each note will sound the same Pitch EG. At "1 - 127" the rate and amount of Pitch EQ will be determined by the note being played. "127" will cause the envelope to respond by the maximum amount.

1 VEL TRACK ATTACK

10 VEL TRACK RELEASE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

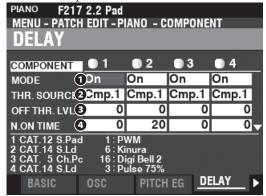
These allows you to adjust the rate and amount of the Pitch EG by key velocity.

A higher velocity will result in a more pronounced EQ.

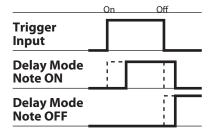
NOTE: The Velocity Parameter in the COMBINATION Function Mode must be "ON" (values 1 \sim 4) in order to hear the effect of Velocity Tracking.

COMPONENT - DELAY

This allows you to adjust the note delay characteristics of the selected Component.



MODE



This allows you to select how the notes will sound.

Note Off Vel.. The selected Component does not sound even if the note is "ON." If the note is "OFF," it will sounds if the Amplitude EG level of the referenced Component is above the Note Off Threshold Level. The velocity of the note will be determined by the velocity with which the key is depressed.

Note Off EG... Similar to Note Off Vel, except that the velocity of the note will be determined by the level of the Amplitude EG of the referenced Component.

NOTE: Using one of the "Note Off" settings may cause played notes to cipher or "stick on" To avoid this, set the Sustain Level of the Amplitude EG at "0" if you are using one of the "Note Off" settings.

O SOURCE

Settings: Cmp1, Cmp2, Cmp3, Cmp4

This allows you to select the reference Component for the Delay settings.

The "Normal" setting is, the same Component selected as the one currently sounding.

NOTE OFF THRESHOLD LEVEL

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127: -∞ ~ 0 [dB]

This allows you to adjust the Note Off level of the Amplitude EG of the reference Component.

O NOTE ON DELAY TIME

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127: 0 ~ 5 [s]

This allows you to adjust the time to sound the note after a key is depressed.

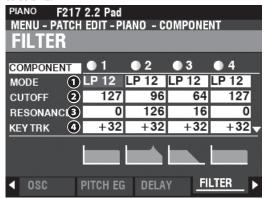
6 NOTE OFF DELAY TIME

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127: 0 ~ 5 [s]

This allows you to adjust the time to hold the note before it stops sounding after the key is released.

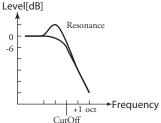
COMPONENT - FILTER

The Filter allows you to control the basic timbre of the sound by selectively blocking some frequencies while allowing others to sound.

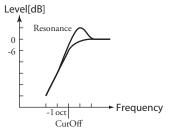


MODE

This allows you to select the filter method.



LP12Low-Pass 12dB; It reduces above Cutoff Frequency at 12dB/octave.



HP12.....High-Pass 12dB; It reduces under Cutoff Frequency at 12dB/octave.

O CUTOFF FREQUENCY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the Cutoff Frequency of the Filter.

RESONANCE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to add a controlled amplification to the Cutoff Frequency, coloring the sound.

O CUTOFF KEY TRACK

Setting Range: $-100 \sim \pm 0 \sim +100 \%$

This allows you to adjust the amount the Cutoff Frequency will change by note.

6 EG DEPTH

Setting Range: $-100 \sim \pm 0 \sim +100 \%$

This allows you to adjust the amount the Cutoff Frequency will change by the Filter EG. At "0" the Cutoff Frequency does not change. At "100%," the Cutoff Frequency changes by a wide amount.

6 EG VEL KEY TRACK

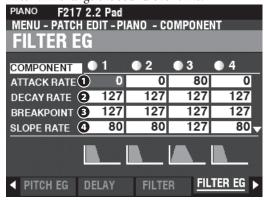
Setting Range: 0 ~ +100 %

This allows you to adjust the amount of the Filter EG by Note "ON" or "OFF" velocities.

A lower key velocity will produce less of a Filter EQ. A higher velocity will produce a more pronounced EQ.

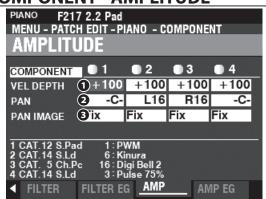
COMPONENT - FILTER EG

The Filter Envelope Generator allows you to control how the Filter will change the sound over time.



The Filter EG works in a manner similar to the Pitch EG (see page 95).

COMPONENT - AMPLITUDE



VEL DEPTH

Setting Range: -100 ~ +100 %

This allows you to adjust the amount of volume in response to key velocity.

At "0" there is no change in volume. At "+100%", the volume is changed by the maximum amount corresponding to velocity.

2 PAN

Setting Range: L64 ~ C ~ R63

This allows you to adjust the directionality or Pan setting for the selected Component.

At "-C-" the sound is located in the center. At "L64" the sound will be in the Left channel only. At "R63" the sound will be in the Right channel only.

3 PAN IMAGE

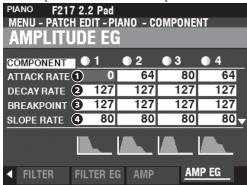
R-L......Playing notes chromatically going up on the keyboard will cause the notes on the right to sound first.

Pyramid....... Notes played chromatically going up on the keyboard will start in the center and alternate between left and right.

Inverted....... Notes played chromatically going up on the keyboard will start at one end and alternate between left and right until they meet in the center.

COMPONENT - AMPLITUDE EG

The Amplitude EG is an Envelope Generator affecting Volume.



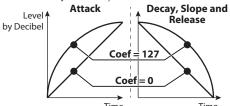
The Amplitude EG works similarly to the Pitch EG; however it has some additional Parameters which are explained below.

NOTE: Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the screen down to see the additional Parameters.

- **®** ATTACK COEFFICIENT
- **@** DECAY COEFFICIENT
- **®** RELEASE COEFFICIENT

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the contour for each envelope zone.



A higher value creates a linear taper suitable for an "upward" level. A lower value creates an exponential taper suitable for a "downward" level.

NOTE: The Decay Coefficient controls both Decay and Slope zones.

MULTI EFFECT 1



See "Multi Effects 1" (P. 106).

OVERDRIVE



See "Overdrive." (P. 111)

MULTI EFFECT 2



See "Multi Effects 2." (P. 112)

EQUALIZER

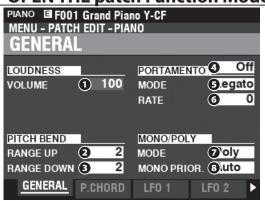


See "Equalizer." (P. 116)

COPYING A COMPONENT

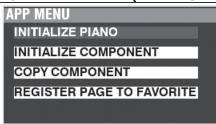
To Copy all the Parameters from one Component to another, do the following.

1. OPEN THE patch Function Mode



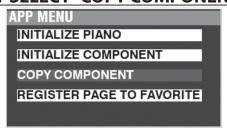
Press the [EDIT] button to open the FUNCTION Mode for the Voice Section you want.

2. OPEN THE APP (APPLICATION) MENU



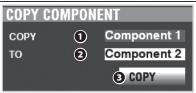
Press and Release the $[\equiv]$ button to open the Application Menu.

2. SELECT "COPY COMPONENT"



Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to "COPY COMPONENT" and press the [ENTER] button.

3. SELECT SOURCE AND DESTINATION



Select the Source and Destination to copy and press the [ENTER] button.

COPY

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the Source (the Component to Copy from).

2 TO

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the Destination (the Component to Copy to).

6 COPY

After doing the above, use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the COPY icon and press the [ENTER] button.

INITIALIZING A PATCH OR COMPONENT

Usually, the best way to create a custom Patch is to find a Patch which already contains most of what you want and edit only the Parameters necessary to create your custom Patch.

However, in some cases you may find it useful to clear the contents of a Patch or Component within a Patch completely and start with a "blank slate." In this case you can <u>Initialize</u> either a complete Patch or one of the four Components within a Patch. This is explained starting on the next page.

COMPONENTS & POLYPHONY

Polyphony refers to the number of notes that can be played simultaneously. The PIANO and ENSEMBLE Sections combined have a total polyphony of 128 notes. Also, the number of Components utilized in a Patch will affect the number of keys that can be played at one time before the 128-note limit is reached.

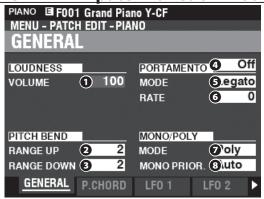
For example, Patches using a single Component can play 128 notes in response to 128 keypresses. However, some Patches utilize more than one Component. Patch #F209 "Soundtrack," for example, utilizes three (3) Components, meaning that pressing one key will cause 3 notes to play. Therefore, if 42 keys are pressed simultaneously the note limit will be reached. If the 128-note limit is exceeded, previously played notes will cancel or "drop out" so that the additional notes can be heard.

Even though some very dramatic effects can be created using more than one Component to create a custom Patch, it is recommended to be aware that using multiple Components will result in fewer keys that can be pressed simultaneously before the 128-note limit is reached.

INITIALIZING A PATCH

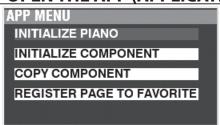
To Initialize an entire Patch prior to editing, do the following:

1. OPEN THE patch Function Mode



Press the [EDIT] button to open the FUNCTION Mode for the Voice Section you want.

2. OPEN THE APP (APPLICATION) MENU



Press and Release the [≡] button to open the Application Menu

3. SELECT "INITIALIZE (PIANO OR ENSEMBLE)"

Press the [ENTER] button.

4. SELECT PARAMETERS TO INITIALIZE



Use the [VALUE] knob to select the Parameters to initialize. Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the [INITIALIZE] icon and press the [ENTER] button.

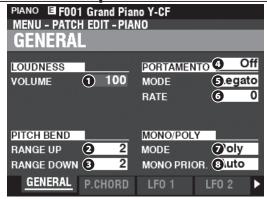
Common....... Parameters such as General, LFO, etc., excluding Components.

All All Parameters including Components.

INITIALIZING A COMPONENT

To Initialize an individual Component, do the following:

1. OPEN THE patch Function Mode



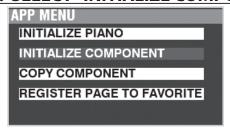
Press the [EDIT] button to open the FUNCTION Mode for the Voice Section you want.

2. OPEN THE APP (APPLICATION) MENU



Press and Release the [≡] button to open the Application Menu

3. SELECT "INITIALIZE COMPONENT"



Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [INITIALIZE COMPONENT] and press the [ENTER] button.

4. SELECT THE COMPONENT TO INITIALIZE



Use the [VALUE] knob to select the Component to initialize and press the [ENTER] button.

1 to 4 Each Component.

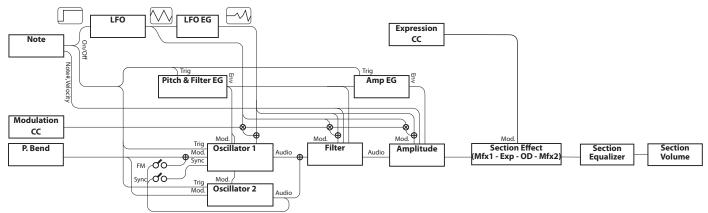
All All the Components.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to adjust the Patch Parameters for the MONO SYNTH Section.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - PATCH - SYNTH - [ENTER]

or Press and Hold the [OSC TYPE] button.



EDITING THE MONO SYNTH SECTION

The MONO SYNTH Section, as the name implies, is a monophonic synthesizer utilizing physical modeling. There are several individual "Oscillator Types" which can be selected.

The selected Oscillator Type can be modified by the Filter (timber), Amplitude (volume), Section Effects (Multi Effects and Overdrive) and the Equalizer.

Timed characteristics such as LFO and Envelope Generators for Pitch&Filter and Amplitude are also provided.

PAGES AND PARAMETERS

GENERAL (P. 101)

This Page allows you to adjust the common Parameters in this Patch.

1. VOLUME

This allows you to adjust the volume.

2. PORTAMENTO

This allows you to adjust Parameters for sliding the pitch between last note and present note.

3. PITCH BEND

This allows you to adjust the range of the Pitch Bend.

LFO (P. 102)

This allows you to adjust the LFO (Low Frequency Oscillator) which creates Vibrato or Tremolo effects, and their depth.

OSCILLATOR (P. 103)

This allows you to adjust the oscillation method and pitch.

FILTER (P. 103)

This allows you to adjust the filter Parameters.

PITCH&FILTER EG (P. 104)

This allows you to adjust the Pitch&Filter envelope.

AMPLITUDE (P. 104)

This allows you to adjust the Amplitude (volume) Parameters.

AMPLITUDE EG (P. 104)

This allows you to adjust the Amplitude Envelope.

MULTI EFFECT 1 (P. 105)

This allows you to adjust the <u>Multi Effects 1</u> (Tremolo, Wah-Wah, Ring Modulator, Compressor) for each MONO SYNTH Patch

OVERDRIVE (P. 105)

This allows you to adjust the Overdrive settings for each Patch.

MULTI EFFECT 2 (P. 105)

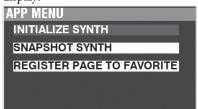
This allows you to adjust the <u>Multi Effects 2</u> (AutoPan, Phaser, Flanger, Chorus, Delay) for each MONO SYNTH Patch.

EQUALIZER (P. 105)

This allows you to adjust the Equalizer.

APP (APPLICATION) MENU

The APP (Application) Menu makes operations below. To display the APP Menu, Press and Release the [≡] button in the SYNTH function mode. The Menu options shown below will display:



INITIALIZE SYNTH......Initialize all the Patch Parameters in the present editing Patch.

SNAPSHOT SYNTH.......Capture the current physical knob and slider settings.

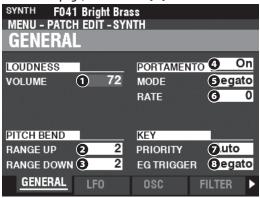
REGISTER PAGE TO FAV Register the current Page to a Favorite.

To select an option:

- 1. Use the DIRECTION [▲]/[▼] buttons to highlight the option you want.
- 2. Press the [ENTER] button to select the desired option.

GENERAL

SHORTCUT: Press and hold the OSCILLATOR [TYPE] to locate the "OSC" page, and use PAGE[◀] button to locate this page.



This Page allows you to adjust the common Parameters of a MONO SYNTH Patch.

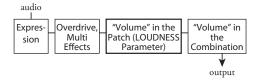
LOUDNESS

VOLUME

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the overall volume of the selected Patch.

NOTE: This Parameter adjusts the volume of the Patch after Multi Effects and Overdrive are added, unlike Expression which regulates the volume before these effects are added (see the illustration below).



PITCH BEND

2 RANGE UP

Setting Range: 0 - 12 [semitones]

RANGE DOWN

Setting Range: 0 - 24 [semitones]

These allow you to adjust the number of semitones the pitch of the selected Patch will bend "Up" or "Down" using the [PITCH BEND] wheel.

PORTAMENTO

SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn the Portamento "ON" or "OFF."

6 MODE

This allows you to adjust how to control the Portamento effect. **Every**......The Portamento will be heard with every keypress. **Legato**.....The Portamento will be heard only when keys are played 'legato' (a key is depressed while another key is held).

6 RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the rate of the Portamento. A higher value will result in a slower Portamento.

KEY

PRIORITY

This allows you to adjust which note will sound if more than one note is played.

Auto......Sounds highest note played when used with other Sections. Sounds last played note when used alone.

Last......The last played note will sound.

Lowest......The lowest note played will sound.

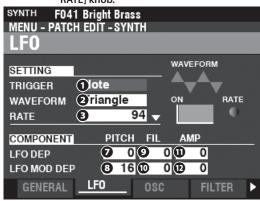
HighestThe highest note played will sound.

8 EG TRIGGER

This allows you to adjust whether the Envelope will reset each time a key is depressed.

LFO

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and move the [LFO RATE] knob.



This Page allows you to adjust the "Low Frequency Oscillator" (LFO, which creates Vibrato or Tremolo effects) and its depth.

TRIGGER MODE

Settings: Note, Free

This allows you to adjust whether the phase of the LFO will reset each time a key is depressed.

Note.....The LFO of each note oscillates individually. Each LFO will start its cycle when a key is depressed.

Free......Pressing a key will intercept the LFO at whatever point it happens to be in its cycle.

WAVEFORM

Settings: See below

This allows you to adjust the waveform of the LFO.

Triangle Triangle wave.

Square......Square wave Positive and Negative.

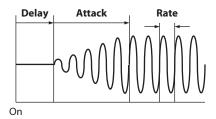
Rectangle Square wave Positive and Zero.

Saw Up.....Sawtooth Upward wave.

Saw Down..... Sawtooth Downward wave

S/HSample and Hold.

Fluctuation ... Random.



8 RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the rate of the oscillation of the LFO.

O DELAY TIME

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the amount of time before the LFO takes effect after a key is depressed.

ATTACK RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the amount of time for the LFO to reach its full amount after a key is depressed.

6 ATTACK KEY TRACK

Setting Range: -64 ~ 0 ~ +63

This allows you to adjust how the Attack Rate is modulated by the note or pitch.

O PITCH DEPTH

- O PITCH MOD DEPTH
- O FILTER DEPTH
- **©** FILTER MOD DEPTH
- **M** AMPLITUDE DEPTH

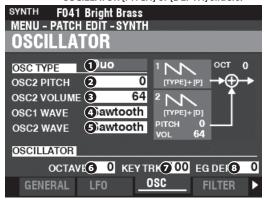
@ AMPLITUDE MOD DEPTH

These allow you to adjust the LFO depth by individual Parameters.

"MOD DEPTH" sets the maximum LFO depth using the [MODULATION] wheel.

OSCILLATOR

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and move the OSCILLATOR [PITCH] or [DEPTH] sliders.



This Page allows you to adjust the oscillating method or pitch.

O TYPE

This allows you to adjust the basic oscillating method.

Sync...... A single oscillator sounds synchronized with an "out-of-

tune" frequency.

Pulse A single oscillator sound as a pulse wave.

FM Frequency modulation between two (2) operators.

Noise...... A single oscillator sounds various types of noise.

2006 MODIFIERS

These Parameters allow you to modify various characteristics of the Oscillators.

NOTE: See page 53 "Oscillator Types And Characteristics" for details.

O OCTAVE

Setting Range: $-2 \sim \pm 0 \sim +2$

This allows you to select the Octave or pitch at which the selected Oscillator will sound.

At "0" the selected Oscillator will sound at unison or actual pitch. "-2" will sound two octaves lower and "+2" will sound two octaves higher.

NOTE: This Parameter is linked to the [OCTAVE] buttons on the Control Panel.

KEY TRACK

Setting Range: ±0 ~ +100 [cents]

This allows you to adjust the amount of pitch change between keys on the keyboard.

At "+100" the musical distance between any two adjacent notes will be 100 cents or one half-step. This is the normal setting. At "+50," the notes will be one quarter-step apart. At "0" every note on the keyboard will sound the same pitch.

8 EG DEPTH

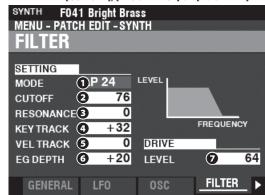
Setting Range: $-64 \sim \pm 0 \sim +63$

This allows you to adjust the depth of the pitch change by the Pitch Envelope.

At "0" there is no pitch change. At "-64." the pitch will change down one octave. At "+63," the pitch will change up one octave.

FILTER

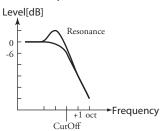
SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and move the FILTER [CUT OFF], [RESONANCE] or [EG DEPTH] knobs.



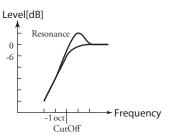
This Page allow you to adjust the harmonic content of the sound.

0 MODE

This allows you to select the filtering method.



LP12/LP24...... Low-Pass 12(24)dB; reduces above the Cutoff Frequency at 12(24)dB/octave.



HP12/HP24..... High-Pass 12(24)dB; reduces below the Cutoff Frequency at 12(24)dB/octave.

2 CUTOFF FREQUENCY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the Cutoff Frequency of the Filter.

B RESONANCE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to add a controlled amplification to the Cutoff Frequency, coloring the sound.

MEYTRACK

Setting Range: $-64 \sim \pm 0 \sim +63$

9 VELTRACK

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

These allow you to adjust the amount the Cutoff Frequency will change by note number / velocity.

NOTE: The Velocity Parameter in the COMBINATION Function Mode must be "ON" (values 1 ~ 4) in order to hear the effect of Velocity Tracking.

6 EG DEPTH

Setting Range: $-64 \sim \pm 0 \sim +63$

This allows you to adjust the amount of the changing Cutoff Frequency by the Filter EG.

At "0" the Cutoff Frequency does not change. At "-64" or "+63," the Cutoff Frequency changes by a wide amount.

O DRIVE LEVEL

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

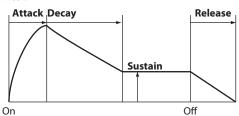
This allows you to adjust the signal level going into the Filter. "64" is a "clean" signal with no distortion. A higher value adds distortion.

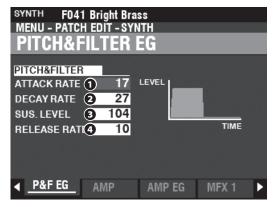
PITCH & FILTER EG

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and move the PITCH & FILTER ENVELOPE [ATTACK], [DECAY], [SUSTAIN] or [RELEASE] sliders.

The EG (Envelope Generator) allows you to control how the sound changes over time.

This EG affects both the Pitch and the Cutoff Frequency of the Filter.





O ATTACK RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the time for the sound to increase to its peak value beginning when a key is depressed. A higher value will result in a slower Attack Rate.

DECAY RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the time from the peak amount to the Sustain Level (explained below). A higher value will result in a longer Decay Rate.

O SUSTAIN LEVEL

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

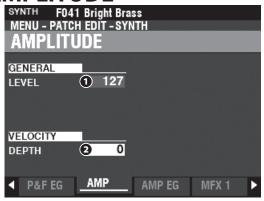
This allows you to adjust the main level which will remain until the key is released. A higher value will result in a higher Sustain Level.

RELEASE RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the time for the level to fade from the Sustain Level to zero after the key is released. A higher value will result in a longer Release time.

AMPLITUDE



This Page allows you to adjust the Parameters controlling loudness.

O GENERAL LEVEL

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the overall volume.

O VELOCITY DEPTH

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

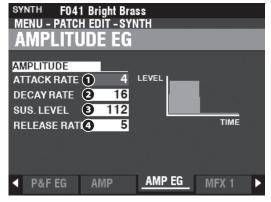
This allows you to adjust how the volume changes by keyboard velocity.

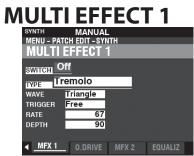
At "0" there is no change in velocity. At "127," the volume is changed by the maximum amount in proportion to the velocity.

AMPLITUDE EG

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and move the AMPLITUDE ENVELOPE [ATTACK], [DECAY], [SUSTAIN] or [RELEASE] sliders.

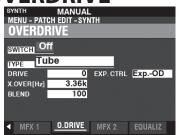
The Amplitude EG is an Envelope Generator which affects Volume. It works in a manner similar to the Pitch&Filter EG's.





See "Multi Effects 1." (P. 106)

OVERDRIVE



See "Overdrive." (P. 111)

MULTI EFFECT 2



See "Multi Effects 2." (P. 112)

EQUALIZER



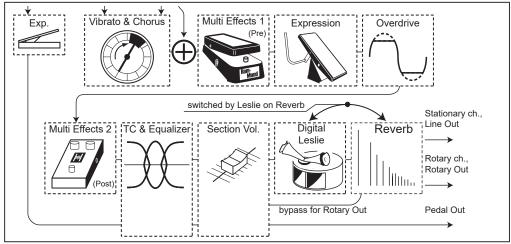
See "Equalizer." (P. 116)

SECTION EFFECTS

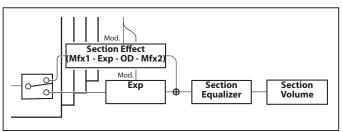
The following pages will explain the Effects for each Voice Section, which are <u>Multi Effects 1</u>, <u>Overdrive</u>, <u>Multi Effects 2</u> and <u>Equalizer</u>. Each Section has its own adjustments for these Effects.

To locate this mode:

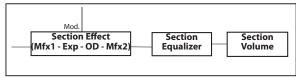
[MENU/EXIT] - PATCH - each Section - [ENTER] - MFX1 / O. DRIVE / MFX2



ORGAN Section



PIANO/ENSEMBLE Section



MONO SYNTH Section

MULTI EFFECT 1 (P. 107)

<u>Multi Effect 1</u> contains effects which are inserted at pre-Overdrive or Expression.

OVERDRIVE (P. 111)

Overdrive adds distortion to the sound by increasing the preamplifier input gain.

MULTI EFFECT 2 (P. 112)

<u>Multi Effect 2</u> contains the effects which are placed after the Expression or Overdrive effect.

EQUALIZER (P. 116)

An **Equalizer** is used to adjust the tonal quality. Each of the four Sections has its own Equalizer.

MULTI EFFECT 1

<u>Multi Effect 1</u> contains the effects listed below which are inserted at pre-Overdrive or Expression.

TREMOLO

<u>Tremolo</u> is a periodic raising and lowering of the amplitude or volume at a determined rate.

WAH-WAH

<u>Wah-Wah</u> is a periodic emphasis and de-emphasis of upper frequencies by means of a frequency filter to impart a speech-like quality to the sound.

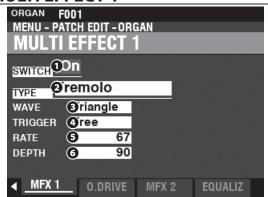
RING MODULATOR

Ring Modulation is a signal-processing effect whereby two different frequencies are mixed together in such a way as to reduce or eliminate the individual frequencies themselves, leaving only the sum and the difference of the two frequencies.

COMPRESSOR

<u>Compressor</u> detects the volume of the source, and reduces or emphasizes the amount of volume change.

MULTI EFFECT 1



SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn a Multi Effect "ON" or "OFF."

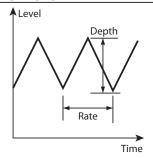
O TYPE

Settings: Tremolo, Wah-Wah, Ring Mod., Compressor

This allows you to select a Multi Effect.

Each Multi Effect has different Parameters. This is explained starting at the right column.

Tremolo



3 WAVEFORM

This allows you to set which waveform is used to modulate the volume.

Triangle Triangle wave.

Square wave.

Saw Down..... Sawtooth Downward wave.

S & H Sample and Hold.

Dull Sqr....... Dull Square wave.

O TRIGGER

This allows you to adjust whether the phase of the modulating waveform will reset each time a key is depressed.

Free......Pressing a key will intercept the LFO at whatever point it happens to be in its cycle.

Single......The LFO of each note oscillates individually. Each LFO will

start its cycle when a key is depressed.

6 RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the modulation rate.

A higher value results in a faster rate.

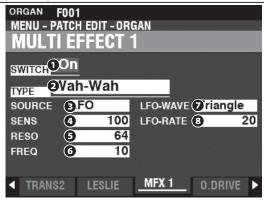
O DEPTH

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the depth of the modulation.

At "0" there is no change in volume. The depth increases as the value increases. At "127" the Tremolo alternates between no sound and maximum volume.

Wah-Wah



SOURCE

Settings: Mod, Exp, LFO, Input

This allows you to select how to modulate the Wah-Wah effect.

Mod.....Allows you to use the [MODULATION] wheel.

Exp.....Allows you to use the Expression Pedal.

LFO......Allows a cyclical modulation using a dedicated LFO-Low Frequency Oscillator.

Input.....Allows you to use the input audio envelope of the sound engine.

SENSITIVITY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the sensitivity or width of the effect.

A higher value results in a wider dynamic response.

B RESONANCE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to boost the cut-off frequency of the Low-Pass Filter and create a more pronounced "Wah" effect.

A higher value results in a greater resonance.

6 FREQUENCY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the central frequency.

A higher value increases the frequency.

LFO WAVEFORM

Settings: Triangle, Square, Saw Down, S & H

This allows you to select the waveform of the LFO.

Triangle Triangle wave.

Square.....Square wave.

Saw Down..... Sawtooth Downward wave.

S & H.....Sample and Hold.

NOTE: The SOURCE must be set to "LFO" to use this Parameter.

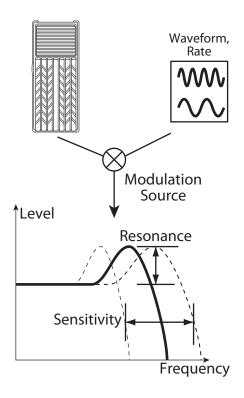
3 LFO RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

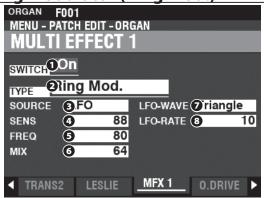
This allows you to adjust the rate of the LFO.

A higher value results in a faster rate.

NOTE: The SOURCE must be set to "LFO" to use this Parameter.



Ring Modulator (Ring Mod.)



tips RING MODULATION

"Ring modulation" in analog circuits is accomplished by arranging diodes in a circle or ring, giving rise to the term, "ring modulator." The result is a sound rich in overtones and typically having somewhat of a bell-like or metallic quality. Because of this, the sound is sometimes called a "Klang tone."

Waveform,

Rate

SOURCE

Settings: Mod, Exp, LFO, Note

This allows you to select how to modulate the ring frequency.

ModAllows you to use the [MODULATION] wheel.

Exp....Allows you to use the Expression Pedal.

LFOAllows a cyclical modulation effect using a dedicated LFO-Low Frequency Oscillator.

NoteAllows you to use a note on the UPPER Keyboard.

SENSITIVITY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the sensitivity or width of the LFO.

A higher value results in a wider excursion of the LFO.

NOTE: The SOURCE must be set to "LFO" to hear this effect.

6 FREQUENCY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the central ring frequency.

A higher value results in a higher central frequency.

6 MIX

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the volume balance between the "dry" and the effect sounds. At "0" only the "dry" sound is heard. The effect level becomes greater as the value increases. At "64" the ratio between the "dry" and the effect sounds becomes 1:1. At "127," only the effect sound is heard.

Modulation Source Original Signal Modulation Effect Signal Ring Frequency Frequency

LFO WAVEFORM

Settings: Triangle, Square, Saw Up, S & H

This allows you to select the waveform of the LFO.

Saw Up..... Sawtooth Upward wave.

S & H......Sample and Hold.

NOTE: The SOURCE must be set to "LFO" to use this Parameter.

1 LFO RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

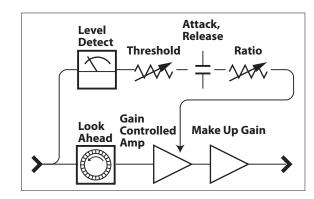
This allows you to adjust the rate of the LFO.

A higher value results in a faster rate.

NOTE: The SOURCE must be set to "LFO" to hear this effect.

Compressor





3 RATIO RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127 (1:1 ~ ∞:1)

This allows you to adjust the rate at which the volume changes between input and output.

A higher value results in a lesser change of volume.

4 THRESHOLD LEVEL

Setting Range: $0 \sim 127 (-24 \sim \pm 0 \text{ [dB]})$

This allows you to adjust the value of the input level at which reduction begins.

A lower value results in compression beginning at a lower input level.

O OUTPUT GAIN

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127 (0 ~ +24 [dB])

This allows you to increase the volume to a level to be reduced by the compression process.

A higher value results in a higher volume.

3 ATTACK RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the rate at which the volume is reduced when the input sound exceeds the threshold level.

A higher value results in a slower reduction rate and the Attack of the sound is emphasized.

O RELEASE RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the rate at which the volume is reduced when the input sound is lower than the threshold level.

A higher value results in a slower release time and the Return gain is delayed.

10 DELAY TIME

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the amount of time before compression takes effect after a key is depressed.

A higher value results in a longer delay.

NOTE: This Parameter also results in faster Attack and Release times.

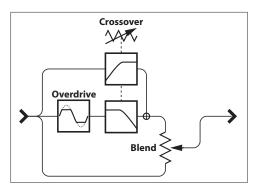
OVERDRIVE

On the SKX PRO, the Overdrive feature is turned "ON and OFF" by the [OVERDRIVE] button. Both the type and amount of Overdrive are controlled by Parameters.

NOTE: The [OVERDRIVE] Touch Button must be "ON" in order to hear the Overdrive effect.

NOTE: The Overdrive is placed between Multi Effect "1" and Multi Effect "2."





SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn Overdrive "ON" or "OFF."

Q TYPE

Settings: Tube, Solid, Clip

This allows you to adjust the character of the Overdrive.

Tube Soft clipped sound similar to a vacuum tube (valve) amplifier.

Solid Hard clipped sound similar to a solid state amplifier.

Clip.....Precision hard-clipped sound.

EP AmpSoft clipped sound similar to the amplifier of an Electric Piano.

O DRIVE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the amount of the distortion.

A higher value results in more distortion.

O CROSSOVER FREQUENCY

Setting Range: 400 ~ 14.7k [Hz]

This allows you to adjust the upper limit of the frequency range receiving Overdrive.

BLEND

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the balance between dry and Overdriven sounds.

At "0" the sound is "dry." At "127," only the Overdriven sound is heard. The numbers in between allow mixing of dry and Overdriven sounds.

NOTE: The mixing rate may not always be "1:1" if the value is set at 64 due to different envelopes between dry and Overdriven sounds.

This allows you to adjust the relation between Expression and the Overdrive effect.

EX-OD Both volume and distortion will changed by the Expression.

OD-EX.....Only volume will be changed by the Expression.

OD Only.......... Only distortion will be changed by the Expression.

Input Similar to OD ONLY, but with a smaller amount of change.

tips crossover frequency

In addition to distortion, the Overdrive effect also introduces harmonics (overtones) into the sound. Some of these harmonics may be undesirable and create harmonic interference between dry and overdriven sounds.

By using the Crossover Frequency Parameter to limit the amount of upper frequencies receiving Overdrive, you can minimize or eliminate harmonic interference and create a more pleasing sound.

MULTI EFFECT 2

<u>Multi Effect 2</u> contains the effects listed below and are placed after the Expression or Overdrive effect.

AUTO Pan

<u>Auto Pan</u> smoothly shifts the sound back and forth between Left and Right channels.

Phaser

Phaser will create the effect of splitting an audio signal into two paths and varying their phase relationship to each other, resulting in an alternately hollow and full-bodied sound. It can be described as a "swooshing" or "twisting" effect.

Flanger

Flanging occurs when two identical signals are mixed together, and one of the signals is time-delayed by a very small amount.

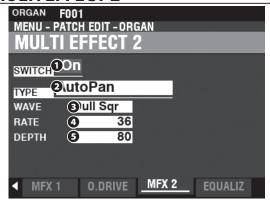
Chorus

<u>Chorus</u> refers to a shimmering, non-periodic enhancement of the sound. It is intended to be similar to several instruments sounding in unison, and is helpful when a thicker tonal texture is desired.

Delay

Delay adds echo effects.

MULTI EFFECT 2



SWITCH

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to turn a Multi Effect "ON" or "OFF."

O TYPE

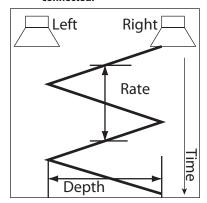
Setting Range: Auto Pan, Phaser, Flanger, Chorus, Delay

This allows you to select a Multi Effect.

Each Multi Effect has different Parameters. This is explained starting at the right column.

Auto Pan

NOTE: This Parameter is not applicable if a monophonic (single channel) sound system is used or a Leslie Speaker Cabinet is connected.



WAVEFORM

Settings: Triangle, Square, L to R, S & H, Dull Sqr

This allows you to select the waveform which will modulate the selected sound.

Triangle Triangle wave.

Square wave.

L to R Left to Right.

S & H Sample and Hold.

Dull Sqr..... Dull Square wave.

A RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the rate of the modulation.

A higher value results in a faster rate.

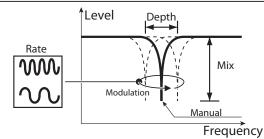
6 DEPTH

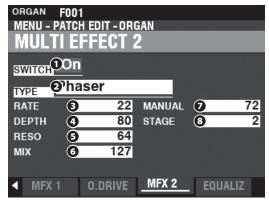
Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the depth of the modulation.

At "0" there is zero panning. A higher value results in wider panning.

Phaser





6 RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the frequency rate.

A higher value results in a faster rate.

O DEPTH

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the depth of the modulation.

A higher value results in a deeper modulation.

6 RESONANCE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the resonance (feed-back) amount. A higher value results in a greater resonance.

NOTE: At higher values, the sound may be modulated to the point the base frequency is no longer audible.

6 MIX

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the volume balance between the "dry" and the effect sounds.

At "0" only the "dry" sound is heard. The effect level becomes greater as the value increases.

MANUAL

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to set the middle frequency of the phase effect. A higher value results in a higher frequency.

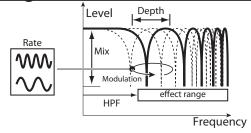
3 STAGE

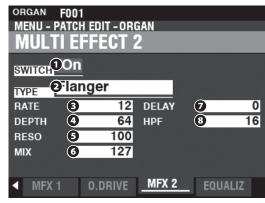
Setting Range: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10

This allows you to adjust the complexity or "stage" of the phasing.

A higher value creates more complex effects.

<u>Flanger</u>





O RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the modulation rate.

A higher value results in a faster rate.

O DEPTH

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the depth of the modulation.

A higher value results in a deeper modulation.

6 RESONANCE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the resonance (feed-back) amount.

A higher value results in a greater resonance.

MIX

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the volume balance between the "dry" and the effect sounds.

At "0" only the "dry" sound is heard. The effect level becomes greater as the value increases.

6 DELAY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to control the delay of the effect sound.

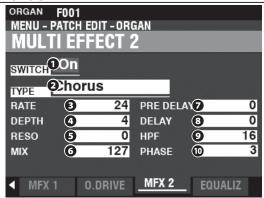
A higher value results in a longer delay.

HPF (High Pass Filter)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to control the frequency range of the effect. At "0" the effect is added to all frequencies. The effect is added to the higher frequencies as the value increases.

Chorus



O RATE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the rate of the rising and falling effect.

A higher value results in a faster rate.

O DEPTH

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the modulation depth.

A higher value results in a deeper modulation.

6 RESONANCE

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the resonance (feed-back) amount.

A higher value results in a greater resonance.

6 MIX

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the volume balance between the "dry" and the effect sounds.

At "0" only the "dry" sound is heard. The effect level becomes greater as the value increases.

PRE-DELAY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to delay the signal for a channel even if the source is Monaural. A higher value creates a time difference between Left and Right to the effect sound.

O DELAY

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to control the delay of the effect sound.

A higher value results in a greater delay.

O HPF (High Pass Filter)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to control the frequency range of the effect.

At "0" the effect is added to all frequencies. The effect is added to the higher frequencies as the value increases.

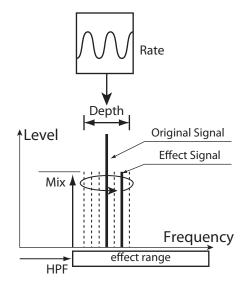
O PHASE

Settings: 2, 3

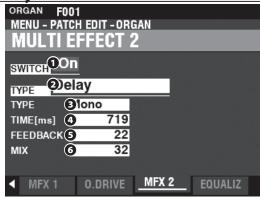
This allows you to select the algorithm of the Chorus effect.

2two-phase.

3 three-phase.



Delay



6 TYPE

Settings: Mono, RtoL, LtoR

This allows you to select how sounds are reflected.

Mono A simple monophonic "echo."

RtoL, LtoR......The delay is alternated in the stereo field. At "RtoL" the delayed sound comes from the right. At "LtoR" the delayed sound comes from the left.

NOTE: This is not applicable if a monophonic (single channel) sound system is used or a Leslie Speaker Cabinet is connected.

O TIME

Setting Range: 10 ~ 1000 [ms]

This allows you to adjust the delay time.

A higher value results in a longer delay time

6 FEEDBACK

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

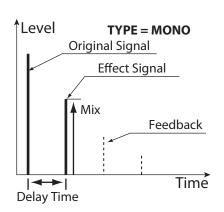
This allows you to adjust the number of repetitions of the effect sound.

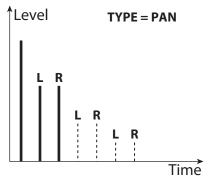
A higher value results in a greater number of repetitions.

6 MIX

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the volume balance between the "dry" and the effect sounds. At "0" only the "dry" sound is heard. The effect level becomes greater as the value increases. At "64" the ratio between the "dry" and the effect sounds becomes 1:1. At "127," only the effect sound is heard.





EQUALIZER

An Equalizer is used to adjust the tonal quality. The built-in Equalizer on the SKX PRO consists of 3 bands. The Bass and Treble bands are handled by "shelf" equalizers, and the Mid band is handled by parametric control. Each of the four Voice Sections has its own Equalizer, and there is also a Master Equalizer which adjusts the tonal quality for the entire instrument.

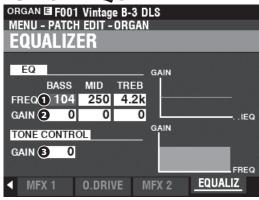
TO LOCATE THE EQUALIZER FOR EACH SECTION:

[MENU/EXIT] - PATCH - each Section - [ENTER] - EQUALIZER

TO LOCATE THE MASTER EQUALIZER:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - SOUND - [ENTER] - MASTER EQUALIZER

SECTION EQUALIZER



This Page allows you to adjust the settings for the Equalizer in each Section (ORGAN Section shown).

• FREQUENCY

Setting Range: 20 ~ 308 [Hz] (BASS) 250 ~ 3.1k [Hz] (MID) 3k ~ 8k [Hz] (TREB)

These allow you to adjust the center or "turnover" frequency to be attenuated for BASS, MID and TREBLE respectively.

Q GAIN

Setting Range: $-9 \sim \pm 0 \sim +9$ [dB]

These allow you to adjust the Boost/Cut of BASS, MID and TREBLE respectively.

NOTE: At "0" the frequency response is "flat."

3 TONE CONTROL (ORGAN Section only)

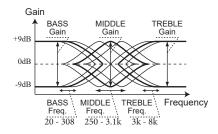
Setting Range: $-9 \sim \pm 0 \sim +9$ [dB]

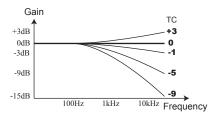
This Parameter duplicates the performance of the tone control on the AO-28 preamp of a B-3 or C-3. Its response is unique, to cut the overall treble above 200Hz gently.

The setting range is -9 to +3, and it becomes neutral when set at "0." "-1" corresponds to the maximum of the B-3/C-3 tone control, "-5," the middle, "-9," the minimum. The tone control found on the B-3/C-3, was only available at "minus" settings, but here you are able to "plus" the settings as well.

NOTE: The sound may distort if gains are raised too high. Adjust accordingly.

NOTE: This Parameter does NOT affect the PIPE Organ Stops.

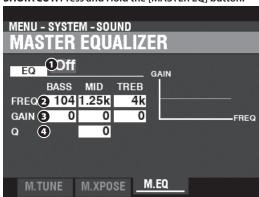




NOTE: The Parameters described on this page are Patch Parameters, and can be Recorded to a Patch(P. 118). For a complete list of all Patch Parameters, please see the APPENDIX starting on page 186.

MASTER EQUALIZER

SHORTCUT: Press and Hold the [MASTER EQ] button.



This Page allows you to adjust the overall tonal quality of the instrument.

O EQ ON/OFF

This allows you to turn the Master Equalizer "ON" or "OFF."

NOTE: This Parameter is linked to the [MASTER EQ] button on the Control Panel.

PREQUENCY

Setting Range: 20 ~ 308 [Hz] (BASS)

125 ~ 4k [Hz] (MID)

3k ~ 8k [Hz] (TREB)

These allow you to adjust the center or "turnover" frequency to be attenuated for BASS, MID and TREBLE respectively.

6 GAIN

Setting Range: $-9 \sim \pm 0 \sim +9$ [dB]

These allow you to adjust the Boost/Cut of BASS, MID and TREBLE respectively.

NOTE: At "0" the frequency response is "flat."

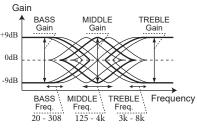
4 0

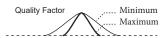
Setting Range: 0 ~ 63

This allows you to adjust the "Q" (Quality Factor) or Resonance of the MID Frequency Band. A higher value results in a greater emphasis of the cutoff frequency, causing a "ringing" effect.

NOTE: Use this Parameter along with the GAIN Parameter for the maximum effect.

NOTE: Setting both the GAIN and the Q at maximum will result in the maximum coloration of the sound.



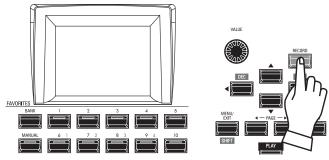


NOTE: The Master Equalizer is among the System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page 143 for instructions on how to do this.

RECORDING A COMBINATION OR PATCH

After you have made changes to a Combination or Patch, you will most likely want to Record them for future use. To do this, follow the instructions on this page.

1 PRESS THE RED [RECORD] BUTTON



After you have made your changes to a Combination or Patch, press the red [RECORD] button. The RECORD Page will display.

② SELECT THE ITEM TO RECORD



O CONTENT

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the Bundle, Combination or Patch you wish to Record. The choices are shown below.

Bundle

Combination Patch

Organ Patch

Piano Patch

Ensemble Patch

Synth Patch

NOTE: A <u>Bundle</u> allows you to Record Combination, ORGAN and MONO SYNTH Parameters in one group so that Patches can be created in fewer steps. See page 26 for more information about Bundles.

O TO

Use the DIRECTION $[\mathbf{V}]$ button to move the cursor to "TO."

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the User Number to Record.

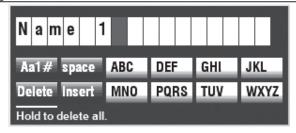
O CATEGORY

If the Patch to be Recorded is a PIANO or ENSEMBLE Patch, use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to "CATEGORY" and use the [VALUE] knob to select the Category.

RECORD

After you have done Steps 1 through 3 above, use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the [RECORD] icon and press the [ENTER] button. The Naming screen will display.

3 NAME THE ITEM



Enter the Name.

[**Delete**]........... Deletes a letter at the cursor. [**VALUE**]........... Changes the letter at the cursor.

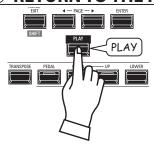
After you are finished Naming, press the [ENTER] button. The message shown below will display for approximately 1 second:

Recording...

NOTE: Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Record, press the [MENU/EXIT] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

4 RETURN TO THE PLAY MODE



Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY mode.

The SKX PRO allows you to Record certain Parameters into macro-settings called <u>Custom Tone Wheels</u>, <u>Custom Pipes</u>, <u>Custom Pedal Registrations</u> and <u>Custom Leslie Cabinets</u>. In this way you can include multiple Parameter settings as part of a Combination, Patch or Bundle, and include the same settings in multiple Patches.

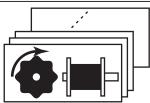
To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - CUSTOM - EACH CONTENT - [ENTER]

CUSTOM CONTENTS

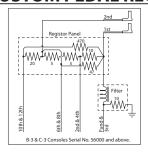


CUSTOM TONE WHEEL (P. 120)



This allows you to select or create Custom Tone Wheels. A Custom Tone Wheel includes profiles of specific organs, Drawbar Foldback points, levels of each individual Tone Wheel, etc.

CUSTOM PEDAL REGISTRATION (P. 123)



This allows you to select and create Custom Pedal Registrations (registrations for the Pedal Drawbars).

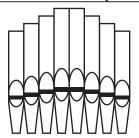
CUSTOM LESLIE (P. 124)



This allows you to select or create Custom Leslie Cabinets.

NOTE: None of the Custom Parameter settings will be remembered unless they are Recorded in one of the Custom units.

CUSTOM PIPE (P. 126)



This allows you to select or create Custom Pipes. A Custom Pipe includes assignment of Pipe Voices to the Drawbars as well as Volume settings, Chiff settings, etc.

If you select an ORGAN Type other than the one currently selected, a dialog box similar to the one shown below will display.

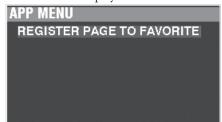


If you want to change the ORGAN Type, use the DIRECTION [▶] button to move the cursor to the [YES] icon, and press the [ENTER] button. If you select [NO] the previous screen will appear.

APP (APPLICATION) MENU

The APP (Application) Menu allows you to select various Menu Pages quickly. To display the APP Menu:

- 1. Select one of the Custom Settings to edit.
- 2. Press and Release the [≡] button. The Menu option shown below will display:



REGISTER PAGE TO FAVRegister the current Page to a Favorite. Press the [ENTER] button to select the displayed option.

CUSTOM TONE WHEELS

This FUNCTION Mode you allows you select or edit the characteristics of the Tone Wheel Organ.

The Parameters described on these pages are grouped in macro-settings called <u>Custom Tone Wheels.</u> These Parameters cannot be Recorded as individual Patch Parameters; however, a Custom Tone Wheel can be Recorded as part of an ORGAN Patch.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - CUSTOM - TONE WHEELS - [ENTER]

SET



O ORGAN TYPE (P)

Setting Range: A-100, B-3, C-3, Mellow

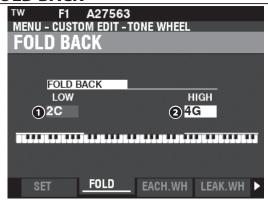
This allows you to select the ORGAN Type to edit.

Q CUSTOM SET (P)

Setting Range: F1 ~ F3, U1 ~ U3

This allows you to select the Custom Number to edit. The letter "F" means Factory (non-re-writable) and "U" means User (re-writable).

FOLD BACK



O LOW (TW)

Setting Range: 1C ~ 2C

This allows you to adjust the key-point from which the Drawbar pitches for the Sub-Fundamental (16') Drawbar "Fold Back" (repeat the pitches played by other notes) on the lower octave of the keyboard.

The bottom key on the keyboard is displayed as "1C."

O HIGH (TW)

Setting Range: 4G ~ 5C

This allows you to adjust the key-point at which the Drawbar pitches "Fold Back" (repeat the pitches played by other notes) in the higher octaves of the keyboard.

NOTE: The FOLD BACK effect will be heard starting with the 2½ 'Drawbar (first black Drawbar) and all the other Drawbars which introduce high harmonics.

tips WHAT ARE "CUSTOM TONE WHEELS?"

When the Tone Wheel Hammonds - B-models, C-models, A-100, etc. - were being manufactured, each individual organ was subjected to a rigorous series of checks and tests to insure the quality of each unit, and to insure that all the units representing a particular model series all sounded alike. However, since the very newest B-3-type organ is at least 45 years old, vintage organs are dependent for their sound on analog components. Several factors may affect the sound of a particular unit. Thus, a B-3 manufactured in 1959 may well have a slightly different tone than one made in 1969, not necessarily because of the year but because of slight differences in component values among other factors. Also, many characteristics of the Hammond Organ, especially as heard in much jazz and rock music, have to do with the overall condition of the instrument. The Custom Tone Wheel feature is included to allow you to find, or create the nearest approximation of what you want your "Hammond Sound" to be.

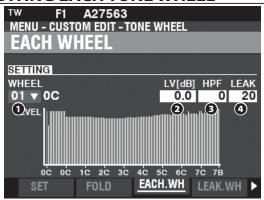
All of the Parameters described on this page and on the following pages comprise a Custom Tone Wheel. These Parameters cannot be Recorded as individual Patch Parameters; however, a Custom Tone Wheel can be Recorded as part of an ORGAN Patch

tips FOLD BACK

On the earliest model Hammond Organs, the Sub-Fundamental Drawbar (the one marked, "16"") would continue to play all the way down to the lowest "C" ("1C"). Newer models such as the Hammond Models X-66, X-77 and Concorde do the same, however, the 8th harmonic Drawbar (the one marked "1"") continues to play up the keyboard to the next to highest "C" ("5C") on the Keyboard.

On a vintage B-3, C-3, A-100, etc., the lowest note produced by the Sub-Fundamental Drawbar is the 2nd "C" ("2C") from the left end of the Keyboard, while the highest note that can be played by the 8th harmonic Drawbar is the 4th "F#" from the left end of the Keyboard. The lower and higher keys on the keyboard **Fold Back**, in that they repeat the pitches played by other notes.

EDITING EACH TONE WHEEL



WHEEL

This allows you to select the Tone Wheel you want to edit.

The setting range is displayed by "Wheel Number" and "Note",

01: 0C to 12: 0B, F01: 0C to F12: 0B,

13: 1C to 91: 7F# and

F92: 7G to F96: 7B.

"F" denotes wheels used for extended "Fold Back." The non-marked Wheel Numbers indicate original wheels from the B-3/C-3/A-100.

There are two ways to select the Wheel Number:

- 1. Use the [VALUE] knob, or,
- 2. If you want to locate a certain Tone Wheel quickly, move the Drawbar slightly while depressing the key you want to regulate (see the illustration on the right).

When the Wheel Number is selected, each Parameter for the wheel (2 to 4) is updated.

NOTE: Make sure [TRANSPOSE] and [OCTAVE] are set at "0" to ensure that the correct Wheel is selected.

② LEVEL (TW)

Setting Range: -Inf, -92.0 ~ +4.0 [dB]

This allows you to adjust the volume of the selected Wheel.

HPF (TW)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to adjust the "HPF" (<u>High-Pass Filter</u>), which will remove the higher frequencies of the selected Wheel.

A lower value will introduce a "motor hum" or noise) which will be heard in addition to the Tone Wheel sound.

O LEAK (TW)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

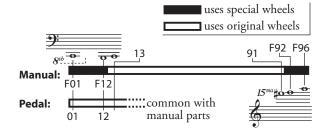
This allows you to adjust the amount of Leakage sound added to the Fundamental sound.

A higher value will result in more Leakage.

NOTE: See page 122 for more information about Leakage.

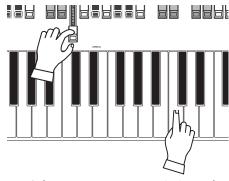
tips "F" WHEELS AND PEDAL WHEELS

On the B-3/C-3/A-100, there are 91 sounding tone wheels. Wheels #1 through #12 are special wheels called **Complex Wheels** used exclusively for the Pedal tones. Later Hammond models had 96 sounding tone wheels, with the Sub-Fundamental Drawbar (the one marked, "16") continuing to play all the way down to the lowest "C" ("1C") and 5 additional pitches at the top. On the SKX PRO, the extended pitches are designated as "F" (Fold Back) pitches (see the illustration below).

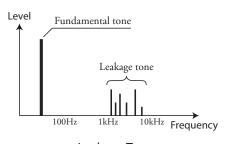


tips DECIBEL (dB)

A decibel (dB) is a unit for measuring the intensity of a sound. For example, "0dB" is a reference level, "+6dB" doubles the sound intensity and "-6db" decreases the sound intensity by about 50%.



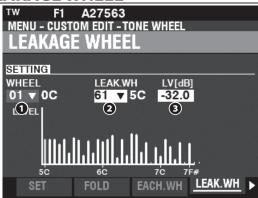
Selecting a WHEEL NUMBER to edit



Leakage Tone

NOTE: The Parameters labeled (TW) are Tone
Wheel Parameters. You must Record
these Parameters to a Custom Tone
Wheel if you want their settings to
be remembered the next time the
instrument is turned "ON." See page
128 for instructions on how to do this.

LEAKAGE WHEEL



Q LEAK WH (TW)

This allows you to add a Leakage Tone to any of the Wheels from "01:0C" to "72:6B" ("Fundamental Wheels") by using the "Leakage Wheels" ("61:6C" through "91:8F - see the illustration on the right).

The Leakage Wheel will sound along with the Fundamental Wheel 10.

There are two ways to select a Leakage Wheel:

- 1. Use the [VALUE] knob, or,
- 2. If you want to locate a certain Leakage Wheel quickly, move the Drawbar slightly while depressing the key you want to regulate (see the illustration on the right).

LEVEL (TW)

Setting Range: -Inf (OFF), -92.0 ~ +4.0 [dB]

This allows you to adjust the Volume of the selected Leakage Wheel.

NOTE: The overall volume of the selected Wheel may decrease as the Leakage Volume is increased.

MATRIX LEVEL



FOOTAGE (TW)

Setting Range: 16, 5-1/3, 8, 4, 2-2/3, 2, 1-3/5, 1-1/3, 1, Perc 2nd, Perc 3rd

O NOTE (TW)

Setting Range: 1C ~ 6C

This allows you to select **Matrix** to adjust the level of each Drawbar and each note.

LEVEL (TW)

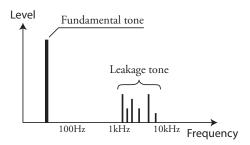
Setting Range: -Inf, -92.0 ~ +4.0 [dB]

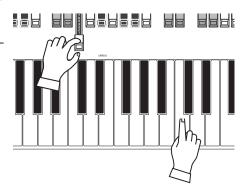
This allows you to adjust the level of the Matrix selected above.

tips WHAT IS "LEAKAGE?"

On a Tone Wheel Hammond Organ, each tone wheel rotates next to a magnet, making a total of 91 or 96 magnets. The tone wheels are mounted in separate bins to isolate them from each other and prevent the magnets from intercepting frequencies from neighboring wheels; however, a small amount of current may still "leak" through, producing a phenomenon called Leakage. Leakage is usually heard as a "hash" type sound consisting of many frequencies sounding at once. The phenomenon can be thought of as similar to white noise but with somewhat more definition, with individual pitches more discernable. A properly calibrated B-3/C-3 will have a minimum of this effect:

However, an instrument which has been subjected to hard use over a period of time may exhibit more leakage noise.





Selecting a WHEEL NUMBER to edit

NOTE: The Parameters labeled (TW) are
Tone Wheel Parameters. You must
Record these Parameters to a Custom
Tone Wheel if you want their settings
to be remembered the next time the
instrument is turned "ON." See page
128 for instructions on how to do this.

CUSTOM PEDAL REG.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to select or edit the registrations for the PEDAL or **Sub-Drawbars**.

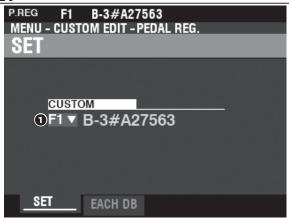
The Parameters described on this page are grouped in macro-settings called <u>Custom Pedal Registrations</u>. These Parameters cannot be Recorded as individual Patch Parameters; however, a Custom Pedal Registration (<u>PEDAL REG.</u>) can be Recorded as part of an ORGAN Patch.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - CUSTOM - PEDAL REG. - [ENTER]

The Tone Wheel Organs A-100, B-3, C-3 and Mellow contain the "Sub-Drawbar" registrations. If these ORGAN Types are selected, the Sub-Drawbars will be selected.

SET



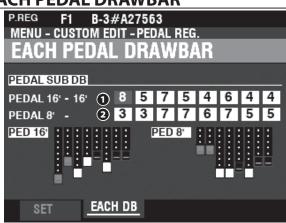
O CUSTOM SET

Setting Range: F1 ~ F3, U1 ~ U3

This allows you to select the Custom Number to edit.

The letter "F" stands for Factory (non-re-writable) and "U" stands for User (re-writable).

EACH PEDAL DRAWBAR



- O SUB DRAWBAR 16' (PR)
- **2** SUB DRAWBAR 8' (PR)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 8

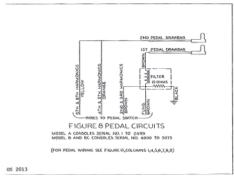
These allow you to adjust the harmonics of each Pedal Drawbar. Adjustable footages are 16', $5\frac{1}{3}'$, 8', 4', $2\frac{2}{3}'$, 2', $1\frac{3}{5}'$, and $1\frac{1}{3}'$.

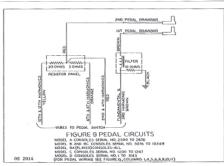
NOTE: The footages 2½′, 2′, 1¾′ and 1⅓′ in the Sub Drawbar 16′ have softer maximum volumes than the other footages for fine-adjustment.

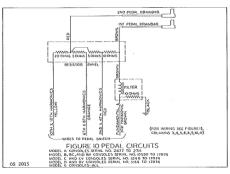
NOTE: The Parameters labeled (PR) are Pedal Registration Parameters. You must Record these Parameters to a Custom Pedal Registration if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page 128 for instructions on how to do this.

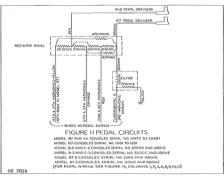
tips WHAT ARE "SUB-DRAWBARS?"

On a Tone Wheel Hammond Organ, the harmonic resources for Pedal tones are combined into two Drawbars each of which draws a combination of harmonics instead of individual harmonics as with the other Drawbars. Over the years, several different schemes were used to voice the Pedal Drawbars. These are shown below.









CUSTOM LESLIE

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to select or edit the Parameters for the inbuilt digital Leslie.

The Parameters described on these pages are grouped in macro-settings called <u>Custom Leslie Cabinets</u>. These Parameters cannot be Recorded as individual Patch Parameters; however, a Custom Leslie Cabinet can be Recorded as part of an ORGAN Patch.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - CUSTOM - LESLIE - [ENTER]

CABINET NUMBER



O CUSTOM CABINET

Setting Range: F1 ~ F8

This allows you to select the Cabinet Number to edit.

The letter "F" stands for Factory (non-re-writable) and "U" stands for User (re-writable).

SPEAKER

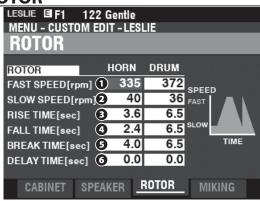
O SPEAKER (L)

Setting Range: L145 Front, L145 Rear, L147 Front, L147 Rear, L122 Front, L122 Rear, Cone Type, PR-40 Type

This allows you to select the Custom Leslie Cabinet.

NOTE: See the APPENDIX on page 193 for more information about Custom Leslie Cabinets.

ROTOR



SLOW SPEED - HORN / DRUM (L)

Setting Range: 0, 20 ~ 120 [rpm]

These allow you to set the rotor speed for the "SLOW" or Chorale Mode.

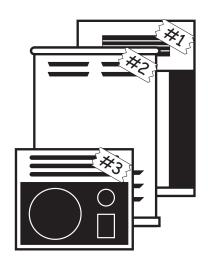
tips WHAT ARE "CUSTOM LESLIE CABINETS?"

All of the Parameters described on this page and on the following page comprise a Custom Leslie Cabinet. These Parameters cannot be Recorded as individual Patch Parameters; however, a Custom Cabinet can be Recorded as part of a Patch.

The SKX PRO has 8 different Custom Leslie Cabinets. These are Factory Cabinets (indicated by an "F") which are permanently written in memory. However, you can create and Record up to 8 User Cabinets (which will be indicated by a "U").

To create and Record a Leslie Cabinet, use the LESLIE FUNCTION Mode to modify the sonic characteristics of one of the "F" Cabinets. After you have made all of your changes, you can Record them as a "U" Leslie Cabinet.

For a list of the Factory Leslie Cabinets consult the APPENDIX at the back of this Manual starting on page 193. For a complete list of Leslie Parameters consult the APPENDIX on page 195.



② FAST SPEED - HORN / DRUM (L)

Setting Range: 0, 200 ~ 500 [rpm]

These allow you to set the rotor speed for the "FAST" or Tremolo Mode.

Setting Range: 0.8 ~ 12.5 [sec] (Horn) 1.0 ~ 12.5 [sec] (Drum)

These allow you to adjust the time for the rotors to "ramp up" to "FAST" Mode when switching from 'SLOW' or 'STOP" to 'FAST' Mode.

4 FALL TIME - HORN / DRUM (L)

Setting Range: 0.8 ~ 12.5 [sec] (Horn) 1.0 ~ 12.5 [sec] (Drum)

These allows you to adjust the time for the rotor to reach the 'SLOW" rotor speed when switching from "FAST" to "SLOW" Mode.

BRAKETIME - HORN / DRUM (L)

Setting Range: 0.8 ~ 12.5 [sec] (Horn) 1.0 ~ 12.5 [sec] (Drum)

This allows you to adjust the time for the rotor to Stop when switching from "FAST to "STOP" Mode.

3 DELAY TIME - HORN / DRUM (L)

Setting Range: 0.0 ~ 1.0 [sec]

These allow you to adjust the time to start changing the speed when the Mode is switched.

MICROPHONE SETTINGS

These Parameters allow you to replicate various Microphone placements of a Leslie Speaker Cabinet.

1 LEVEL - HORN / DRUM / SUB BASS (L)

Setting Range: -INF, -76 ~ 0 [dB]

These allow you to adjust the volume levels of the Horn Rotor, Drum Rotor and Sub Bass

NOTE: The Sub Bass sound is "dry" - not modulated.

WIDTH - HORN / DRUM (L)

Setting Range: 0 ~ 40 [cm]

These allow you to adjust the distance between Left and Right Microphones. At "0" there is no separation.

A higher value will increase the stereo separation.

CENTER - HORN / DRUM (L)

Setting Range: -50 ~ +50 [cm]

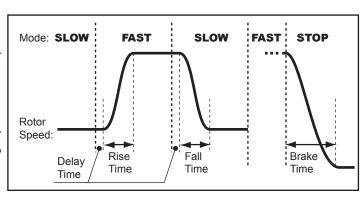
This allows you to adjust the offset between the center of two microphones and the pivot of the rotor.

On a Leslie Speaker Cabinet the Horn Rotor rotates counter-clockwise and the Drum Rotor rotates clockwise. The digital Leslie replicates this feature. To emphasize the 'approaching the opening of the rotor', set a '+' value for the Horn rotor, and a '-' value for the Drum rotor.

4 DISTANCE - HORN / DRUM (L)

Setting Range: 30 ~ 200 [cm]

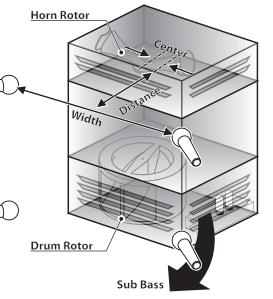
These are for replicating distance settings between a Leslie Speaker and the microphones. A lower value results in a deeper effect.



tips What is that "time" based on?

It is different that the "TIME" between a Mode to a Mode of the Leslie effect by the speed at that time.

On this instrument, the "TIME" is displayed based on changing speed between 40 rpm and 400 rpm.



NOTE: The Parameters labeled "L" are Leslie Parameters. You must Record these Parameters to a Custom Leslie Cabinet if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page 128 for instructions on how to do this.

CUSTOM PIPE

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to select or edit the characteristics of the Pipe Voices.

The Parameters described on these pages are grouped in macro-settings called <u>Custom PIPES</u>. These Parameters cannot be Recorded as individual Patch Parameters; however, a Custom Pipe can be Recorded as part of an ORGAN Patch.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - CUSTOM - PIPE - [ENTER]

SET



CUSTOM SET

Setting Range: F1 ~ F3, U1 ~ U3

This allows you to select the Custom Pipe Number to edit.

The letter "F" means factory (not re-writable) and "U" means user (re-writable).

UPPER / LOWER / PEDAL STOP SET

This allows you to assign Pipe Voices to the Drawbars and to adjust the Parameters of each Stop to your preference. Each Parameter is explained in detail starting below.

, ,				1				
Classic				Classic	;			
OM EDIT -	PIPE			OM EDIT	-PIPE			
STOR S	E	3	4	STOR	SET	7	8	9
$\overline{}$				∢TREM	CHIFF			IMAGE
S04 ▼	-4.5	16'	0	On	Soft	-25	L16	16 LtoR
S01 ▼	-2.5	8'	0	On	Loud	-28	L24	24 LtoR
S06 ▼	-1.5	8'	0	On	Loud	0	L20	20 LtoR
S10 ▼	-5.5	8'	0	On	Soft	-35	L12	12 LtoR
S02 ▼	-8.0	4'	0	On	Loud	-23	L8	_8 LtoR
S05 ▼	-9.5	4'	0	On	Loud	-23	L10	10 LtoR
UPPER 1 S04 : [Classic] Bourdon 1 : [Classic] Bourdon 1								
UPPER DI	LOWE	R DB PE	DAL DB	UPPER I	DB LOWE	R DB PEI	DAL DB	PEDAL DB
	STOP SO4V SO5V : [Classi	OM EDIT - PIPE TOP SE2 STOP VOL(dB) S04▼ -4.5 S01▼ -2.5 S06▼ -1.5 S10▼ -5.5 S02▼ -8.0 S05▼ -9.5 : [Classic] Bour	OM EDIT - PIPE TOP SE2 STOP VOL[dB] FTG S04▼ -4.5 16' S01▼ -2.5 8' S06▼ -1.5 8' S10▼ -5.5 8' S02▼ -8.0 4' S05▼ -9.5 4' :[Classic] Bourdon 1	OM EDIT - PIPE TOP SET 3 STOP VOL(dB) FTG TUNE S04v -4.5 16' 0 S01v -2.5 8' 0 S06v -1.5 8' 0 S10v -5.5 8' 0 S02v -8.0 4' 0 S05v -9.5 4' 0 : [Classic] Bourdon 1	OM EDIT - PIPE TO	OM EDIT - PIPE TOP SET 3 4 STOS SET 6 STOP VOL[dB] FTG TUNE	OM EDIT - PIPE OM EDIT - PIPE STOP SET SET STOP SET SET	STOP SET STOP SET STOP SET STOP SET STOP SET STOP SO4▼ -4.5 16 O On Soft -25 L16 SO1▼ -2.5 8 O On Loud -28 L24 SO6▼ -1.5 8 O On Loud O L20 S10▼ -5.5 8 O On Soft -35 L12 SO2▼ -8.0 4 O On Loud -23 L8 SO5▼ -9.5 4 O On Loud -23 L10 S10▼ -25 S10Φ -25 S10▼ -25 S10Φ -25 S10Φ -25 S10Φ -25 S10Φ -25 S10Φ -25 S10Φ

• STOP (Pi)

This allows you to assign a Pipe Stop to each of the Drawbars.

NOTE: See page 179 for a list of the available Pipe Stops.

VOLUME (Pi)

Setting Range: -Inf, -92.0 ~ +4.0 [dB]

This allows you to adjust the Volume of each Pipe Stop.

§ FOOTAGE (Pi)

Setting Range: 32, 16, 5 1/3, 8, 4, 2 2/3, 2, 1 3/5, 1 1/3, 1

This allows you to adjust the Pitch of each Pipe Stop. The pitches are expressed in Footages.

NOTE: See page 38 for more information about Drawbars and their Footage designations.

TUNE (Pi)

Setting Range: $-50 \sim \pm 0 \sim +50$ [cent]

This allows you to detune the pitch of the selected Pipe Voice Up or Down by cents (50 cents = one quarter-step).

6 TREMULANT (Pi)

Settings: Off, On

This allows you to add Tremulant to the Pipe Voices using the [VIBRATO] controls.

tips WHAT ARE "CUSTOM PIPES?"

All of the Parameters described on this page and on the following page comprise a Custom Pipe. These Parameters cannot be Recorded as individual Patch Parameters; however, a Custom Pipe can be Recorded as part of a Patch.

The SKX PRO has 3 different Factory Custom Pipes, indicated by an "F," which are permanently written in memory. You can create and Record up to 3 User Custom Pipes which will be indicated by a "U."

To create and Record a Custom Pipe, use the PIPE FUNCTION Mode to edit the Parameters of one of the "F" Custom Pipes. After you have made all of your changes, you can Save them as a "U" Custom Pipe.

tips TREMULANT

Pipe organs typically have one or more "tremulants" which vary the air pressure to the pipes periodically, producing a vibrato or tremolo effect.

6 CHIFF (Pi)

Settings: Off, Soft, Mid, Loud

This allows you to adjust the amount of Chiff or attack for the selected Pipe Voice.

OffNo Chiff.

Soft.....A small amount of chiff.

Mid.....A moderate amount of chiff.

Loud.....The maximum amount of chiff.

NOTE: Reed stops such as "Hautbois," "Trompette" and "Cornopean" do not receive Chiff.

O CUTOFF (Pi)

Setting Range: -127 ~ 0

This allows you to adjust the Cutoff Frequency (brightness).

3 PAN (Pi)

Setting Range: L64 ~ C ~ R63

This allows you to adjust the basic direction of the pipe.

9 IMAGE (Pi)

This allows you to adjust the arrangement of the pipe.

FIX	No image	No imaging - all the notes sound from the
L-R		center). Pipes producing lower pitches are on the left. Playing notes chromatically going up on the keyboard will cause the pipes on the left to sound first
R-L		Pipes producing higher pitches are on the right. Playing notes chromatically going up on the keyboard will cause the pipes on the right to sound first
PYR		When notes are played chromatically going from left to right on the keyboard, the notes start in the center and alternate between left and right
INV		When notes are played chromatically going up on the keyboard, the notes start at one end and alternate between left and right until they meet in the center.

tips WHAT IS "CHIFF?"

On a pipe organ, when a flue stop such as a Diapason, String or Flute is drawn and a key is depressed, a valve opens, and air escapes through the hole in which the pipe sits, allowing the pipe to sound. When the air first enters the pipe, there is a small, short burst of upper harmonics before the tone develops fully. The term "Chiff" was coined by pipe organ makers to describe this sound.

tips WHAT IS "PIPE VOICE IMAGING?"

The pipes of a pipe organ are arranged into sets called ranks. Each ranks consists of pipes representing a specific sound on the organ - Open Diapason, Trompette, etc. (In keeping with the different philosophies of organ sound, many organ stop names are of European origin; hence the use of French, German, Dutch, etc.)

The pipes of each rank are supported by an assembly called a chest. The pipes can be arranged in many different ways on the chest. The pipe arrangement chosen by the maker depends on several things - aesthetics, musical, etc. - but the four most common ones are shown on the left.

The two pipe placement schemes on the immediate left are sometimes referred to as "C-C#" placement due to chromatic notes being separated.

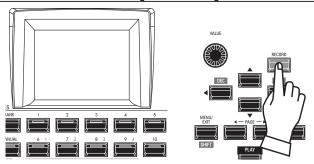
NOTE: The Parameters labeled (Pi) are Pipe Parameters. You must Record these Parameters to a Custom Pipe if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON."

See page 128 for instructions on how to do this.

RECORDING A CUSTOM SETTING

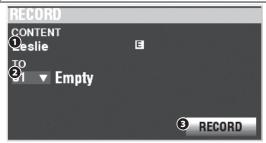
To Record a Custom Setting, do the following:

1 PRESS THE RED [RECORD] BUTTON



After you have made your changes to a Custom Setting, press the red [RECORD] button. The RECORD Page will display.

② SELECT THE ITEM TO RECORD



O CONTENT

о то

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the User Number to Record.

NOTE: You can also select a User Number by using the numbered [FAVORITE] buttons to type in the number and pressing the [ENTER] button.

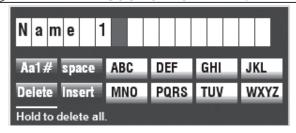
NOTE: If edits have been made to a Custom Setting, an "E" will appear to the right of the CONTENT icon.

NOTE: You CANNOT Record to an "F" setting.

RECORD

After you have selected the User Number, press the red [RECORD] button. The Naming screen will display.

3 NAME THE CUSTOM SETTING



Enter the Name.

4 RECORD THE SETTING

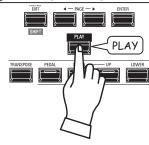
After Naming your Custom Setting, press the [ENTER] button. The message shown below will display for approximately 1 second:



NOTE: Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Record, press the [MENU/EXIT] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

5 RETURN TO THE PLAY MODE



Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY mode.

SYSTEM

<u>System Parameters</u> allow you to adjust functions such as the Parameters for the AUDIO jacks, the MIDI Ports, various Controllers, loading and saving Patches, etc. A complete list is shown on this page.

SYSTEM PARAMETERS AND CONTENTS

SOUND (P. 130)

- Master Tune
- Transpose
- Master Equalizer

AUDIO (P. 131)

- [ROTARY OUT] jack
- [PEDAL OUT] jack
- [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jacks
- Audio channels of the Leslie Speaker system

CONTROL (P. 132)

- Foot Switch
- Expression Pedal
- Damper Pedal
- [USER] button
- [PITCH BEND] wheel
- Tone Wheel Brake
- Display
- Action of the knobs and buttons
- Keyboard

PATCH LOAD (P. 139)

Parameter range to load when a Combination is selected.

FAVORITES (P. 140)

- Action of the Favorites feature
- Edit the Favorites for Combinations
- Edit the Favorites for Display pages

MIDI (P. 158)

- Purpose of the MIDI Ports
- Send/Receive a Memory Dump
- MIDI Channels

GLOBAL (P. 142)

- Auto Power Off
- USB Mass Storage

DELETE (P. 144)

Delete user content(s)

DEFAULT (P. 145)

Initialize each content to factory-default settings

INFORMATION (P. 146)

- Display Software Versions
- Update Software

SYSTEM

SOUND MIDI
AUDIO GLOBAL
CONTROL DELETE
PATCH LOAD DEFAULT
FAVORITE INFORMATION

PATCH CUSTOM SYSTEM FILE

NOTE: The Parameters in this Mode are System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page143 for instructions on how to do this.

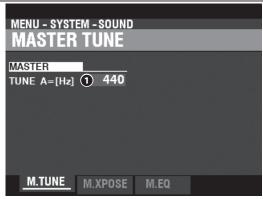
SOUND

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to adjust the MASTER TUNE, MASTER TRANSPOSE and MASTER EQUALIZER Parameters which affect the entire instrument.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - **System** - **Sound** - [enter]

MASTER TUNE

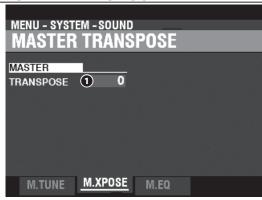


MASTER TUNE

Setting Range: A=430 ~ 450 [Hz]

This allows you to adjust the pitch of the entire instrument Up or Down 10 cents (100 cents = one semitone or half-step).

MASTER TRANSPOSE



MASTER TRANSPOSE

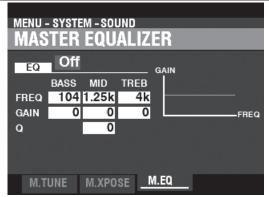
Setting Range: $-6 \sim \pm 0 \sim +6$ [semitones]

This allows you to Transpose the entire instrument Up or Down 6 semitones.

NOTE: This Parameter is linked to the [TRANSPOSE] button on the Control Panel.

NOTE: When the power to the SKX PRO is turned "OFF," this Transpose setting is not retained. It will be set to "0" when the power is next turned "ON."

MASTER EQUALIZER



This allows you to adjust the timbre or tone quality of the entire instrument (P. 117).

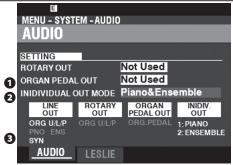
NOTE: The Parameters in this Mode are System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page 143 for instructions on how to do this.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to select how to route the audio signals from the instrument.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - AUDIO - [ENTER]

OUTPUT



ROTARY OUT

Settings: Not Used, Used

This allows you to select whether to route an audio signal from the Tone Wheel or Transistor ORGAN Types to the [ROTARY OUT] jack.

Not Used The audio from the Tone Wheel and Transistor ORGAN Types will be present at the [LINE OUT] jacks.

IsedThe audio from the Tone Wheel and Transistor ORGAN Types will be routed to the [ROTARY OUT] jack instead of the [LINE OUT] jacks.

PEDAL OUT

Settings: Not Used, Used

This allows you to select whether to route an audio signal to the [PEDAL OUT] jack.

Not Used The audio from the PEDAL Part of the ORGAN Section will be present at the [LINE OUT] jacks.

3 INDIVIDUAL OUT MODE

Setting Range: See below

This allows you to adjust the assignment of audio signals between Sections and [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jacks.

Piano Stereo. The audio from the PIANO Section will be routed to both [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jacks.

Ensemble

Stereo.....The audio from the ENSEMBLE Section will be present at both [LINE OUT] jacks.

Synth Stereo The audio from the MONO SYNTH Section will be present at both [LINE OUT] jacks.

Piano/

Ensemble......The PIANO Section will be routed to the Left [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jack and the ENSEMBLE Section will be routed to the Right [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jack.

Piano/Synth.. The PIANO Section will be routed to the Left [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jack and the MONO SYNTH Section will be routed to the Right [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jack.

Ensemble/

Synth.....The ENSEMBLE Section will be routed to the Left [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jack and the ENSEMBLE Section will be routed to the Right [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jack.

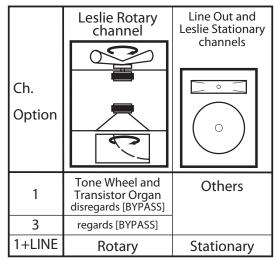
NOTE: If the [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jacks are used, the selected Section(s) will not sound through the [LINE OUT] jacks.

LESLIE



EXTERNAL LESLIE CHANNEL

This allows you to adjust the correct routing of the audio signals depending on the Leslie Speaker connected to the instrument via the [LESLIE 11-pin] socket.



- 1lf a single channel Leslie Speaker is connected, the audio from the Tone Wheel / Transistor Organs is sent to the Rotary Channel regardless of the status of the [BYPASS] button.
- 3lf a multi-channel Leslie Speaker is connected, the audio from the Tone Wheel / Transistor Organs is sent to the Rotary Channel only if the [BYPASS] button is "ON." If the [BYPASS] button is "OFF," the audio from the Tone Wheel / Transistor Organs is sent to the Stationary Channel(s).
- **1+LINE**......If a single channel Leslie Speaker is connected, the audio from the Tone Wheel / Transistor Organs is sent to the Rotary Channel and the audio from the other Voice Sections will be sent to the [LINE OUT] jacks and can be heard through a connected amplifier or speaker system.

NOTE: The Parameters in this Mode are System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page 143 for instructions on how to do this.

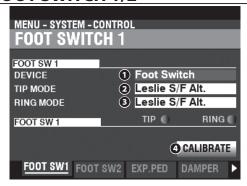
CONTROL

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to select the Parameters for the various Controls, including Foot Switches, Expression Pedals, controls on the Control Panel and the display.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - **SYSTEM** - **CONTROL** - [ENTER] or, Press the [CONTROL] button.

FOOT SWITCH 1/2



This Page allows you to select the Function of devices connected to the Foot Switch [FOOT SWITCH 1/2] jacks.

O DEVICE

This allows you to select the device to be connected to the [FOOT SWITCH 1] jack. Foot SwitchFoot Switch.

Leslie Switch Leslie Switch (such as CU-1 or FS-10TL).

NOTE: The FOOT SWITCH 2 jack will not accept a Leslie Switch.

MODE-TIP

•	t the function of the "Tip Mode" of a connected Foot Switch.
Off	
Leslie S/F Alt, Mom, Tri	Allows you to switch the Leslie Rotors among "Slow/Fast/Stop."
Alt	Alternates between "Fast/Slow" or "Fast/Stop" depending on the
	position of the [STOP] button.
TRI	Switches to Stop when the foot switch is pressed and held down
	for approximately 1 second.
MOM	Switches to Fast while the foot switch is held down. When
	released, it switches to either Slow or Stop depending on the
	position of the [STOP] button.
Tone Wheel Brake	Allows you to bend the pitch, with the amount being determined
	by a Parameter setting (P. 135).
Favorite Fwd, Rev	Allows you to move Forward or Backward through the Favorites
	(P. 27).
Spring Shock	Allows you to produce the effect of a Spring Reverb unit being
5 pg 5	jostled.
	•
Delay Time	Allows you to adjust the Delay Time of the Effects, at the interval
	of pressing the Foot Switch. The delayed sound disappears by
	the Foot Switch is held down (P. 77).
Organ U&L Sustain	Allows you to add Sustain to the UPPER and LOWER ORGAN
3	tones (except Pipe) (P. 84).
Podal To Lower	Allows you to activate [PEDAL TO LOWER] (P. 55).
	Allows you to trigger the specified note of the PEDAL Part.
ProChord	Allows you to activate the ProChord harmony (P. 91).

NOTE: All of the above functions can be set for either Tip or Ring Mode. However, Ring Mode will have no effect if only one Foot Switch is connected to the FOOT SW jack.

MODE - RING

This allows you to select the function of the "Ring Mode" of a connected Foot Switch.

CALIBRATE

This allows you to configure a Foot Switch to work properly with the SKX PRO. To set this Parameter, move the cursor to this icon and press the [ENTER] button without pressing the Foot Switch.

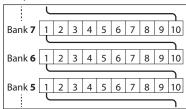
tips WHAT IS "TRS?"

TRS is an acronym for "Tip-Ring-Sleeve," and refers to the fact that a connecting plug can have more than one connector. Using a Stereo Adapter, more than one Foot Switch can be connected to the SKX PRO, thereby allowing you to control more than one function using the same Foot Switch. jack.



tips FAVORITE FORWARD/REVERSE

By selecting "Favorite Fwd, Rev," Favorites can be selected sequentially by using the Foot Switch to advance either forward or backward. Also, if either "1" or "10" are selected, the sequence will "roll over" to the next numbered Bank (see the illustration below).



tips SPRING SHOCK

Spring Shock occurs when the springs in a spring reverb unit move around and strike the reverb tank, resulting in a loud "Bang." This has usually been regarded as a negative effect; however, some modern and progressive music uses this as a musical effect. This Parameter allows you to introduce the effect of a spring reverb being jostled.

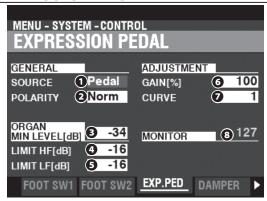
tips BASS 1C - BASS 3C

Many jazz and blues organists provide a bass line with the left hand on the Lower Manual and strike one Pedal note at the onset of each bass note to give the effect of a plucked string bass (called a "thump"). The BASS 1C - BASS 3C Parameter allows you to replicate this effect on the SKX PRO.

tips CALIBRATE

Some Foot Switches, such as Hammond, are "+" or "positive" (make contact when pressed) while others are "-" or "negative" (break contact when pressed). The CALIBRATE Parameter allows you to configure a Foot Switch so that it will function correctly with the SKX PRO.

EXPRESSION PEDAL

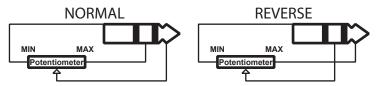


This Page allows you to control how a connected Expression Pedal will function.

SOURCE

This allows you to select the source of expression control.

O POLARITY



This allows you to set the polarity type of a connected Expression Pedal.

Normal.....Hammond EXP-50J pedal, etc.

Reverse Expression Pedal with reverse polarity.

3 ORGAN MINIMUM LEVEL

Setting Range: Off, -40 ~ 0 [dB]

This allows you to set the amount of volume when the Expression Pedal is "closed" or set at its minimum position. At "Off" no sound will be heard.

② LIMIT HF

Setting Range: Off, -40 ~ 0 [dB]

This allows you to adjust the amount of High Frequencies (above 2kHz) that will be heard when the Expression Pedal is set at minimum.

6 LIMIT LF

Setting Range: Off, -40 ~ 0 [dB]

This allows you to adjust the amount of Low Frequencies (below 500Hz) that will be heard when the Expression Pedal is set at minimum.

3 GAIN

Setting Range: 70 ~ 130 [%]

This allows you to adjust the range of a connected Expression Pedal. To set this parameter, depress the connected Expression Pedal at maximum, and set this parameter to the minimum value that the Expression Monitor 3 indicates "127".

O CURVE

Setting Range: 1 ~ 3

This allows you to set the "curve," or change of expression value corresponding to the angle of the Expression Pedal when depressed (see the illustration on the right).

3 MONITOR

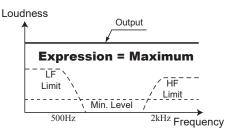
Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

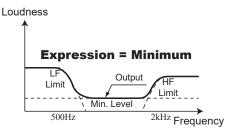
This displays the current Expression Value. The Expression Monitor can be useful as a troubleshooting aid if you either don't hear any sound or can't change the volume using a connected Expression Pedal.

tips EXPRESSION LIMIT

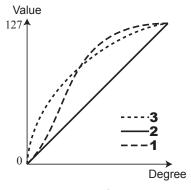
On many home audio components, there is a control called "Loudness." This is intended to correct an anomaly of the human ear whereby high and low frequencies appear to be lacking at low volume levels.

The SKX PRO incorporates a "Loudness" algorithm similar to the one found on home audio. At lower volume levels, both high and low frequencies are boosted so that a flatter frequency response will be perceived by the ear.



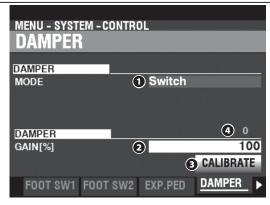


Expression Limit



Expression Curve

DAMPER



This Page allows you to adjust Parameters for the Damper Pedal.

O TYPE

This allows you to adjust the type of the Damper Pedal to connect.

SWITCH........... Use "switch" type pedal such as VFP1

HALF-Y Use "potentiometer" type Y

HALF-R.....Use "potentiometer" type R

HALF-K.....Use "potentiometer" type K

② GAIN

Setting Range: 70 ~ 130 [%]

This allows you to adjust the range of a connected Damper Pedal. You can select from "70%" through "130%;" however, the amount of audible change may differ depending on the specific Damper Pedal used. Use this Parameter to obtain the desired response from your particular pedal.

O CALIBRATE

This allows you to configure a Damper Pedal to work properly with the SKX PRO. To set this Parameter, move the cursor to this icon and press the [ENTER] button without pressing the Damper Pedal.

4 MONITOR

This allows you to see the current Damper value.

USER



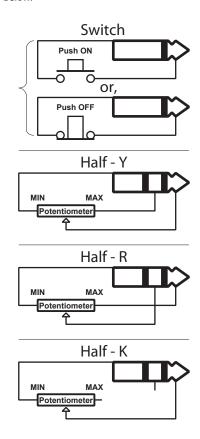
MODE

This allows you to assign a function to the [USER] button.

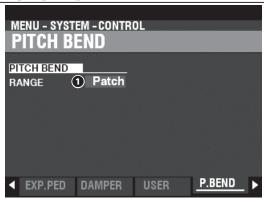
External Zone 1/2/3 Allows you to turn each External Zone "ON" or "OFF."

tips DAMPER TYPES

There are various types of Damper or Sustain Pedals. The SKX PRO supports the types shown below.



PITCH BEND



This allows you to adjust the Pitch Bend functions.

RANGE

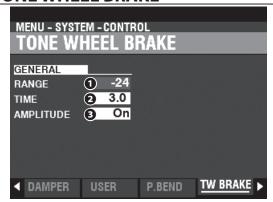
Settings: Patch, 0 ~ 12 [semitones]

This allows you to adjust how the [PITCH BEND] wheel will respond when a Combination or Patch is selected.

Patch......Uses the value specified for the Combination or Patch.

0 ~ 12.....Sets the Pitch Bend range by semitones and overrides the value specified for the Combination or Patch.

TONE WHEEL BRAKE



This allows you to adjust the Tone Wheel Brake effect.

■ RANGE

Setting Range: -24 ~ +12 [semitones]

This allows you to adjust the range of the pitch change.

9 TIME

Setting Range: 0.1 ~ 5.0 [seconds]

This allows you to adjust the rate at which the pitch changes.

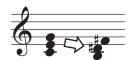
3 AMPLITUDE

Settings: Off, On

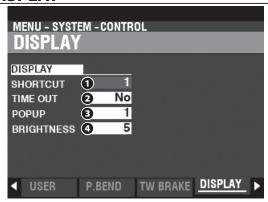
This allows you to adjust whether the Volume changes or not along with the pitch.

tips TONE WHEEL BRAKE

On a vintage B-3/C-3/A-100, the synchronous motor running the tone generator turns at a constant speed; therefore "pitch bending" is not possible. However, some jazz players discovered that by turning the RUN switch "OFF" then quickly back "ON" again, a pseudo "pitch-bend" effect could be created. You can replicate this effect using this function.



DISPLAY



This Page allows you to adjust the performance of the display.

SHORTCUT

Setting Range: 0 ~ 2 [sec], No

This allows you to select how long a button must be held before the FUNCTION Mode Page controlled by that button appears.

NOTE: If you select "No," the Shortcut feature is disabled.

2 TIME OUT

Setting Range: 4 ~ 16 [sec], No

This allows you to select how long the display will continue to show a FUNCTION Mode Page via the "Shortcut" before reverting to PLAY Mode.

NOTE: If you select "No," the current FUNCTION Mode Page will continue to display until another page is selected.

POP UP

Setting Range: No, 0.5 ~ 2.0 [sec]

This allows you to select the interval at which a "Pop Up" is displayed when you move a knob such as [REVERB] or one of the Voice Section [VOLUME] controls.

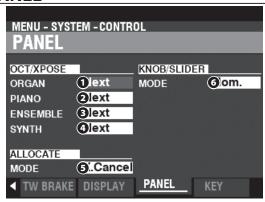
NOTE: If you select "No," the current Pop Up will continue to display until another page is selected.

BRIGHTNESS

Setting Range: 1 ~ 10

This allows you to adjust the brightness of the backlight of the display.

PANEL



This Page allows you to adjust the performance of the various controls on the Control Panel.

- **1** OCT / XPOSE ORGAN
- **OCT / XPOSE PIANO**
- **3** OCT / XPOSE ENSEMBLE
- OCT / XPOSE SYNTH

Setting Range: Every, Next

These allow you to adjust how the OCTAVE [DOWN] [UP] buttons control Octave selection or Transposition.

Every.....The Octave or Transposition will change while keys are pressed and held.

ALLOCATE MODE

Settings: Additive, X-Cancel

This allows you to select the performance of the [ALLOCATE] buttons.

Additive....... The [ALLOCATE] buttons will turn "ON" and "OFF" individually.

X-Cancel "Cross-Canceling" - When one [ALLOCATE] button is turned "ON," any other [ALLOCATE] buttons that are "ON" will turn "OFF." If an [ALLOCATE] button is already "ON," Press and Hold it while turning another [ALLOCATE] button "ON" will light both buttons.

3 KNOB / SLIDER MODE

Settings: Mom, Access

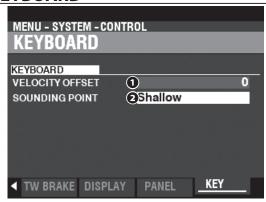
This allows you to adjust how a value is affected when a knob or slider is moved. **Mom.....** When a knob or slider is moved, the value will change immediately.

tips USING "MOM" AND "ACROSS"

When "Mom" is selected and a knob or slider is moved, the value changes instantly. However, there may be occasions when you want a value to change gradually instead of suddenly. Select "Across" to change values gradually. This is especially helpful when selecting Patches since you can use "Across" to "morph" one Patch into another.

NOTE: The Parameters in this Mode are System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page143 for instructions on how to do this.

KEYBOARD



This Page allows you to adjust the performance of the keyboard of the SKX PRO.

VELOCITY OFFSET

Setting Range: $-32 \sim \pm 0 \sim +32$

This allows you to adjust the relative loudness of notes played on the keyboard.

NOTE: The note velocity of the SKX PRO is from "0" to "127." These are the upper and lower limits.

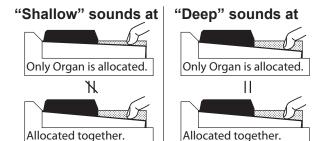
ORGAN SOUNDING POINT

Setting Range: Shallow, Deep

This allows you to select the sounding point of the ORGAN Section.

Shallow...........The ORGAN Section sounds at a shallower key depth than the other Sections. **Deep**.......The ORGAN Section sounds at the same key depth as the other Sections.

NOTE: If other Sections are allocated along with the ORGAN Section ([ALLOCATE] buttons "ON"), the sounding point of the ORGAN Section will automatically be set at "Deep."



NOTE: If "Shallow" is selected and a key is depressed, the ORGAN Section will sound when the key travel reaches the "Shallow" sounding point, but MIDI Note data will not be transmitted unless or until the key reaches the "Deep" sounding point. If the key reaches the "Shallow" sounding point but does not travel all the way down to the "Deep" sounding point, MIDI Note data will not be transmitted.

Sounding and Sending depth at "Shallow"



NOTE: The Parameters in this Mode are System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page143 for instructions on how to do this.

PATCH LOAD

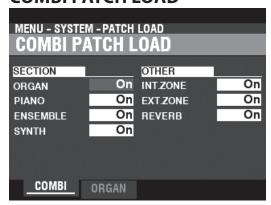
This FUNCTION Mode allows you to select which Parameters of the instrument will be Recalled as part of a Patch.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - PATCH LOAD - [ENTER]

All the Parameters described here have "ON" and "OFF" settings. On.....The Parameter setting will be remembered as part of a Patch OffThe Parameter setting will not be remembered as part of a Patch.

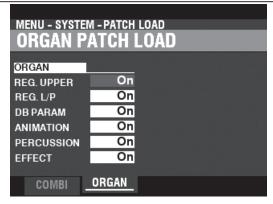
COMBI PATCH LOAD



This Page allows you to select which Parameters to include as part of a Combination.

ORGAN	ORGAN Section.
PIANO	PIANO Section.
ENSEMBLE	ENSEMBLE Section.
SYNTH	MONO SYNTH Section.
INT. ZONE	Internal Zones.
EXT. ZONE	External Zones.
REVERB	Reverb effect.

ORGAN PATCH LOAD



This Page allows you to select which Parameters to include as part of an ORGAN Patch.

REG. UPPER	UPPER Drawbar Registration.
REG. L/P	LOWER and PEDAL Drawbar Registrations.
DB PARAM	General ORGAN Section Parameters such as Drawbar (except Drawbar
	Registration), Contact & Sustain.
ANIMATION	Vibrato and Chorus, Leslie.
PERCUSSION	Percussion Parameters.
EFFECT	Matching Transformer, Overdrive, Multi Effects 1&2, Equalizer.

When a Combination is selected,

tips PATCH LOAD EXAMPLE

Example 1: On a vintage B-3/C-3/A-100, changing an Upper Preset will change only the Drawbar registration for the Upper Manual. To replicate this on the SKX PRO, turn the ORGAN and REG. UPPER Parameters "ON" and turn all the other Parameters "OFF."

Example 2: To change the other Sections except ORGAN, turn the ORGAN Parameter "OFF" and turn the other Section Parameters "ON."

NOTE: The Parameters in this Mode are System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page143 for instructions on how to do this.

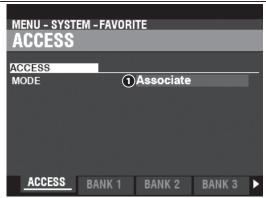
This FUNCTION Mode allows you to control how Favorites are recalled using the numbered [FAVORITE] buttons.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - FAVORITES - [ENTER]

Or, Press and Hold any number button [1] to [10].

ACCESS



ACCESS MODE

This Page allows you to select how the numbered [FAVORITE] buttons recall Combinations.

Associate:

Number Bank	1	2	3	
1	U011	U012	U011	
2	U024	U045	U023	
3	F061	F062	F063	
		! ! !		

This allows you to press a numbered [FAVORITE] button to recall the Combination associated with that button.

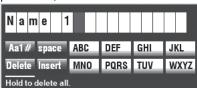
To associate a Favorite and the current Combination, Press and Holding the [RECORD] button and press a Number button on the PLAY mode.

Bundle:

Number Bank	1	2	3	
1	B001	B002	B003	
2	B011	B012	B013	
3	B021	B022	B023	
		! ! !		

This allows you to press a Number button to recall BUNDLEs (Combination Parameters, ORGAN and MONO SYNTH Patches). See the above chart for details.

To record a BUNDLE, Press and Hold the [RECORD] button and press a Number button on the PLAY mode. The current settings (including Combination, Organ and Mono Synth parameters) will be recorded as a BUNDLE.



The dialog box shown above will display. Input the Bundle name.



Press the [ENTER] button to finish Recording.

Direct:



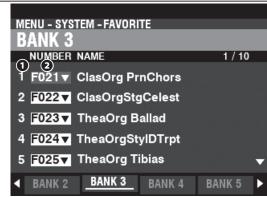
This allows you to recall Combinations and Bundles by direct numerical input.

To recall a Combination or Bundle in this Mode, use the numbered [FAVORITE] buttons to enter a 3-digit number representing the Combination you want and press the [ENTER] button.

For example, to recall F010, press the [BANK] button for several times until shown "F", type the Number button [1] [10](becomes a "0"), and press the [ENTER] button.

NOTE: This mode cannot associate a numbered [FAVORITE] button with a Combination.

BANK 1 - 10



This allows you to associate and confirm the assignment of Combinations to Number buttons when the ACCESS MODE is at "Associate."

• FAVORITES Number

Shows the number for Number button of the FAVORITES.

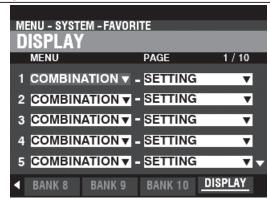
② COMBINATION Number

Assigns the Combination associated with this FAVORITE

The Combination is recalled automatically by moved on the cursor or changed number, and you can play with it.

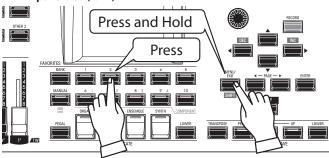
NOTE: You can also associate Favorites by using the Control Panel (P. 27).

DISPLAY



This page allows you to associate and confirm the assignment of display pages to numbered buttons.

NOTE: You can make associate the Favorites by operating on the top panel also (P. 71).



To locate an associated display page, Press and Hold the [SHIFT] button and press a numbered [FAVORITE] button.

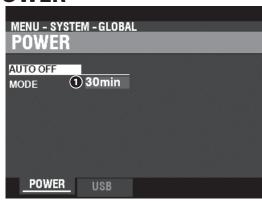
NOTE: The Parameters in this Mode are System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page 143 for instructions on how to do this.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to adjust the AUTO POWER OFF and USB Parameters.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - GLOBAL - [ENTER]

POWER



AUTO OFF

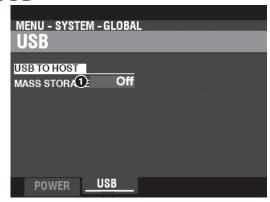
MODE

This allows you to select whether the power to the instrument is automatically turned "OFF" after a certain time period.

30minThe AC power to the instrument will turn "OFF" after 30 minutes have elapsed with no keys or buttons being pressed.

Disable......The instrument will turn "ON" or "OFF" with the AC Power Switch, but not turn "OFF" automatically.

USB

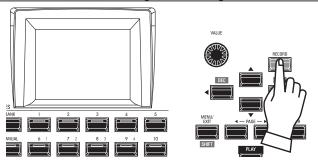


This allows you to Load and Save files from the instrument's Internal Memory and access files to or from a host computer via a USB cable.

NOTE: See page 164 "USB Mass Storage" for more details.

To Record the System Parameters of the SKX PRO, do the following:

① PRESS THE RED [RECORD] BUTTON



After you have made your changes to SYSTEM Parameters, press the red [RECORD] button. The RECORD Page will display.

2 SELECT THE ITEM TO RECORD



O CONTENT

The content to Record will be highlighted.

System System Parameters.

NOTE: If edits have been made to a System Setting, an "E" will appear to the right of the CONTENT icon.

3 RECORD THE SETTING

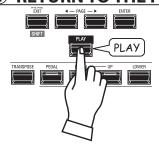
Press the [ENTER] button. The message shown below will display for approximately 1 second:

Recording...

NOTE: Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Record, press the [MENU/EXIT] or [PLAY] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

4 RETURN TO THE PLAY MODE



Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY mode.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to delete "U" (User) contents from the instrument.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - DELETE - [ENTER]



To delete User content(s), do the following:

CONTENT

From the above screen, use the [VALUE] knob to select the content to delete.

Bundle

Combination

Organ Patch

Piano/Ens Patch

Synth Patch

Custom Tone Wheel

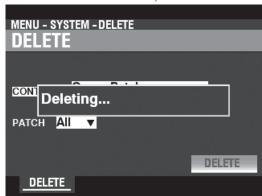
Custom Pedal Registration

Custom Leslie Cabinet

Custom Pipe

O NUMBER

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor down and select the item to Delete. You can select each individual User or Bundle Number as well as "ALL" (all the User or Bundle Numbers).



O DELETE

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor down to the DELETE icon and press the [ENTER] button. The display will show "Deleting..." for approximately 1 second (see the illustration above). When the message "Deleting..." disappears, the procedure is complete and the DELETE Page will reappear.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Delete, press the [MENU/EXIT] or [PLAY] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

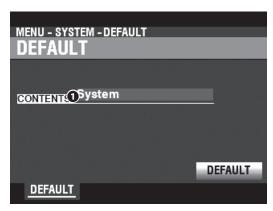
ACAUTION

Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying. Doing so may cause a malfunction.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to reset the SKX PRO to factory-default settings.

To locate this mode:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - DEFAULT - [ENTER]



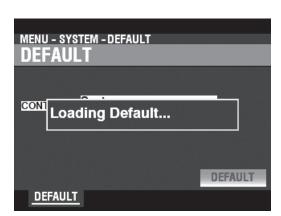
To reset the instrument to the factory-default settings, do the following:

CONTENT

From the above screen, use the [VALUE] knob to select the content to be initialized.

System......System Parameters.

AllAll the contents.



O DEFAULT

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the [DEFAULT] icon and press the [ENTER] button. The display will show "Loading Default..." for approximately 1 second. When the message "Loading Default..." disappears, the Default procedure is complete and the DEFAULT Page will reappear.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Default the instrument,, press the [MENU/EXIT] or [PLAY] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

ACAUTION

Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying. Doing so may cause a malfunction.

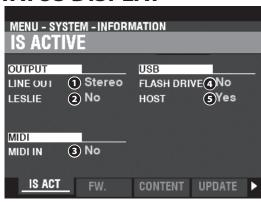
INFORMATION

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to see the status of connected devices as well as the status of the currently installed software. It also allows you to update the system software.

TO LOCATE THIS MODE:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - INFORMATION - [ENTER]

STATUS DISPLAY



IS ACTIVE

This allows you to see which peripheral devices are connected.

O LINE OUT

Settings: Mono, Stereo

This allows you to adjust how the sounds from the SKX PRO are routed to the [LINE OUT] jacks.

NOTE: The full effect of the sounds produced by the SKX PRO is best heard in "Stereo" (both LINE OUT jacks connected to two sound sources physically separated). If only the L/MONO jack is connected, the "Pan" function will not be heard.

Q LESLIE

Settings: No, Yes

This allows you to see the connecting status of the SKX PRO to a Leslie Speaker Cabinet via the 11-pin [LESLIE] socket.

MIDLIN

Settings: No, Yes

This allows you to see the connecting status of the SKX PRO to a MIDI device via the [MIDI IN] Port.

NOTE: This shows the receiving condition of the "Active Sense" message. It may display "No" even if correctly hooked-up if the connected device does not transmit "Active Sense" messages (such as the XPK-100 Pedalboard).

FLASH DRIVE

Settings: No, Yes

This allows you to see the connecting status of a USB Flash Drive. Use this Parameter to determine if a USB Flash Drive is compatible with the SKX PRO.

6 HOST

Settings: No, Yes

This allows you to see the connecting status between the SKX PRO and a computer via a USB cable.

VERSION - FIRMWARE

This allows you to see the versions of the main system software.

RELEASE.........Release Number.

MAIN.......Main Processor.

SUB.......Sub Processor.

KEY SCAN.....Keyscan Processor.

PANELControl Processor.

VERSION - CONTENTS

This allows you to see the versions of the Voice Cells. F. CONTENT Factory Contents. This is integrated pre-loaded data. The details are listed below. TW.ORGAN Tone Wheel Organ. TR.ORGAN 1..... Transistor Organ 1. TR.ORGAN 2..... Transistor Organ 2. PIPE..... Pipe Organ. PEDAL DB...... Pedal Drawbars. A.PIANO...... Acoustic Piano. HARPSI Harpsichord. CHRO PERC...... Chromatic Percussion. ETHNIC Ethnic. WIND Wind. CHOIR......Choir. BASS Bass FREE REED..... Free Reed. **E.PIANO**..... Electric Piano. CLAV Clav. GUITAR Guitar. SFX Sound Effects. STRINGS..... Strings. SYNTH PAD..... Synth Pad. SYNTH LEAD Synth Lead. PERCUSSION...... Percussion.

UPDATE

See "Updating the Software" on page 147 for more information.

Periodically, software updates offering enhanced or additional features may be made available for the SKX PRO.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to update the software of the SKX PRO from either the USB Flash Drive or Internal Memory.

PREPARING OPERATING TIME

The update process may take several minutes depending on the extent of the update. Therefore, if you are updating the System Software, be sure you set aside enough time in an environment with a continuous AC power supply.

PREPARING UPDATE FILE

1) DOWNLOAD THE UPDATE

Go to the Hammond website for your region and download the software update to the desktop of your computer. It will be a compressed file containing several files called a ".zip" file

2 UNZIP THE FILE

Find the ".zip" file on the desktop on your computer and un-ZIP it. A folder will be created on your desktop having the same name as the ".zip" file which will contain the software update files, called ".bin" files.

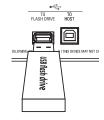
NOTE: Some web browsers will automatically un-ZIP a ".zip" file after it has been downloaded.

PREPARING MEDIA

There are two ways to update this keyboard;

- 1: Copy the update files to a formatted USB Flash drive and install the update from the USB Flash drive, or
- 2: Copy the update files from a computer connected to this keyboard via a USB cable.

USING USB FLASH DRIVE



Turn on the SKX PRO, insert the USB Flash drive into the [TO FLASH DRIVE] port.

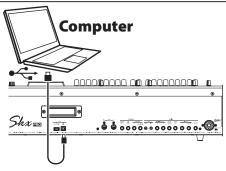
The message, "Confirming USB..." will display for approximately 1 second. Please wait for this message to disappear. The folders and sub-folders necessary for use with the SKX PRO (P. 162) have been created.



After doing the above, remove the USB Flash drive from the SKX PRO and insert it into the computer.

(Continue on the next page.)

USING INTERNAL MEMORY



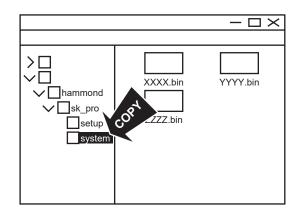
Connect the [TO HOST] port and the computer via USB cable.

Turn on both the SKX PRO and the computer and set the USB Mass Storage at "ON" (P. 162). The computer will recognize the Internal Memory of the SKX PRO as a USB external drive.

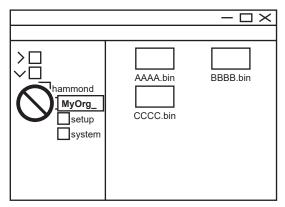
(Continue on the next page.)

OPERATION PROCEDURE

(1) COPY THE "BIN" UPDATE FILE(S)

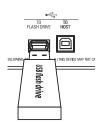


Copy the ".bin" update files into the "system" sub-folder of the USB Flash drive or the Internal Memory.



AWARNING

Do not attempt to re-name or delete the folders in the Internal Memory, or format the Internal Memory from the computer (see the illustration above). Doing so may cause a malfunction.

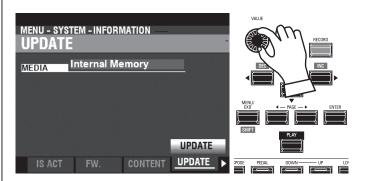


If you are using a USB Flash Drive to update the software of your SKX PRO, remove the Flash Drive from your computer and insert it into the [TO FLASH DRIVE] port of the SKX PRO. The message, "Confirming USB..." will display for approximately 1 second. Please wait for this message to disappear.

NOTE: If you are using the Internal Memory to update the software of the SKX PRO, omit this step. Go to Step 2 in the next column.

2 SELECT THE MEDIA TO READ

Locate the UPDATE FUNCTION Mode Page: [MENU/EXIT] - **SYSTEM** - **INFORMATION** - [ENTER] - **UPDATE**

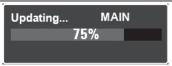


Use the [VALUE] knob to select the Media containing the ".bin" update files. Select the "USB Flash Drive" or "Internal Memory."

NOTE: "USB Flash Drive" cannot be selected if no USB Flash Drive is present at the [TO FLASH DRIVE] USB Port.

The following messages will show if there are no update files on the USB Flash Drive:

3 START THE UPDATE



Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the [UPDATE] icon and press the [ENTER] button. You will see a status bar similar to the one shown above during the Update procedure. Each file being installed will display a separate status bar.

4 FINISH

When the update is finished, the message



will display. Turn the power to the SKX PRO "OFF." When the power to the SKX PRO is next turned "ON," the updated software will take effect.



WHAT IS "MIDI"?

"MIDI" ($\underline{\mathbf{M}}$ usical $\underline{\mathbf{I}}$ nstrument $\underline{\mathbf{D}}$ igital $\underline{\mathbf{I}}$ nterface) is the musical instrument industry standard for exchanging performance information between electronic musical instruments as well as sequencers, effects, lighting and sound reinforcement gear, etc.

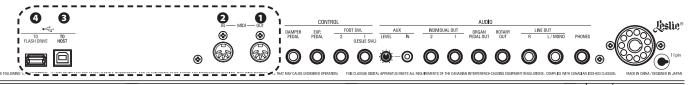
The MIDI standard allows instruments made by different manufacturers to communicate with each other.

Many types of data can be transmitted and received, including performance information, Parameter settings, and global commands.

WHAT IS "USB"?

USB ($\underline{\mathbf{U}}$ niversal $\underline{\mathbf{S}}$ erial $\underline{\mathbf{B}}$ us) is an industry standard for connection, communication and interfacing between computers, peripherals and other electronic devices. The are many different types of USB connectors; however the SKX PRO implements Type "A" and Type "B" connectors, which are the most common types for electronic musical instruments.

MIDI/USB JACKS ON THE SKX PRO



MIDI OUT Port

This Port transmits performance information to an external MIDI device such as a sound module, sequencer or Digital Audio Workstation (DAW).

MIDI IN Port

This Port receives MIDI information from an external MIDI device such as a sequencer or DAW.

O USB TO HOST Port

This Port will connect to a computer.

4 USB FLASH DRIVE Port

This Port will accept a USB Flash Drive.

WHAT MIDI CAN DO ON THE SKX PRO

The MIDI implementation of the SKX PRO allows you to:

- Use a MIDI keyboard/pedalboard to expand the playing versatility.
- Control an external sound generator such as a synthesizer or sampler.
- Record/playback performances to an external sequencer or computer.

For easier access to those settings, the SKX PRO is equipped with <u>MIDI Templates</u>. For a fuller explanation of MIDI Templates, see page 158.

USB TO HOST

The USB TO HOST Port will do the following:

- Send / receive MIDI data (Keyboard channels; Upper, Lower, Pedal and System Exclusive messages).*1
- Send and Receive Setup and System files.
- Compliant with USB AUDIO Class 1.0.

tips USB AUDIO CLASS

The SKX PRO is compliant with USB AUDIO Class 1, the generic device driver which comes preinstalled on both Windows or Mac OS. This means you can use the USB TO HOST Port to connect the SKX PRO to a computer and transmit and receive a MIDI data stream without an exclusive device driver.

MIDI CHANNEL

MIDI information travels along **MIDI Channels**. These channels are similar to television channels, in that they provide a way to transmit and receive MIDI information as well as to differentiate among MIDI information sent to different devices. The current MIDI specification provides for 16 Channels, all of which travel along a single cable.

NOTE: In order for MIDI devices properly to communicate, both the sending and receiving devices must be set to the same MIDI Channel.

MAIN MIDI MESSAGE

MIDI information is grouped into Channel Messages for each of the 16 MIDI Channels and a System Message which applies to all Channels.

NOTE: See the MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART on page 198 for more details.

CHANNEL MESSAGES

◆ NOTE ON/NOTE OFF/VELOCITY DATA

This data tells: which key (Note Number) is played, at what speed (Velocity) and when and for how long the note is to sound (Note On/Off).

◆ PROGRAM CHANGES

UPPER Keyboard Channel

......Changes the Combinations of the SKX PRO.

External Zone Channels

......Sends Program Change data to external MIDI equipment.

◆ CONTROL CHANGES

Control Changes are transmitted and received in response to manipulations of controls on the Control Panel, connected peripheral devices such as Foot Switches or an Expression Pedal, or other MIDI controller information.

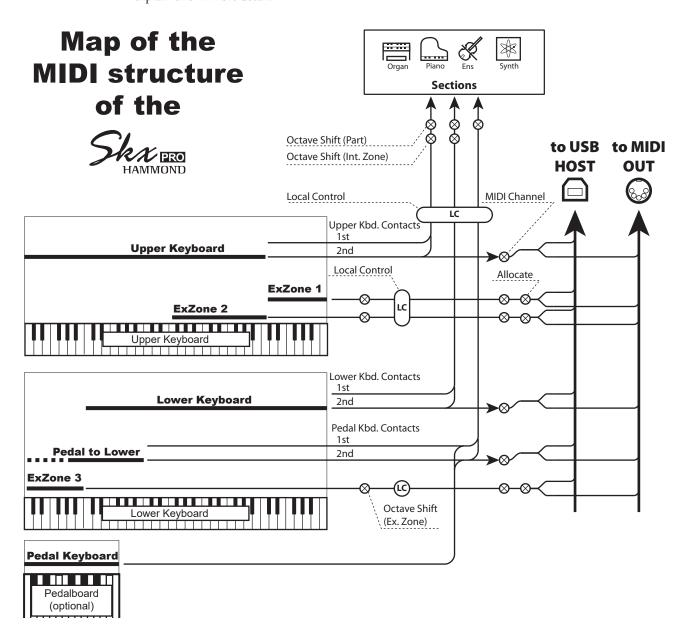
SYSTEM MESSAGES

◆ SYSTEM EXCLUSIVE MESSAGES

These are messages which are unique to a particular manufacturer or between instruments of the same model from the same manufacturer.

The SKX PRO can transmit the settings in the instrument's memory in the form of a series of System Exclusive (SysEx) messages. This is referred to as a Memory Dump. Doing this allows you to make a backup copy of your settings. If you want to restore previous settings saved to an external MIDI device, the SKX PRO can also receive a Memory Dump.

The SKX PRO can transmit and receive MIDI data on <u>Keyboard Channels</u> as well as transmit MIDI data on <u>External Zones</u>. The following illustrations and paragraphs explain this in more detail.



KEYBOARD (INTERNAL) CHANNELS

The internal sounds of the instrument will play on what are called the **Keyboard** or **Internal Channels**.

The Keyboard Channels transmit Note On/Note Off and Velocity data from the Upper, Lower and Pedal Keyboards. These channels will both send (MIDI OUT) and receive (MIDI IN) data, and are therefore used when recording and playing back sequences.

NOTE: The Upper Keyboard Channel, in addition to Note On/Note Off and Velocity data, also is used for transmitting Controller data.

EXTERNAL ZONES

The External Zone allow you to use the SKX PRO as a MIDI Master Keyboard. These allow you to play additional sounds from another MIDI instrument such as a Sound Module. The External Zones transmit but do not receive MIDI data - in other words, they are MIDI OUT only.

There are three (3) External Zone Channels which can be assigned to the Upper Manual, Lower Manual or Pedals. In addition, different configurations can be Recorded to different Patches - for example, one Patch can have all three External Zones assigned to the Upper Manual, another Patch can have one External Zone each for Upper, Lower and Pedals, etc.

EXPANDED KEYBOARDS

When MIDI keyboards are used to expand the PEDAL Parts, they will not only play the internal voices of the SKX PRO, but also transmit MIDI data to other MIDI devices via the MIDI OUT port. Thus, both the Keyboard Channels and the External Zones will respond from connected MIDI keyboards, as if the Expanded Keyboards were "built-in" as an integral part of the SKX PRO.

This section explains how to record and play back a performance on the SKX PRO using either an external MIDI sequencer or a computer running a Digital Audio Workstation, or DAW.

RECORDING AND PLAYING BACK A PERFORMANCE

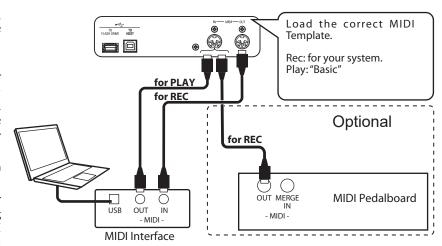
In order to Record and Play a MIDI performance, connect the MIDI cables as shown in the illustration on the right.

RECORD

- 1. Connect MIDI cables as shown on the right.
- 2. Go to the MIDI FUNCTION Mode and select the MIDI Template appropriate for your system. You can select "Basic" or "Pedal KBD."

NOTE: This connection cannot record MIDI data sent via External Zones.

- 3. Configure the MIDI Channels on your sequencer or DAW. If you are recording the UPPER Keyboard only, set the MIDI Channel on your sequencer to record Channel "1." To record all keyboards, set your sequencer to record Channels "1," "2" and "3." (UPPER=1, LOWER=2 and PEDAL=3).
- 4. Start recording on your sequencer or DAW.
- 5. If you need to send System Exclusive data, etc., transmit a MIDI Memory Dump.
- 6. Start your performance.

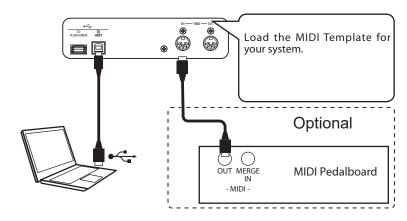


PLAYBACK

- 1. Make the connections as shown in the figure above for Playback.
- 2. Select and Load the "Basic" MIDI Template.(see page 158).
- 3. Start playback of the sequence.

RECORDING A PERFORMANCE VIA USB CABLE

The USB MIDI connection will allow you to Record and Play sequences with only one cable connection and no MIDI interface between the computer and the SKX PRO as shown on the right.



To control a MIDI Sound Module from the SKX PRO using both a single keyboard and Expanded Keyboards, do the following:

BASIC CONNECTIONS

1. CONNECT THE MIDI MODULE

Connect the MIDI OUT of the SKX PRO to the MIDI IN of the MIDI Sound Module.

2. LOAD THE "EXZ..." MIDI TEMPLATE (P. 158)

This MIDI Template mutes the Keyboard Channels. If you want also to transmit MIDI data on the Keyboard Channels, you must turn them "ON" manually. See page 159 "MIDI Channels" for instructions on how to do this.

3. SET THE ZONES AND RECORD THE SETTINGS TO THE COMBINATION.

Please refer to page 78 "COMBINATION-EXTERNAL ZONES" for instructions on how to set Zones.

SIMPLIFIED SETUP MODE

The setup mode described below allows you to transmit MIDI data without using the External Zones.

1. CONNECT A MIDI MODULE

Connect the MIDI OUT of the SKX PRO to the MIDI IN of the MIDI Sound Module.

2. LOAD THE MIDI TEMPLATE FOR YOUR SYSTEM (P. 158).

Select the MIDI Template to Load ("Basic" or "Pedal KBD") depending upon whether you are using Expanded Keyboards.

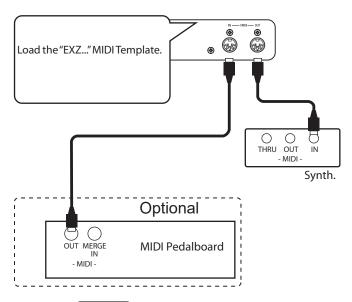
3. TURN OFF UNUSED MIDI MESSAGES (P. 158).

Turn MIDI messages for controlling Program Change, Drawbar Registration and Individual messages "OFF." These messages are not used in this setup.

4. MATCH THE MIDI CHANNELS (P. 159).

Match the MIDI Channels between the Keyboard Channels of the SKX PRO and the MIDI Sound Module.

NOTE: Sounding Range and Program Change cannot be changed by a Combination in this simplified set up.



tips SOUNDING POINT OF THE EXTERNAL ZONES

When keys are depressed, the sounding point of the External Zones is deeper than that of the ORGAN Section.

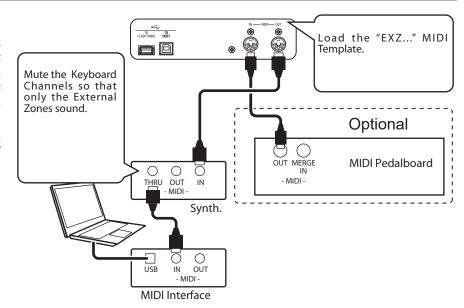
RECORDING TO A SEQUENCER OR DAW

USING THE MIDI PORTS

Load the "EXZ..." MIDI Template.

This MIDI Template mutes the Keyboard Channels. If you want also to transmit MIDI data on the Keyboard Channels, you must turn them "ON" manually. See page 159 "MIDI Channels" for instructions on how to do this.

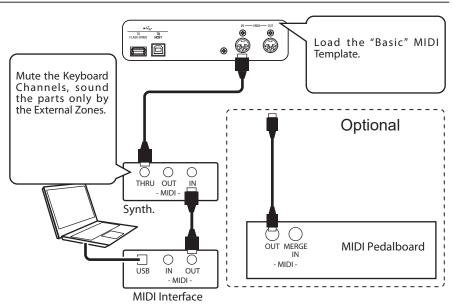
Record both Keyboard Channels and External Zone Channels to the sequencer or DAW.



Set the Local Control of the SKX PRO at "ON," and Echo of the DAW at "OFF."

PLAY BACK THE PERFORMANCE

You can play back both Keyboard Channels and External Zone Channels from your sequencer or DAW.



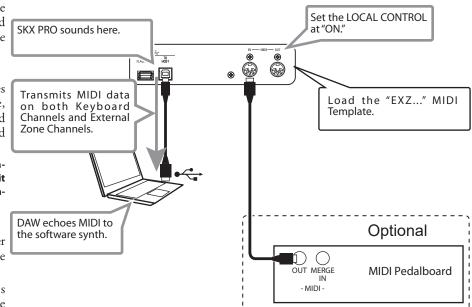
USING USB MIDI

If you want to play the software synthesizer in a PC using both Keyboard Channels and External Zones, do the following:

- 1. Load the "EXZ..." MIDI Template.
- 2. The "EXZ..." MIDI template mutes the Keyboard Channels. Therefore, make sure both Transmit and Receive are enabled for the Keyboard Channels.

NOTE: See "MIDI Channels"(P. 159) for instructions on how to enable Transmit and Receive for the Keyboard Channels.

- 3. Set the Local Control at "ON."
- 4. Set the MIDI Echo of the sequencer or DAW at "ON" to sound the software synthesizer.
- 5. Record both Keyboard Channels and External Zone Channels to the sequencer or DAW.



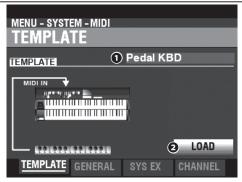
MIDI FUNCTION MODE

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to adjust the basic MIDI Parameters as well as Send and Receive a MIDI Memory Dump.

TO LOCATE THIS MODE:

[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - MIDI - [ENTER]

MIDI TEMPLATE



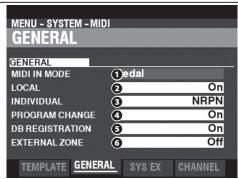
MIDITEMPLATE

This allows you to Load various pre-programmed MIDI settings. To Load a MIDI Template, select TEMPLATE, move the cursor to the **2**[LOAD] icon and press the [ENTER] button.

NOTE: For a detailed listing of MIDITemplates, see "MIDITEMPLATES" starting on page 180.

NOTE: If a MIDI Template is selected and any of the following Parameters are changed, the **1** will display, "User Edited."

GENERAL



MIDIIN

This allows you to select the function of the [MIDI IN] Port.

Sequence

Receives MIDI messages on UPPER, LOWER and PEDAL Parts on their MIDI Channels. MIDI messages will not be re-sent.

Upper / Lower / Pedal

Use this Template to connect \underline{a} MIDI keyboard as an (UPPER / LOWER / PEDAL) keyboard.

Received MIDI messages will sound the Sections allocated to the (UPPER / LOWER / PEDAL) keyboard ignoring the MIDI Channel, and will re-send to MIDI OUT and USB-MIDI.

Upper + Pedal / Lower + Pedal

Use this Template to connect \underline{two} MIDI keyboards as (UPPER + PEDAL / LOWER + PEDAL) keyboards.

Received MIDI messages will sound the Sections allocated to (UPPER, PEDAL / LOWER, PEDAL) keyboards on the assigned MIDI Channels, and re-send to MIDI OUT and USB MIDI.

Organ Upper / Piano / Ensemble / Synth

A connected MIDI keyboard will play the ORGAN/PIANO/ENSEMBLE/MONO SYNTH) Sections. MIDI messages will not be re-sent.

NOTE: The ORGAN Section will play from an UPPER Keyboard only.

O LOCAL CONTROL

Setting Range: Off, On

This allows you to turn Local Control "ON" or "OFF."

On......The keyboard plays the internal sounds of the instrument.

OffThe internal sounds of the SKX PRO will not play from the keyboard. Use this setting for recording performance to an external sequencer with a MIDI Echo feature.

1 INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS

Setting Range: Off, NRPN, Sys Ex

This allows you to control how Individual Parameters are sent. The Individual Parameters are used for controlling Section Volume, Leslie Fast, etc.

Off Does not transmit.
NRPN...... It transmits via NRPN.

Sys Ex......It transmits via System Exclusive Message.

NOTE: The SKX PRO receives Individual Parameters as System Exclusive messages regardless of the setting of this Parameter.

4 PROGRAM CHANGE

Setting Range: Off, On

This allows you to select whether to transmit and receive Program Change messages for Combination and External Zones.

O DRAWBAR REGISTRATION

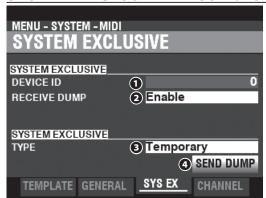
Setting Range: Off, On

This allows you to select whether to transmit and receive Drawbar Registration.

Setting Range: Off, On

This is a Master On/Off Parameter which allows you to enable or disable MIDI transmission of all External Zones in one operation.

SYSTEM EXCLUSIVE MESSAGES



O DEVICE ID

Setting Range: 0 ~ 127

This allows you to set the Device ID which is used for System Exclusive Messages such as Memory Dump.

RECEIVE DUMP

Setting Range: Disable, Enable

This allows you to Enable or Disable receiving of a Memory Dump.

The SKX PRO can transmit several settings as a Memory Dump in a single group. Select "Disable" if you want to prevent internal settings from being changed - for example, if you are playing back songs from an external sequencer or DAW.

SEND DUMP TYPE

Setting Range: Temporary, System

This allows you to adjust which contents will be transmitted by a Memory Dump.

Temporary

Transmits the current status of the Combination, ORGAN Section, and MONO SYNTH Section.

IMPORTANT: If you are recording Sequences, transmit this data before touching any notes or controls so that the registrations for each Section will "match up."

System

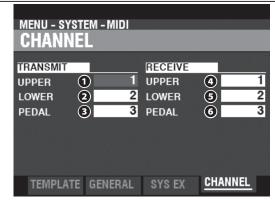
Transmits the status of the System Parameters such as controller modes, MIDI Channels.

To send a Memory Dump, do the following:

- 1. Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the **②**[SEND DUMP] icon.
- 2. Press the [ENTER] button.

NOTE: If you want to Save the entire contents of the SKX PRO, save them as a Setup file instead of using a Memory Dump.

MIDI CHANNELS



This allows you to select MIDI Channels for transmitting and receiving performance information for each Keyboard.

TRANSMIT UPPER, LOWER, PEDAL

Setting Range: 1 ~ 16, Off

This allows you to select the transmitting (Sending) channels for the UPPER, LOWER and PEDAL.

NOTE: The UPPER Channel sends Controller information such as Pitch Bend, Expression Pedal or NRPN in addition to Note On/Note Off data.

NOTE: To avoid conflicting MIDI messages, set each TRANSMIT Channel and External Zone Channel at different values.

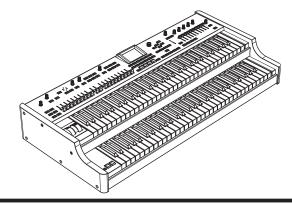
2 RECEIVE UPPER, LOWER, PEDAL

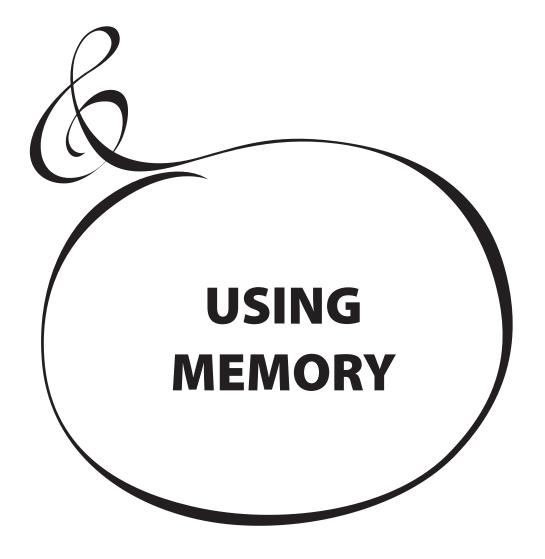
Setting Range: 1 ~ 16, Off

This allows you to select the Receive channels for the UPPER, LOWER and PEDAL.

NOTE: The Parameters in this Mode are System Parameters. You must Record these Parameters if you want their settings to be remembered the next time the instrument is turned "ON." See page 143 for instructions on how to do this.

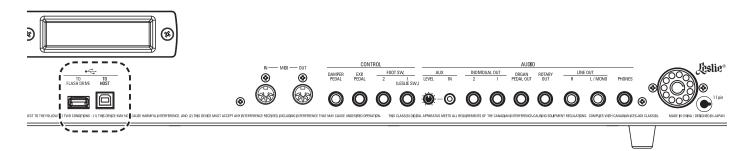
***THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK TO PRESERVE PAGE FORMATTING ***





USING MEMORY

You can Save various contents such as Patches, Custom Settings, etc., as files either to a USB Flash Drive or the Internal Memory of the SKX PRO.



WHAT YOU CAN DO WITH MEMORY

- Save and Load Setups (see page 165).
- Save or Load a Patch or Custom Setting.
- Update the system software.

ABOUT USB FLASH DRIVES COMPATIBLE USB FLASH DRIVES

There are various types of USB Flash Drives. Some require AC power at one of the pins on the USB interface. Because the SKX PRO does not provide AC power at the USB Ports, these Drives are not compatible with the SKX PRO. Generally, a Flash Drive formatted with MS-DOS FAT32 will work.

Consult our web site for more information about compatible USB Flash Drives.

In Europe: http://www.hammond.eu

In the US: .http://www.hammondorganco.com

USB CONNECTOR

- 1. Be sure to insert the USB Flash Drive correctly.
- 2. Do not remove the Flash Drive or turn the power "OFF" while accessing data to or from a USB Flash Drive.

FOLDER STRUCTURE

When the USB Flash Drive is inserted, the following folders are automatically created on the drive. They are identical for the Internal Memory and a USB Flash Drive.

```
\hammond
\sk_pro
\custom
\pipe
\twheel
\patch
\organ
\synth
\voice
\setup
*.set
\system
*.bin
```

setup

Setup files are saved to this Folder

system

Copy software update files to this Folder.

NOTE: There is an "affinity" between USB Flash Drives and the SKX PRO, and not all Flash Drives are compatible. To confirm whether the SKX PRO will read a particular Flash Drive, see MENU - SYSTEM - INFORMATION - IS ACTIVE - USB FLASH DRIVE(P. 146).

tips FILE NUMBER LIMIT

A Folder can contain up to 256 files.

tips | FILE NAME EXTENSION

set Setup File

opt Organ Patch

vpt Piano/Ensemble Patch

spt Mono Synth Patch

ctw Custom Tone Wheels

cpi Custom Pipes

tips FILE COMPATIBILITY

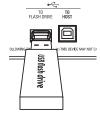
The files which you made are compatible between SK PRO, SK PRO-73 and SKX PRO.

FORMAT

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to format a USB Flash Drive for use with the SKX PRO.

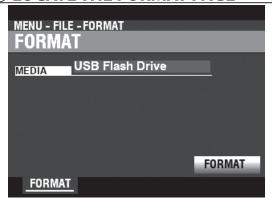
NOTE: Formatting a USB Flash Drive erases all data on the drive. Therefore, be sure to use either a new Drive or one which does not already have data you want to keep.

1 INSERT A USB FLASH DRIVE



Turn the power to the SKX PRO "ON" and insert a USB Flash Drive to the [TO FLASH DRIVE] Port. The message, "Confirming USB..." will display for approximately 1 second. Please wait for this message to disappear.

2 LOCATE THE FORMAT PAGE



[MENU/EXIT] - FILE - FORMAT - [ENTER].

3 SELECT THE MEDIA

Use the [VALUE] knob to select "USB Flash Drive."

4 FORMAT THE USB FLASH DRIVE

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the [FORMAT] icon and press the [ENTER] button. The message, "Formatting" will display and the formatting process begins. The time necessary to Format a USB Flash Drive may differ depending on the capacity of the Drive, but typically it will be approximately 1 or 2 seconds.

When the Format has finished, "Completed" will show in the display.

NOTE: Do not turn the power "OFF" or remove the USB Flash Drive during the Formatting procedure.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Format, press the [MENU/EXIT] or [PLAY] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

tips FORMATTING MEDIA

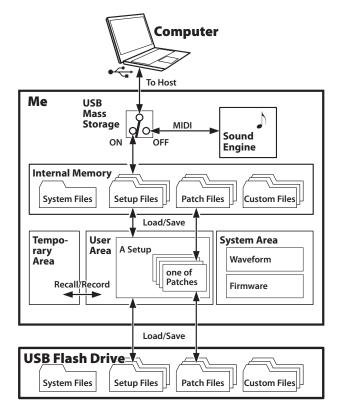
Under Step 3, you can select either "USB Flash Drive" or "Internal Memory" (explained later) as the media you wish to use.

The Format procedures between "USB Flash Drive" and "Internal Memory." are different. For "USB Flash Drive," all data is deleted from the Drive and a File Structure is created. For "Internal Memory," all files are deleted but no File Structure is generated.

WHAT IS "USB MASS STORAGE?"

On the SKX PRO, Setups can be saved to the **Internal Memory** of the instrument as well as to a USB Flash Drive.

Both the Internal Memory and a USB Flash Drive can Load and Save files; however, the Internal Memory can also access files from/to the host computer via USB cable. This is called "USB Mass Storage."

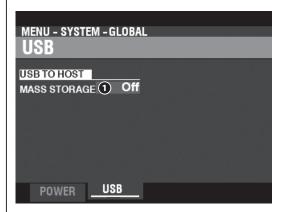


SETTING USB MODE TO "MASS STORAGE"

Normally, the USB TO HOST Port sends and receives MIDI messages to or from a connected host computer. **USB Mass Storage** allows you to access files in the Internal Memory from a host computer (upper part of left figure).

NOTE: The USB TO HOST Port cannot communicate via MIDI while USB Mass Storage is in use.

1 LOCATE THE USB PAGE



[MENU/EXIT] - SYSTEM - GLOBAL - [ENTER] - USB

2 SELECT THE FUNCTION

O MASS STORAGE

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the function of the USB TO HOST Port.

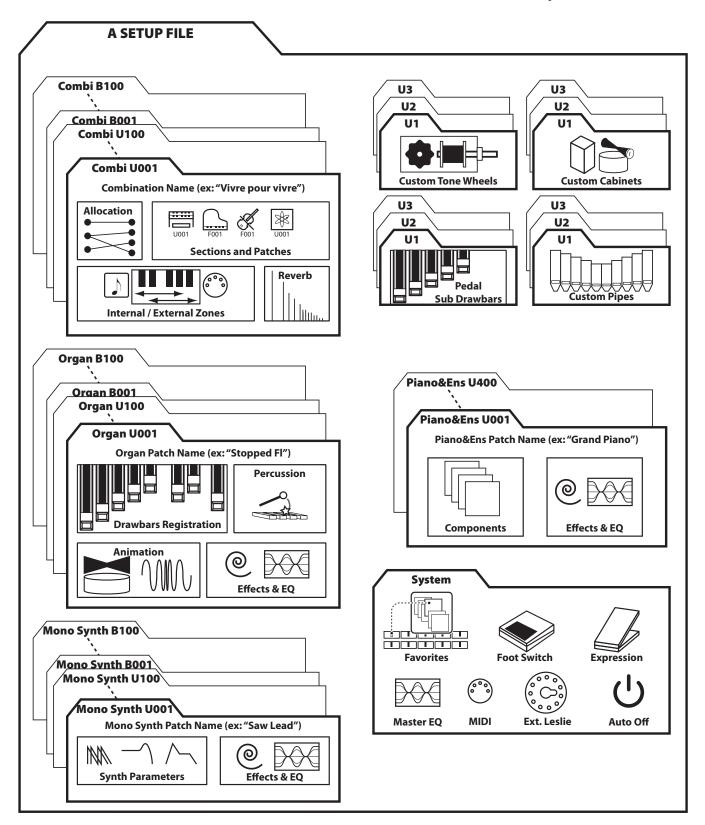
OffSends/Receives MIDI.

On.....Connects the Internal Memory.

USING SETUP FILES

As explained elsewhere in this Manual, the SKX PRO can be customized in a number of different ways - you can create Custom Settings, create your own Combinations and Patches, etc. After you have made your changes, you can save your edits as a Setup. In this way you can customize the instrument in several different ways and save each series of edits as a separate Setup.

The illustration below shows the data which can be contained in a Setup file.



This FUNCTION Mode allows you to save contents in the SKX PRO to a USB Flash Drive or Internal Memory.

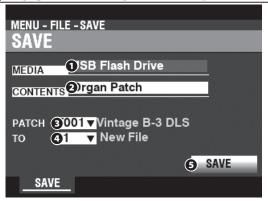
1) INSERT A USB FLASH DRIVE



Insert a formatted USB Flash Drive into the [TO FLASH DRIVE] Port.

NOTE: If you are saving an item to the Internal Memory you may skip this step. "USB Flash Drive" will display to the right of "MEDIA" only if a USB Flash Drive has been inserted into the ITO FLASH DRIVE! Port.

2 LOCATE THE "SAVE" PAGE



[MENU/EXIT] - FILE - SAVE - [ENTER].

3 SELECT THE ITEM TO SAVE

MEDIA

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the media to which to Save.

Internal Memory Internal Memory. **USB Flash Drive** USB Flash Drive.

O CONTENT

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [CONTENT] and use the [VALUE] knob to select the type of content to Save.

Setup.....Setup file.

Organ PatchPatch in the ORGAN Section.

Piano/Ens PatchPatch in the PIANO/ENSEMBLE Section.

Synth Patch Patch in the MONO SYNTH Section.

Tone Wheel......Custom Tone Wheel. **Pipe**......Custom Pipe.

FILE

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [FILE] and use the [VALUE] knob to select the file to Save.

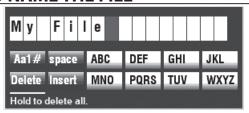
Ø то

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [TO] and use the [VALUE] knob to select the location to which to Save the selected file. Choose its number if you wish to overwritten the file, and choose "New File" for save as a new file.

SAVE

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [LOAD and press the [ENTER] button.

4 NAME THE FILE



Enter the Name.

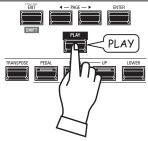
After you have finished Naming your file, press the [ENTER] button. The message below will display for approximately 1 second:



NOTE: Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Save, press the [MENU/EXIT] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

5 RETURN TO THE PLAY MODE



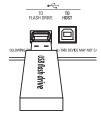
Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY mode.

tips SETUP NAMES

A Setup Name will appear on both Internal Memory and a USB Flash Drive. This is useful for ease of identification from an external computer. However, the SKX PRO display will not show Setup Names. If a Setup is loaded, the Combinations and Patches contained in the Setup will show in the SKX PRO display.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to Load files saved to a USB Flash Drive or Internal Memory into the instrument.

(1) INSERT A USB FLASH DRIVE



Insert a formatted USB Flash Drive into the [TO FLASH DRIVE] Port.

NOTE: If you are deleting an item from Internal Memory you may skip this step. "USB Flash Drive" will display to the right of "MEDIA" <u>only</u> if a USB Flash Drive has been inserted into the [TO FLASH DRIVE] Port.

② LOCATE THE "LOAD" PAGE



[MENU/EXIT] - FILE - LOAD - [ENTER]

③ SELECT THE ITEM TO LOAD

MEDIA

O CONTENT

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [CONTENT] and use the [VALUE] knob to select the type of content to Load.

6 FILE

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [FILE] and use the [VALUE] knob to select the file to Load.

4 TC

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [TO] and use the [VALUE] knob to select where to Load the file.

6 LOAD

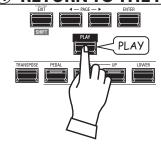
Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [LOAD and press the [ENTER] button. The message below will display for approximately 1 second:

Loading...

NOTE: Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Load, press the [MENU/EXIT] or [PLAY] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

4 RETURN TO THE PLAY MODE



Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY mode.

This FUNCTION Mode allows you to delete content previously saved either to a USB Flash memory or to the Internal Memory.

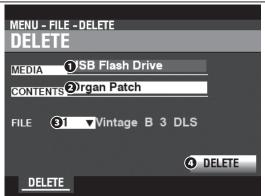
(1) INSERT A USB FLASH DRIVE



Insert a formatted USB Flash Drive into the [TO FLASH DRIVE] Port.

NOTE: If you are deleting an item from Internal Memory you may skip this step. "USB Flash Drive" will display to the right of "MEDIA" only if a USB Flash Drive has been inserted into the [TO FLASH DRIVE] Port.

2 LOCATE THE "DELETE" PAGE



[MENU/EXIT] - FILE - DELETE - [ENTER]

3 SELECT THE ITEM TO DELETE

MEDIA

Use the [VALUE] knob to select the media from which to Delete.

Internal Memory Internal Memory. **USB Flash Drive** USB Flash Drive.

O CONTENT

Use the DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to [CONTENTS] and use the [VALUE] knob to select the type of content to Delete.

6 FILE

Use the DIRECTION $[\ensuremath{\blacktriangledown}]$ button to move the cursor to $[\ensuremath{\mathsf{FILE}}]$ and use the $[\ensuremath{\mathsf{VALUE}}]$ knob to select the file to Delete.

O DELETE

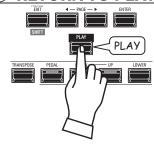
Use the [DIRECTION [▼] button to move the cursor to the DELETE icon and press the [ENTER] button. The message below will display for approximately 1 second:



NOTE: Do not turn the power "OFF" while the above message is displaying.

NOTE: If you DO NOT wish to Delete, press the [MENU/EXIT] or [PLAY] button instead of the [ENTER] button.

4 RETURN TO PLAY MODE



Press the [PLAY] button to return to the PLAY mode.



TROUBLESHOOTING

The SKX PRO appears complicated; however, most troubles generally can be isolated by observing the operation of the various controls. This is illustrated by the following list of possible troubles, arranged according to their symptoms.

NOTE: It is assumed that the entire instrument plays correctly with the exception of the symptoms mentioned.

TROUBLES

◆ Entire instrument fails to play.

- The [MASTER VOLUME] or [VOLUME] controls for each Voice Section are set at minimum. Adjust the [VOLUME] knob(s).
- The ALLOCATE buttons are "OFF" (LEDs not lit). Touch one of the ALLOCATE buttons "ON."
- MIDI Local Control is set to "OFF." Turn the Local Control "ON." See page 158 for instructions.
- A Leslie Speaker Cabinet is connected. The sound of the Rotary Channel (Tone Wheel and Transistor Organs) does not appear at the [LINE OUT] or [PHONES] jacks when a Leslie Speaker is connected via the Leslie 11-pin socket. See page 131 for more information.

One or more Voice Sections fail to play.

 One or more of the [INDIVIDUAL OUT] jacks are in use. Set the AUDIO MODE at the desired usage. See page 131 for more information.

◆ Malfunction of buttons, keys, etc.

- Turn the power to the instrument "OFF," then turn it "ON" again. If this procedure is not successful,
 - 1. Turn the power to the instrument "OFF."
 - 2. Press and Hold the [RECORD] button.
 - 3. While holding the [RECORD] button, turn the power to the instrument "ON." All Parameters will return to their factory settings.

Expression Pedal does not work.

- The EXPRESSION SOURCE Parameter is not set correctly. Set the Parameter for the function you wish. See page 133 for instructions.
- The Expression Control in the Overdrive is set at "OD Only" or "Input." Set the Parameter at "Exp.OD." See page 111 for instructions.
- The Source of the Multi Effects is set at "Exp." Set the Parameter at one of the other settings. See page 108 for instructions.
- The Expression for a Voice Section in a Combination is set at "OFF" Set the value at "ON." See page 76 for instructions.

Foot Switch does not work.

- The Parameters for the Foot Switch are not set correctly. Check the Parameter settings for the Foot Switches. See page 132 for instructions.
- ◆ Foot Switch effect works when the Foot Switch is released instead of depressed.
 - The Foot Switch Polarity was not detected. Connect the Foot Switch with the power to the SKX PRO "OFF" and turn the power "ON" without depressing the Foot Switch (P. 132).
- ◆ [MENU/EXIT] and/or [RECORD] buttons do not work.
 - The display is Locked. Unlock the display (P. 72).
- ◆ File access stops between PC and USB Mass Storage.
 - Please wait for 2 minutes. File access may restart.

ERROR MESSAGES



If the above message displays, please consult your authorized Hammond Dealer.



If the above message displays, one or more files necessary for operation of the instrument is missing. You can identify the missing file(s) with MENU - SYSTEM - INFORMATION. The missing file(s) will display "---" instead of a version number.

Prepare a USB Flash Drive with the missing update files and complete the system update. Press the [ENTER] button with the [UPDATE] icon highlighted to start the Update procedure.

NOTE: You can ensure the installation of system files by Press and Hold the red [RECORD] button and pressing the [ENTER] button.



FACTORY COMBINATIONS

Category	#	Name
	F001	Vintage B-3 DLS
	F002	Classic Gospel
	F003	ClasOrg Tutti
laii	F004	Console Riser
n	F005	A. Piano D
ea	F006	Piano & Strings
Main Features	F007	A.Bass / A.Piano
es	F008	Soul Line
	F009	Symphonic Ens
	F010	Macrocosmos
	F011	Vintage C-3 JOS
	F012	VintageB-3Squabl
l on	F013	Vintage B-3 McGr
e v	F014	VintageB-3Groove
	F015	X-66 Ballad
ee	F016	Edelweiss
0	F017	Spanish
Tone Wheel Organ	F018	Old Days
l B	F019	Euro Bigband
	F020	Swedish Love
	F021	ClasOrg PrnChors
Tra	F022	ClasOrg StgCelest
ns	F023	TheaOrg Ballad
ist	F024	TheaOrg StylDTrpt
or/	F025	TheaOrg Tibias
Transistor/Pipe Organ	F026	Purple
) e	F027	Emerson
Or.	F028	Some Lovin'
gar	F029	Booker
	F030	Rock 1
Р	F031	Grand Piano Y-CF
Piano /	F032	Pop Piano CF
Ō	F033	Upright Piano
1	F034	Honky-Tonk Piano
hrc	F035	Electric Grand
Chro Perc / Keys	F036	HP Old Time Prchd
erc	F037	EP Tine Mk1
_	F038	Harpsichord Back
(e)	F039	Clav.AC
S,	F040	Accordion LMMH
	F041	Legato Strings
Strings / Choir	F042	Section Strings
	F043	Synth Str.Bright
	F044	Synth Str.Mellow
	F045	Chamber Ensemble
	F046	Choir Aah
ho	F047	Violin
Ť	F048	Sol. Strings
	F049	Taped Strings
	F050	Vocal & Str. Prchd

Category	#	Name
	F051	Horn Rock Band
	F052	Trumpet Vib
	F053	Alto Sax Vib
	F054	Jazz Brass Prchd
≦	F055	Harm Chro Vib
Wind	F056	Flute Vib
	F057	Pan Pipes
	F058	M12 Brazz
	F059	M12 Horn Ens
	F060	M12 Box Brass
	F061	Fantasia Pad
	F062	Warm Pad
S	F063	Phasing Pad
yn	F064	Oct Saw Ld
th	F065	Sync Up&Down Ld
Synth / Bass	F066	Trancy Ld
ass	F067	Acoustic Bass
0,	F068	Finger Bass Jz
	F069	Big Funk
	F070	Timpani Roll/Hit
	F071	Lady Green Eyes
	F072	Do You Know
Fa	F073	Vibrating Good
mc	F074	Satin White
snc	F075	Craft Work
Famous Tunes	F076	Jan's Hammer
Ine	F077	Wonder 4 Th City
Š	F078	Woven Dream
	F079	Your Rhythm Mix
	F080	Jumped!
	F081	Vienna
	F082	Vienna Bridge
Far	F083	99 Nena
no	F084	Pop Muzik
Sn	F085	Electric Friends
nous Tunes	F086	Don't You Go
ne	F087	Follow Your & Me
S	F088	Manfred's Light
	F089	Green Monday
	F090	Ph. D I won't
Famous Tunes	F091	I'm Ready
	F092	Won't Get Fooled
	F093	Blinding Lights Lovefool
	F094	California Girl
	F095	Hot Stuff
Tu	F096	Galway Girl
nes	F097	Last Christmas
	F098	Treasure
	F099	Zankoku Tenshi
	F100	Lankoku ichsili

ORGAN PATCHES

Patch #	Category	Name
F001	Jazz	Vintage B-3 DLS
F002	Jazz	Vintage C-3 JOS
F003	Jazz	VintageB-3Squabl
F004	Jazz	VintageB-3Groove
F005	Jazz	Vintage B-3 McG
F006	Jazz	Vintage B-3+Echo
F007	Jazz	Organ Ballad
F008	Jazz	Jerry C
F009	Jazz	Lee Bee
F010	Jazz	Full Spin
F011	Gospel	Classic Gospel
F012	Gospel	Slow Gospel
F013	Gospel	ContmpraryGospel
F014	Gospel	Shout Gospel
F015	Gospel	Quiet Praise
F016	Gospel	Reflective Praise
F017	Gospel	Dramatic Praise
F018	Gospel	Total Praise
F019	Gospel	Meditasion
F020	Gospel	Full Gospel
F021	Classic Pipe	Principal Chorus
F022	Classic Pipe	Flute Chorus
F023	Classic Pipe	Gamba Celeste
F024	Classic Pipe	Baroque
F025	Classic Pipe	Stopped Flutes
F026	Classic Pipe	Diapasons 8'&4'
F027	Classic Pipe	Bourdon 16'&Prin2'
F028	Classic Pipe	Flutes w/Trem
F029	Classic Pipe	Oboe Solo
F030	Classic Pipe	Sforzando
F031	Theatre Pipe	Tibias & Vox
F032	Theatre Pipe	Tibia 8'&4'
F033	Theatre Pipe	StylDTrumptSolo
F034	Theatre Pipe	Oboe 8'&Tibia 4'
F035	Theatre Pipe	Tibias 16'&4'
F036	Theatre Pipe	BrassTrumpetSolo
F037	Theatre Pipe	Strings&Voxes
F038	Theatre Pipe	Tibia 16'8'2'&Vox
F039	Theatre Pipe	FullTibias&Voxes
F040	Theatre Pipe	FullComb+Posthrn
F041	Rock	Purple
F042	Rock	Emerson
F043	Rock	Some Lovin'
F044	Rock	Booker
F045	Rock	Rock 1
F046	Rock	Rock 2
F047	Rock	Rock 3
F048	Rock	Full 1
F049	Rock	Full 2
F050	Rock	Full Overdrive
		,

Patch #	Category	Name
F051	Tibia	DB Tibia 8'&4'
F052	Tibia	DB Tibia 8'&2'
F053	Tibia	DB Tibia & Vox
F054	Tibia	DB Tibia 8'4'& 2'
F055	Tibia	DB Tibia 16'&8'
F056	Tibia	DB Tibia 16 &4'
F057	Tibia	DB Tibia 16'8'4'
F058	Tibia	DB Tibia 1684&2'
F059	Tibia	DB Tibia 168421'
F060	Tibia	DB Full Tibia
F061	Lo & Hi	Lo & Hi 1
F062	Lo & Hi	Lo & Hi 2
F063	Lo & Hi	Lo & Hi 3
F064	Lo & Hi	Odd Harmonic
F065	Lo & Hi	Pop Solo
F066	Lo & Hi	Perc 16'&4'
F067	Lo & Hi	Solo 16'&2'
F068	Lo & Hi	Cute Solo
F069	Lo & Hi	Eddie's Wind
F070	Lo & Hi	Full Hammond
F071	Pop	Sylvia
F072	Pop	Lady
F073	Pop	Yeh Yeh
F074	Pop	Season Time
F075	Pop	On a Clear Day
F076	Pop	Twee motten
F077	Pop	Toccata Live
F078	Pop	Je t'aime moi
F079	Pop	Early Bird
F080	Pop	Bluesette
F081	Vx	Vx Mellow
F082	Vx	Vx Bright
F083	Vx	Vx Mixture
F084	Farf	Farf Flute
F085	Farf	Farf Brass
F086	Farf	Farf Reeds
F087	Farf	Farf Strings
F088	Farf	Farf Full
F089	Ace	Ace Flute
F090	Ace	Ace Reeds
F091	Ace	Ace Strings
F092	Contemp	Summer Samba
F093	Contemp	Dancing Days
F094	Contemp	Pipe Mixture
F095	Contemp	California Girl
F096	Contemp	Won't Get Fooled
F097	TW Basic	Master Comp
F098	TW Basic	Sweet Carpet
F099	TW Basic	DB Reed
F100	TW Basic	DB Diapason
_ 1 100		

PIANO/ENSEMBLE PATCHES

Patch #	Category	Name
	A. Piano	Grand Piano Y-CF
	A. Piano	Grand Piano StwD
	A. Piano	GP Y & LegatoStr
. 000	A. Piano	GP S & LegatoStr
	A. Piano	GP Y & Warm Pad
	A. Piano	GP S & Warm Pad
	A. Piano	Upright Piano
	A. Piano	Honky-Tonk PIano
1 000	A. Piano	Pop Piano CF
. 002	A. Piano	HP OldTime PrChd
	A. Piano	Electric Grand
	A. Piano	Electric Grand Comp
	A. Piano	ElecGrand & Pad
	A. Piano	Toy Plano Kw1
	A. Piano	Toy Piano Kwi Pan
	A. Piano	Toy Piano Sch
	A. Piano	Toy Piano Sch MoDly
	A. Piano A. Piano	Toy Piano S&K
1010	A. Piano A. Piano	Slow Atk Y-CF
	A. Piano A. Piano	Slow Atk 1-CF Slow Atk StwD
1 020	A. Piano A. Piano	Stadium Grand
	A. Piano A. Piano	Rehearsal Room
1 022	A. Piano A. Piano	Compressed Grand
. 023		EP Tine MkI
F024	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Tine MkI Pan
1023	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Tine MkI Phase
	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Tine MkI Phase EP Tine MkI Chorus
1027	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Tine MkI Chorus EP Tine MkI OD
1 020	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Tine MkII
1027	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Tine MkII Pan
1 030	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Tine MkII Pan EP Tine MkII Phase
1031	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Tine MkII Phase EP Tine MkII Chorus
1 032	E. Piano E. Piano	Tine MkII OD
. 000	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Reed 200A
		EP Reed 200A Trem
. 000	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Reed 200A Frem EP Reed 200A Phase
1 030	E. Piano E. Piano	EP Reed 200A Phase EP Reed 200A OD
1 007		EP Reed 200A OD EP FM
. 000	E. Piano E. Piano	EP FM Pan
1037	E. Piano E. Piano	EP FM Pan EP FM Phase
		EP FM Phase EP FM Chorus
1.0	E. Piano	
1012	E. Piano	EP FM + GrandPno
	E. Piano	80's Layer Piano
1 0 1 1	E. Piano	Reed Pno+FM Pno
	E. Piano	Space Mk II + FM
	E. Piano	Mk I&LegatoStrings
	E. Piano	CW Tipe MI2
1 0 10	E. Piano	GW Tine Mk2
	Harpsichord	Harpsi Back
	Harpsichord	Harpsi Back Cpl
	Harpsichord	Harpsi Front
	Harpsichord	Harpsi Buff
F053	Harpsichord	Harpsi PCD

Datch #	Catogory	Namo
Patch # F054	Category Harpsichord	Name Harpsi & Recorder
F055	Harpsichord	Harpsi OD
F056	Clav.	Clav. AC
F057	Clav.	Clav. AD
F058	Clav.	Clav. BC
F059	Clav.	Clav. BD
F060	Clav.	Clav. AC Wah
F061	Clav.	Clay. AD Wah
F062	Clav.	Clav. BC Wah
F063	Clav.	Clav. BD Wah
F064	Clav.	Clav. AC PdWah
F065	Clav.	Clav. AD PdWah
F066	Clav.	Clav. BC PdWah
F067	Clav.	Clav. BD PdWah
F068	Clav.	Clav. RealLove
F069	Clav.	Pulse Clav.
F070	Clav.	Clav Hard OD
F071	Clav.	Clav Bass
F071	Clav.	Clav&Reed 200
F072	ChroPerc	Xylophone
F074	ChroPerc	Mixing Bowl
F074	ChroPerc	Xylo Duo Prchd
F075	ChroPerc	Xylo 4tet Prchd
F076	ChroPerc	Marimba Normal
F077	ChroPerc	Marimba Trem
	ChroPerc	Marimba Sustain
F079 F080	ChroPerc	Marimba Sustani MarimbaDuo Prchd
F081	ChroPerc	Marimba4tet Prchd
F082	ChroPerc	Xylo + Marimba
F083	ChroPerc	Glockenspiel
F084	ChroPerc	GlockenspielX-66
F085	ChroPerc	Vibraphone
F086	ChroPerc	Tubular Bells
F087	ChroPerc	Tubular Bells FM
F088	ChroPerc	Tubular Bells TW
F089	ChroPerc	Church Bells
F099	ChroPerc	Music Box
F090	ChroPerc	Tonechimes
F091	ChroPerc	TonechimesDamped
F092	ChroPerc	Hand Bells
F093	ChroPerc	HandBells Damped
F094	ChroPerc	TnchmsHymn Prchd
F095	ChroPerc	TchmHrmChm Prchd
F096	ChroPerc	HnBl&Tchm4tet Prchd
F097	ChroPerc	Wine Glass
F099	ChroPerc	WG Lawrence
F100	ChroPerc	Digi Bell 1
F100	ChroPerc	Digi Bell 2
F101	ChroPerc	Rather Be Prchd
F102	ChroPerc	Cathedral Chimes
F103	ChroPerc	Marimba + Glock
F104	ChroPerc	Organ Harp
F105	ChroPerc	Vibraharp
LLIOD	CIII OI CIC	1 Iolaliai p

D-+-l- #	Cataman	Name -
Patch #	Category Guitar	Nylon Guitar
F107 F108	Guitar	Steel Guitar
F109	Guitar	Nylon&Steel Gtrs
	Guitar	StelGtDuo Prchd
F110	Guitar	12-String Guitar
F111	Guitar	Jazz Guitar
F112	Guitar	Jazz Guitar Oct
F113		PedalSteelGuitar
F114	Guitar	
F115	Guitar	Orchestral Harp OH WholeTone C
F116		
F117	Guitar Guitar	OH WholeTone F
F118		PizzicatoStrings
F119	Guitar	PizzStr + Glock
F120	Guitar	NylonGtr+Tine EP
F121	Guitar	SteelGtr+Tine EP
F122	Ethnic	Dulcimer
F123	Ethnic	Sitar
F124		Banjo
F125	Ethnic	Koto
F126		Pan Pipes
F127		SteelGtr&Dulcimer
F128	Ethnic	PanPipe&Recorder
F129	Ethnic	Koto & Pan Pipes
F130	SFX	Zap
F131	SFX	Rain
F132	SFX	Telephone
F133	SFX	Flanging Noise
F134	SFX	Burst Noise
F135	SFX	Sine Prchd
F136	SFX	WhiteNoisePedWah
F137	SFX	Sine RingMod
F138	Wind	Horn Rock Band
F139	Wind	Unison Sax
F140	Wind	Ceddin Deden
F141	Wind	M12 Box Brass
F142	Wind	M12 Brazz
F143	Wind	M12 Horn Ens
F144	Wind	SynBrs Bird Low
F145	Wind	SynBrs Bird Oct
F146	Wind	SynBrs GX
F147	Wind	Flute Prchd
F148	Wind	BigBandSax Prchd
F149	Wind	BigBand Prchd
F150	Wind	Unison Brs FD
F151	Wind	Unison Brs GUp
F152	Wind	Quartet 1 Prchd
F153	Wind	Quartet 2 Prchd
F154	Wind	Jazz Brass Prchd
F155	Wind	MutedCombo1Prchd
F156	Wind	Muted Combo2Prchd
F157	Wind	Trumpet Str
	Wind	Trumpet Vib
F158 F159	Wind	Trumpet Section
11139	77 1114	Tumper occuon

Patch #	Category	Name
F160	Wind	Trumpet Muted
F161	Wind	Trombone Str
F162	Wind	Trombone Muted
F163	Wind	Flute Vib
F164	Wind	Taped Flute
F165	Wind	Recorder
F166	Wind	Synth Whistle
F167	Wind	Alto Sax Str
F168	Wind	Alto Sax Vib
F169	Wind	Tenor Sax Str
F170	Wind	Tenor Sax Vib
F171	Wind	Bari Sax Str
F172	Wind	Tp & Tb Str
F173	Wind	Tp & Tb Vib
F174	Wind	Tp & Tb Mute
F175	Wind	Ed's OB Brazz
F176	Wind	Ray's Flute
F177	Wind	SaxQuartet Prchd
F178	Strings	Legato Strings
F179	Strings	Legato Strings Legato Strings Oct
F180	Strings	LgatoSt Op Prchd
F181	Strings	Section Strings
F182	Strings	Section Strings Section Str Oct
	ļ	
F183	Strings	SectStr Op Prchd
F184	Strings	Synth Str.Bright
F185	Strings	Synth Str.Mellow
F186	Strings	Sol. Strings
F187	Strings	Sol. Strings Oct
F188	Strings	Taped Strings
F189	Strings	Glass Harp
F190	Strings	Violin
F191	Strings	TapedChoir&Strings
F192	Strings	Synth Stringz
F193	Strings	TapedStrg&SynStr
F194	Strings	TapedStrg&SecStr
F195	Strings	SectStrings&Violin
F196	Choir	Choir Aah
F197	Choir	Choir Doo
F198	Choir	Vocal
F199	Choir	Vocal&Strg Prchd
F200	Choir	Vcal&Choir Prchd
F201	Choir	Taped Choir
F202	Choir	TapedChoir Prchd
F203	Choir	TapedChoir&Flute
F204	Choir	Space Choir
F205	Synth Pad	Fantasia Pad
F206	Synth Pad	Harp Pad
F207	Synth Pad	Warm Pad
F208	Synth Pad	Choir Pad
F209	Synth Pad	Soundtrack
F210	Synth Pad	Wind Bell
	Synth Pad	PWM Pad
F211	oyiitii i ati	1 W IVI I au

176 PIANO/ENSEMBLE PATCHES- continued

D-4-l- #	C-+	No
Patch #	Category Synth Pad	Name Sweep Pad
F212 F213	Synth Pad	Sample&Hold Pad
	Synth Pad	Phasing Pad
F214	Synth Pad	Chime Pad
F215	Synth Pad	Rattle Pad
F216	Synth Pad	2.2 Pad
F217	1	
F218	Synth Pad Synth Pad	Shimmer Pad It's A Miracle
F219	-	
F220	Synth Pad	Zan-Te Pong
F221	Synth Pad	Fantasia&Strings SynthPad&M12Brss
F222	Synth Pad Synth Pad	-
F223	Bass	SynthPad&TapedSt Acoustic Bass
F224	Bass	
F225		AcouBass&RideCym
F226	Bass	AcouBass & Brush
F227	Bass	AcouBass & Drums
F228	Bass	Finger Bass Jz
F229	Bass	Finger Bass Pr
F230	Bass	Pick Bass Jz
F231	Bass	Pick Bass Jz OD Pick Bass Pr
F232	Bass	
F233	Bass	Pick Bass Pr OD
F234	Bass	Slap Bass
F235	Bass Bass	Slap Bass Delay FM Bass
F236		
F237	Bass	Timpani Normal
F238	Bass Bass	Timpani Roll
F239	Bass	Legato Strg Bass Symphonic Bass
F240	Bass	ElecPiano Bass
F241	Bass	FingBas+HarmStacc
F242	Bass	AcouBass & Trbn
F243	Bass	Pick Bass Sp1
F244		Pick Bass&Pulse66
F245	Bass Bass	ElecPiano Bass Vel
F246 F247	Bass	AcousticBass+FM
F247	Synth Lead	Square Ld Bright
	Synth Lead	Square Ld Mellow
F249	Synth Lead	Saw Ld
F250 F251	Synth Lead	Fifth Ld
F251	Synth Lead	Sync Ld U&D
F252	Synth Lead	Sync Ld O&D
F253	Synth Lead	Noise Ld
F254	Synth Lead	OPZ LFO Ld
F256	Synth Lead	Lucy Arp
F257	Synth Lead	Gimme^3 Ld
F258	Synth Lead	Tel Line Ld
F259	Synth Lead	Hot Stuff Ld
F260	Synth Lead	Take On Ld
F261	Synth Lead	B.Light Ld
F262	Synth Lead	Unison Ld
F263	Synth Lead	UnisonNoise Ld
1 203	- J IIII Deute	

Patch #	Category	Name
F264	Synth Lead	Chocolate Seq
F265	Synth Lead	Puttin'RitzPrchd
F266	Synth Lead	Synth Ralf
F267	Synth Lead	Pulse75&Alto Sax
F268	Synth Lead	Saw & M12 Brass
F269	Synth Lead	Pulse80+Violin
F270	Synth Lead	SquareDuet Prchd
F271	Free Reed	Accordion M
F272	Free Reed	Accordion LM
F273	Free Reed	Accordion LMH
F274	Free Reed	Accordion LMMH
F275	Free Reed	Accordion MMM
F276	Free Reed	Reed Organ
F277	Free Reed	Reed Organ Oct
F278	Free Reed	Harm Single
F279	Free Reed	Harm Chro Norm
F280	Free Reed	Harm Chro Vib
F281	Free Reed	Harm Chro OD
F282	Free Reed	Harm FM
F283	Free Reed	Melodion S-32
F284	Free Reed	Melodion PRO-44
F285	Free Reed	Melodion M-37
F286	Free Reed	Melodion M-37Twin
F287	Free Reed	MelodionM37ODWah
F288	Free Reed	Melodion B-24
F289	Free Reed	Melodion 2 Prchd
F290	Free Reed	Melodion 3 Prchd
F291	Free Reed	Melodion 4 Prchd
F292	Free Reed	MelodnP44+HarChr
F293	Free Reed	MelodnB24+Marimba
F294	Free Reed	HarChrVb+AltoSax
F295	Percussion	Ride Cymbal
F296	Percussion	Brush Snare Drum
F297	Percussion	Wind Chime
F298	Percussion	Tone Tang
F299	Percussion	OH WlTnC&WindChm
F300	Percussion	OH WlTnF&WindChm

tips WHAT IS "ProChord?"

ProChord™is a unique feature of certain Hammond instruments, including the SKX PRO, which allows you to play professional right-hand harmony while playing a single-note melody. The harmonization applied to the melody is determined by which chord is played by the left hand.

MONO SYNTH PATCHES

Patch #	Name
F001	Sine Lead
F002	Saw Lead
F003	Fat Saw w/Chorus
F004	Wild Chorus
F005	SW Synth #1
F006	Staircase 4dg
F007	FM Flute
F008	LeadSqu w/Chor
F009	Synth Trombone
F010	Quartersteps
F011	B-3 Perc Synth
F012	Tuned White Noise
F013	Basic Syn Bass
F014	PHAT Bass
F015	Ed's OB Bass
F016	Chirp Bass
F017	Melodic Solo 1
F018	Perc. Bass
F019	Florian Bass
F020	Hard Solo
F021	Autobahn
F022	Oxygene
F023	Magnetic
F024	Electric Friends
F025	Don't You Go
F026	Blue Monday
F027	Get Enough
F028	Tainted Love
F029	Sweet Dreams
F030	West End Girls
F031	99 Luftballons
F032	You Want Me
F033	Vienna
F034	Pop Muzik Perc
F035	Don't Go Bass
F036	Noise 1
F037	Noise 2
F038	Special PF
F039	Special VG
F040	Aliens
F041	Bright Brass
F042	MG Lead
F043	F. P. Cress.
F044	Spacious Saw Ld
F045	Funny Ld
F046	Oct Saw Ld
F047	Oct Sqr Ld
F048	4th Saw Ld
F049	4th Sqr Ld
F050	I'm Ready

Patch #	Name
F051	Lucky Man
F052	Takarajima
F053	Gut Daze
F054	Sweep Bass
F055	Reso Sweep Bass
F056	Oct. Sweep Bass
F057	Arpie Bass
F058	Chameleon Bass
F059	Rock With You Ld
F060	Beep Ld
F061	Belly Ld
F062	Over Mod Ld
F063	Material Ld
F064	Cool Bass
F065	Metallic Bass
F066	FM Horn
F067	FM Reed
F068	Square Ld
F069	Sqr Alt Oct Ld
F070	Popcorn Ld
F071	Pulse Ld
F072	PWM Tri Ld
F073	PWM S/H Ld
F074	PWM Frac Ld
F075	Square Bass
F076	Sync Up Ld
F077	Sync Down Ld
F078	Sync Up&Down Ld
F079	Sync S/H Ld
F080	Sync Frac Ld
F081	Trancy Ld
F082	Out Of Tune Ld
F083	Sweep Trancy Ld
F084	Sqr With Saw Ld
F085	Saw With Sqr Ld
F086	Noise Ld
F087	Chip Perc.
F088	Falling Noise
F089	Upward Noise
F090	Wind
F091	Seashore
F092	Pitch S/H
F093	Glass Crash
F094	Launch
F095	Percussive Saw
F096	Oct&Vibrato Ld
F097	Glass Crash
F098	Unison Bass
F099	Sqr+Saw Oct Bass
F100	Big Drift

WAVEFORM LIST

PIANO/ENSEMBLE

	Category		Name
1	A. Piano	1	GrandPf Yam CF3
		2	GrandPf Stw D St
		3	GndPf StwDSt Rel
		4	UpUf Regular
		5	UpUf Honky
		6	Electric Grand
		7	Toy Pf Kaw
		8	Toy Pf Kaw Rel
		9	Toy Pf Sch
		10	Toy Pf Sch Rel
		11	Pop Piano CF
2	E. Piano	1	EP Tine Mk1 On
		2	EP Tine Mk1 Off
		3	EP Tine Mk2 On
		4	EP Reed 200A
		5	E.Piano FM
		6	E.Piano FM Cho
		7	EP Tine Mk1 Soft
		8	EP Reed Soft
3	Harpsichord	1	Hpsichrd Back
		2	Hpsichrd Front
		3	Hpsichrd Buff
		4	Hpsi Off
4	Clav	1	Clav AC
		2	Clav AD
		3	Clav BC
		4	Clav BD
-	Cl D	5	Clav Off
5	Chro. Perc.	1	Xylophone YX Norm
		2	Marimba YM Norm
		3	Marimba YM Trem
		4	Glockenspiel
		5 6	Glock. X-66 Vibraphone YV
		7	Tublar Bells
		8	Tub Bells FM
		9	Tub Bells TW
		10	Church Bell
		11	Wine Glass
		12	Tonechimes
		13	Hand Bells
		14	Syn. Celesta
		15	Digi Bell 1
		16	Digi Bell 2
		17	Crystal
		18	Music Box
6	Guitar	1	Nylon-Str Gt.
		2	Steel-Str Gt.
<u></u>		3	12Str Gt. A
		4	12Str Gt. B
		5	Jazz Gt.
		6	Pedal Steel Gt
-		7	Orch Harp
		8	OH Whole Tone C
-		9	OH Whole Tone F
-	P.I. 1	10	Pizzicato Str.
7	Ethnic	1	Dulcimer
-		2	Sitar
-		3	Tanpura
_		4	Banjo
_		5	Soh Dan Dinas
0	CEV	6	Pan Pipes
8	SFX	2	Sine White Noise
		3	Rain
		4	TelephoneRingSus
	1	5	TelephoneRingRel
		6	E. Driver Sus
_	1		

	Category		Name
		7	E. Driver Rel
9	Wind	1	Trumpet Str
		2	Trumpet Vib
		3	Trumpet Muted
		4	Tp. Fall Sus
		5	Tp. Fall Atk
		6	Tp. Grs Up Sus
		7	Trumpet Sect.
		8	Trombone Str
		9	Trombone Muted
		10	Tb. Fall Sus
		11	Tb. Fall Atk
		12	Flute Str
		13	Flute Vib Flute Atk
		15	Alto Sax Str
		16	Alto Sax Str Alto Sax Vib
		17	Tenor Sax Str
		18	Tenor Sax Vib
		19	Bari Sax Str
		20	Recorder
		21	Flute Taped
		22	M12 Box Brass 1
		23	M12 Box Brass 2
		24	M12 Box Blass 2 M12 Brazz 1
		25	M12 Brazz 2
		26	M12 Horn Ens 1
		27	M12 Horn Ens 2
10	Strings	1	Str. Legato
	- carrigo	2	Str. Section
		3	Synth Str. Mlw
		4	Synth Str. Bri
		5	Sol. Str.
		6	Violins Taped
		7	Violin
		8	Glass Harp St
		9	Glass Harp Mono
11	Choir	1	Choir Aah CM
		2	Choir Doo CM
		3	Vocal CM Tn/S
		4	Choir Taped
12	Synth Pad	1	PWM
		2	EPFM Pad
		3	WG Pad Bright
		4	WG Pad Mellow
12	D.	5	Noise Choir
13	Bass	1	Acoustic Bs On
		2	Acoustic Bs Off
		3	Finger Bs Jz
		4	Finger Bs Pr
		5	Pick Bs Jz
		6	Pick Bs Pr Slap Bs Jz
		8	FM Bass
		9	Timpani Single
		10	Timpani Single Timpani Roll
		11	Timpani Griss
	Synth Lead	1	Square
14	Joynan Ledu	2	Pulse 66%
14			Pulse 75%
14		2	14 4430 / / / / /
14		3	i
14		4	Pulse 80%
14		5	Pulse 80% Sawtooth
14		4 5 6	Pulse 80% Sawtooth Kinura
14		4 5 6 7	Pulse 80% Sawtooth Kinura Lucy
14		4 5 6	Pulse 80% Sawtooth Kinura

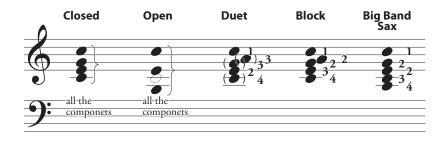
	Category		Name
		11	Osc. Sync D
15	Free Reed	1	Accordion
		2	Acdn SubOct
		3	Reed Organ
		4	Melodion B-24
		5	Melodion M-37
		6	Melodion M-37Oct
		7	Melodion PRO-44
		8	Melodion S-32
		9	Harm Single
		10	Harm Chro Norm
		11	Harm Chro Vib
		12	Harm BsChro
		13	Harm Bass Stacc
		14	Harm FM
16	Percussion	1	Ride Cymbal
		2	Crash Cymbal
		3	Crash Cymbal Lp
		4	Wind Chime
		5	Wind Chime Lp
		6	Tone Tang
		7	Jazz BD
		8	Jazz SD
		9	Jazz SD&BD Rnd
		10	Brush SD Swl On
		11	Brush SD Swl Off
		12	Brsh SD Tap/Slap
		13	Brush SD&BD Rnd

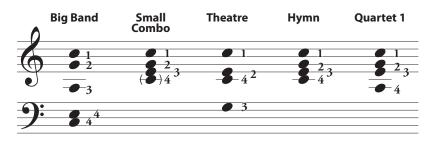
PIPE ORGAN STOPS

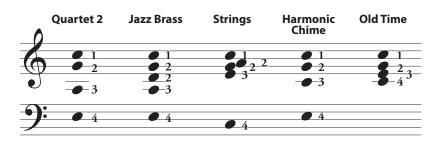
#	Pipe Voice
1	C-Open Diapason
2	C-Principal
3	C-Diapason
4	C-Bourdon 1
5	C-Bourdon 2
6	C-Gedeckt
7	C-Rohr Flute
8	C-Flute Hamonic
9	C-Flautino C-Voix Cele II
10	
11	C-Clarinet
12	C-Hautbois
13	C-Oboe
14	C-Vox Humana
	C-Trompette
	C-Cornet V
- ' '	C-Mixture III
18	C-Mixture IV
19	C-Reserve
20	C-Reserve
21	C-Reserve
22	T-Tibia Clausa
	T-Brass Saxophone
24	T-Brass Trumpet
25	T-Clarinet
26	T-Brs E.PostHorn T-Orchestral Oboe
27	
28	T-Style D Trumpet
29	T-Viol d'Orchestle
30	T-Vox Humana
31	T-Viol Celeste
	T-Reserved
33	T-Reserved
34	P-CotVln 32' & Brdn 16'
35	P-CtlBmb 32' & Prn 16'
36	P-CntBrdn 32' & Flte 16'
37	P-Trompette 16'
38	P-Fagott 16'
39	P-SubBs 16' & Gedeckt 8'
40	P-Diapason 8' & Flute 4'
41	P-PrnChors 8' & Mixt IV
42	P-Tibia 16' & Flute 8'
43	P-Diap 16' & PostHorns
44	P-Cornopean
45	P-Reserved
46	P-Reserved

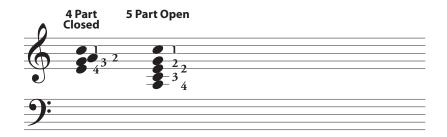
- **C** Classical
- T Theatre
- P Pedal

ProChord VOICING









The chord voicings for the <u>Small Combo</u>, <u>Hymn</u>, and <u>Old Time</u> patterns are somewhat similar; however, the passing chords are different corresponding to the harmonic style for each pattern.

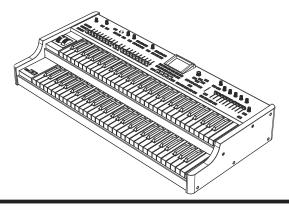
MIDITEMPLATES

MIDITEMPLATES

	Template	Basic	Pedal KBD	Organ Upper
Messages	MIDI IN	Sequence	Pedal	Organ Upper
	Local Control	On	On	On
	NRPN	On	On	On
	Program Change	On	On	On
	Drawbar Registration	On	On	On
	External Zone	Off	Off	Off
Transmit Channel	Tx. Upper	1	1	1
	Tx. Lower	2	2	2
	Tx. Pedal	3	3	3
	Rx. Upper	1	1 (disregarded, off)	1 (disregarded, off)
	Rx. Lower	2	2 (disregarded, off)	2 (disregarded, off)
	Rx. Pedal	3	3 (disregarded, omni)	3 (disregarded, off)
Comments		Record and Playback between	Play with expanded Pedalboard	Play the ORGAN Section Up-
		the SKX PRO (stand alone)	into the MIDI IN Port.	per directly by expanded MIDI
		and external sequencer.	Your performance will be trans-	keyboard into the MIDI IN
		•	mitted from the MIDI OUT	Port.
			Port and recorded by an exter-	
			nal sequencer.	

	Template	Piano	Ensemble	Synth
Messages	MIDI IN	Piano	Ensemble	Synth
	Local Control	On	On	On
	NRPN	On	On	On
	Program Change	On	On	On
	Drawbar Registration	On	On	On
	External Zone	Off	Off	Off
Transmit Channel	Tx. Upper	1	1	1
	Tx. Lower	2	2	2
	Tx. Pedal	3	3	3
	Rx. Upper	1 (disregarded, off)	1 (disregarded, off)	1 (disregarded, off)
	Rx. Lower	2 (disregarded, off)	2 (disregarded, off)	2 (disregarded, off)
	Rx. Pedal	3 (disregarded, off)	3 (disregarded, off)	3 (disregarded, off)
Comments		Play the PIANO Section di-	Play the ENSEMBLE Section	Play the MONO SYNTH Sec-
		rectly by expanded MIDI key-	directly by expanded MIDI	tion directly by expanded
		board into the MIDI IN Port.	keyboard into the MIDI IN	MIDI keyboard into the MIDI
			Port.	IN Port.

	Template	EXZ	EXZ Pedal KBD
Messages MIDI IN		Sequence	Pedal
	Local Control	On	On
	NRPN	On	On
	Program Change	On	On
	Drawbar Registration	On	On
	External Zone	On	On
Transmit Channel	Tx. Upper	Off	Off
	Tx. Lower	Off	Off
	Tx. Pedal	Off	Off
	Rx. Upper	Off	1 (disregarded, off)
	Rx. Lower	Off	2 (disregarded, off)
	Rx. Pedal	Off	3 (disregarded, omni)
Comments		Control the MIDI equipment	Play with expanded Pedalboard
		by using External Zones and	into the MIDI IN Port.
		MIDI OUT Port.	Control the MIDI equipment
			by using External Zones and
			MIDI OUT Port.



MIDI INFORMATION

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION

CHANNEL VOICE MESSAGES

Note Off

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte 8nH kkH vvH, or 9nH kkH 00H

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) kk=Note Number: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) vv=Velocity(disregard): 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

Note On

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte 9nH kkH vvH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) kk=Note Number: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) vv=Velocity: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

Control Change

Bank Select (CC#0, 32)

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Status} & 2 \text{nd Byte} & 3 \text{rd Byte} \\ \text{BnH} & 00 \text{H} & \text{mmH} \\ \text{BnH} & 20 \text{H} & \text{IIH} \end{array}$

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) mm,ll=Bank Number: 00H 00H = Bundle

01H 00H = User 02H 00H = Factory

64H 00H - 6DH 00H= Bank [1] to [10]

Disregards if the received number is empty.

Expression (CC#11)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 0BH vvH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) vv=Expression: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

Spring Shock (CC#48)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Status} & \text{2nd Byte} & \text{3rd Byte} \\ \text{BnH} & \text{30H} & \text{vvH} \end{array}$

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) vv=Velocity: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127)

TW Brake (CC#49)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 31H vvH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) vv=Control Value: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63=Off, 64 - 127=On

Damper (CC#64)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 40H vvH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) vv=Control Value: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63=Off, 64 - 127=On

Portamento Switch (CC#65)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte
BnH 41H vvH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) vv=Control Value: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63=Off, 64 - 127=On

Sustain (CC#69-adds Sustain to Upper and Lower ORGAN Parts)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 45H vvH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) vv=Control Value: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63=Off, 64 - 127=On

ProChord Active (CC#84)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 54H vvH n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) vv=Control Value: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63=Off, 64 - 127=On

Activates "Harmony" parts for ORGAN Section when this Parameter is "On."

Leslie Fast (CC#92)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte
BnH 5CH vvH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) vv=Control Value: 00H - 7FH (0 - 127) 0 - 63=Off, 64 - 127=On

This control change is only for receive.

NRPN MSB/LSB (CC#98, 99)

Status2nd Byte3rd ByteBnH63HmmHBnH62HIIH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) mm=upper byte of the Parameter number specified by NRPN ll=lower byte of the Parameter number specified by NRPN

Data Entry (CC#6, 38)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 06H mmH BnH 26H llH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) mm,ll=the value of the Parameter specified by NRPN

Program Change

Status 2nd Byte CnH ppH

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16) pp=Program Number: 00H - 63H = Patch #0 to 99

64H - 6DH = Favo. Number [1] to [10]

7FH = [Manual]

Example of operation

ex: select Combi F016

Bx 00 02 Bx 20 00 Cx 0F (x=Upper Channel)

ex: select Favorite Bank[2], Number[6]

Bx 00 65 Bx 20 00 Cx 69 (x=Upper Channel)

ex: select Manual

Cx 7F (x=Upper Channel)

CHANNEL MODE MESSAGES

All Sounds Off (CC#120)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 78H 00H

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16)

When this message is received, all currently-sounding notes on the corresponding channel will be turned off immediately.

Reset All Controllers (CC#121)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 79H 00H

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16)

When this message is received, the following controllers will be set to their reset values.

Expression: 127, TW Brake: 0, Damper: 0 NRPN: unset; previously set data will not change

All Notes Off (CC#123)

Status 2nd Byte 3rd Byte BnH 7BH 00H

n=MIDI Channel Number: 0H - FH (Ch. 1 - 16)

When All Notes Off is received, all notes on the corresponding channel will be turned off. However if Hold 1 or Sostenuto is ON, the sound will be continued until these are turned off.

DRAWBAR DATA LIST

	Control Number										
Part	16′	5 ½′	8′	4′	2 ¾′	2′	1 3/5′	1 1/3′	1′		
Upper	0CH(12)	0DH(13)	0EH(14)	0FH(15)	10H(16)	11H(17)	12H(18)	13H(19)	14H(20)		
Lower	15H(21)	16H(22)	17H(23)	18H(24)	19H(25)	1AH(26)	1BH(27)	1CH(28)	1DH(29)		
Pedal	21H(33)	-	23H(35)	-	-	-	-	-	-		

		Level										
	0	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8										
Value	00 - 0FH	10 - 1FH	20 - 2FH	30 - 3FH	40 - 4FH	50 - 5FH	60 - 6FH	70 - 7EH	7FH			
	(0 - 15)						(96 - 111)					

ex: Set Lower 8' to level 7 via MIDI. Bx 17 70 (x=Upper Channel)

SYSTEM EXCLUSIVE MESSAGE

MEMORY DUMP

1. Each Packet (139 Bytes)

F0	System Exclusive
55	SUZUKI ID
dd	Device ID (refer to page 159)
10	Model ID MSB
24	Model ID LSB
11	Command: Data Packet
[TYPE]	Data Type
	07H, 08H = Temp. Dump
	0AH = System Dump
[PNH]	Packet Number MSB
[PNL]	Packet Number LSB
[DATA]	64 Bytes Data
	128 Bytes nibblized ASCII
	ex: 7EH = 37H, 45H
[CHD]	Check Digit
	Lower 7 bits of XOR [DATA]
F7	End Of Exclusive

2. Acknowledge

F0	System Exclusive
55	SUZUKI ID
dd	Device ID
10	Model ID MSB
24	Model ID LSB
14	Command: Acknowledge
[TYPE]	Data Type
[AK]	Result
	00H = OK
	05H = Check Digit Error
	06H = Receive Protected
[PNH]	Packet Number MSB
[PNL]	Packet Number LSB
F7	End Of Exclusive

3. # of Packets

Temp. Dump: 46 System Dump: 11

DUMP REQUEST (Rx. Only)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
F0	System Exclusive					
F0 55	SUZUKI ID					
dd	Device ID					
10	Model ID MSB					
24	Model ID LSB					
12	Command: Dump Request					
[TYPE]	Data Type					
	07H = Temp. Dump					
	0AH = System Dump					
F7	End Of Exclusive					

INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS

F0	Suzuki Exclusive
55 dd	SUZUKI ID
dd	Device ID
10	Model ID MSB
24	Model ID LSB
02	Command: Individual Parameters
[DATA]	00H = Off, 01H = NRPN, 02H = SysEx.
F7	End Of Exclusive

Set the way to the transmitting Individual Parameters.

DATA SET (RX. ONLY)

F0	System Exclusive
55 dd	SUZUKI ID
dd	Device ID
10	Model ID MSB
24	Model ID LSB
13	Command: Data Set
aa	Address MSB
bb	Address
сс	Address LSB
[DATA]	Data (Flexible bytes)
F7	End Of Exclusive

IDENTITY REQUEST (RX. ONLY)

F0	System Exclusive
7E	Universal non real-time
dd	Device ID
06	Sub ID #1
01	Sub ID #2
F7	End Of Exclusive

IDENTITY REPLY (TX. ONLY)

F0	System Exclusive
7E	Universal non real-time
dd	Device ID
06	Sub ID #1
02	Sub ID #2
55	SUZUKI ID
00 10	Device Family code
00 24	Device Family number
00 00	
00 00	
F7	End Of Exclusive

When Identity Request is received, Identity Reply will be transmitted.

COMBINATION PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	NRPN SysEx Address					SysEx	Data		
Category	i diameter	MSB	LSB	MSB to LSB				The data length 01 uses only MSB, length 02 uses MSB		
	1			INIOD IO LOD				and LSB.		
N.1	+	(63)	(62)		l	1				
Name								16 letters		
Portamento	On						01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
Reverb	On	10	00	00	10	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Type (P/E/S)	10	01	00	10	01	01	00 - 07		
								00: Room 1 05: Church		
								01: Room 2 06: Plate		
								02: Ballroom 07: Spring		
								03: Hall 1		
								04: Hall 2		
	Depth	10	02	00	10	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Time (P/E/S)	10	03	00	10	03	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Pre-LPF (P/E/S)	10	04	00	10	04	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Type (Organ)	10	06	00	10	06	01	Same as P/E/S		
	Time (Organ)	10	07	00	10	07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Pre-LPF (Organ)	10	08	00	10	08	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
Organ Upper	Patch	11	00	00	11	00	02	00 00 - 00 63, 00 64 - 01 47, 01 48 - 02 2B		
								(B001 - B100, U001 - U100, F001 - F100)		
	Octave	11	01	00	11	01	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2)		
	Transpose	11	02	00	11	02	02	3F 7A - 40 00 - 40 06 (-6 - ±0 - +6)		
	Allocate	11	03	00	11	03	01	00 - 03 (Off, Upper, Lower, Pedal)		
	Key Range Low	11	04	00	11	04	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Key Range High	11	05	00	11	05	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Volume	11	06	00	11	06	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Expression Minimum	11	07	00	11	07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	P. Bend Range	11	08	00	11	08	01	00 - 0E (Patch, 0 - 12)		
	Mod. Mode	11	09	00	11	09	01	00 - 04 (Off, OD, MFx1, MFx2, Leslie)		
	Damper Enable	11	0A	00	11	0A	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
0	Reverb Send Level	11 12	0B	00	11 12	0B	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
Organ Lower	Octave	12	01 02	00	12	01 02	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2) 3F 7A - 40 00 - 40 06 (-6 - ±0 - +6)		
	Transpose Allocate	12	03	00	12	03	02	00 - 03 (Off, Upper, Lower, Pedal)		
	Key Range Low	12	03	00	12	03	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Key Range High	12	05	00	12	05	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Damper Enable	12	03 0A	00	12	03 0A	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
Organ Pedal	Octave	13	01	00	13	01	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2)		
Organiredai	Transpose	13	02	00	13	02	02	3F 7A - 40 00 - 40 06 (-6 - ±0 - +6)		
	Allocate	13	03	00	13	03	01	00 - 03 (Off, Upper, Lower, Pedal)		
	Key Range Low	13	03	00	13	03	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Key Range High	13	05	00	13	05	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Damper Enable	13	0A	00	13	0A	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
Piano, Ensemble,	Patch	1s	00	00	1s	00	02	Piano / Ensemble:		
Synth	T uton				.,		"2	00 00 - 03 0F, 03 10 - 06 1F		
Synth								(U001 - U400, F001 - F400)		
								Mono Synth:		
"s" means;								00 00 - 00 63, 00 64 - 01 47, 01 48 - 02 2B		
4: Piano								(B001 - B100, U001 - U400, F001 - F100)		
5: Ensemble	Octave	1s	01	00	1s	01	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2)		
6: Synth	Transpose	1s	02	00	1s	02	02	3F 7A - 40 00 - 40 06 (-6 - ±0 - +6)		
	Allocate	1s	03	00	1s	03	01	00 - 03 (Off, Upper, Lower, Pedal)		
	Key Range Low	1s	04	00	1s	04	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Key Range High	1s	05	00	1s	05	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Volume	1s	06	00	1s	06	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Expression Minimum	1s	07	00	1s	07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	P. Bend Range	1s	08	00	1s	08	01	00 - 0E (Patch, 0 - 12)		
	Mod. Mode	1s	09	00	1s	09	01	00 - 03 (Off, Mod, OD, MFx1, MFx2)		
	Damper Enable	1s	0A	00	1s	0A	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Reverb Send Level	1s	OB	00	1s	OB	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Velocity Curve	1s	0D	00	1s	0D	01	00 - 04 (Off, 1 - 4)		
Internal Zones	Octave Upper	17	00	00	17	00	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2)		
	Octave Pedal	17	02	00	17	02	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2)		
	Octave Real Lower	17	03	00	17	03	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2)		
	Pedal to Lower On	17	06	00	17	06	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Pedal to Lower Upper Limit	17	07	00	17	07	01	00 - 7F: note number		
	Pedal to Lower Mode	17	08	00	17	08	01	00 - 02 (Lowest, Chord, Poly)		
	Pedal Sustain On	17	09	00	17	09	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Pedal Sustain Length	17	0A	00	17	0A	01	00 - 04 (1 - 5)		
	Pedal Key Mono/Poly	17	OB	00	17	OB	01	00, 01 (Mono, Poly)		
	Lower to Pedal On	17	0C	00	17	0C	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Lower to Pedal Upper Limit	17	0D	00	17	0D	01	00 - 7F: note number		

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	Sy	sEx Addr	ess	SysEx	Data
		MSB	LSB	MSB to LSB		Length	The data length 01 uses only MSB, length 02 uses MSB	
		(63)	(62)					and LSB.
External Zones	On	1n	00	00	1n	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	MIDI Channel	1n	01	00	1n	01	01	00 - 0F (1 - 16)
"n" means;	Octave	1n	02	00	1n	02	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2)
8: Ex Zone 1	Transpose	1n	03	00	1n	03	02	3F 7A - 40 00 - 40 06 (-6 - ±0 - +6)
	Bank Select MSB	1n	04	00	1n	04	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
9: Ex Zone 2	Bank Select LSB	1n	05	00	1n	05	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
A: Ex Zone 3	Program Change	1n	06	00	1n	06	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Allocate	1n	07	00	1n	07	01	00 - 03 (Off, Upper, Lower, Pedal)
	Key Range Low	1n	08	00	1n	08	01	00 - 7F: note number
	Key Range High	1n	09	00	1n	09	01	00 - 7F: note number
	Volume	1n	0A	00	1n	0A	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Expression Enable	1n	OB	00	1n	OB	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	P. Bend Enable	1n	0C	00	1n	0C	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	Mod. Enable	1n	0D	00	1n	0D	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	Damper Enable	1n	0E	00	1n	0E	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	Pan	1n	0F	00	1n	0F	01	00 - 40 - 7F (Left - Center - Right)
	Velocity Curve	1n	10	00	1n	10	01	00 - 04 (Off, Hard - Easy)
	Expression Minimum	1n	11	00	1n	11	01	00 - 3F (0 - 63)
	Expression Maximum	1n	12	00	1n	12	01	40 - 7F (64 - 127)
	Expression CC	1n	13	00	1n	13	01	00, 01, 02 (Off, 7, 11)

ORGAN PATCH PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	SysEx Address			SysEx	Data
catego.)		MSB	LSB	MSB to LSB			Length	
		(63)	(62)					
Name	Patch Name							16 letters
Volume	Patch Volume	24	14	00	24	14	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
Upper Registration	16'			00	21	00	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
opper negistration	5 1/3′			00	21	01	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	8'			00	21	02	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	4'			00	21	03	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	2 2/3′			00	21	04	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	2′			00	21	05	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	1 3/5′			00	21	06	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	1 1/3′			00	21	07	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	1'			00	21	08	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
Lower Registration	16'			00	22	00	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	5 1/3′			00	22	01	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	8′			00	22	02	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	4'			00	22	03	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	2 2/3'			00	22	04	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	1.2/5/			00	22	05	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	1 3/5′			00	22	06	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
	1 1/3′			00	22	07 08	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8) 00 - 08 (0 - 8)
Pedal Registration	16'			00	22	00	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
redai negistration	8'			00	23	01	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)
Lower and Upper	Organ Type	24	00	00	24	00	01	00 - 07
Lower and opper	organ 1/pc			•				00: A-100 04: Vx
								01: B-3 05: Farf
								02: C-3 06: Ace
								03: Mellow 07: Pipe
	Envelope	24	01	00	24	01	01	00 - 20
								00: Contact
								01 - 0F: Release 1 - 15
								10 - 1E: Attack and Release 1 - 15
	Contact Offset Time	24	02	00	24	02	01	00 - 40 - 7F (-64 - 0 - +63)
	Contact Damping	24	03	00	24	03	01	00 - 1F (0 - 31)
	Leakage Level	24	04	00	24	04	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Custom TW A-100	24	05	00	24	05	01	00 - 05 (U1 - F3)
	Custom TW B-3	24	06	00	24	06	01	00 - 05 (U1 - F3)
	Custom TW C-3	24	07	00	24	07	01	00 - 05 (U1 - F3)
	Custom TW Mellow	24	80	00	24	80	01	00 - 05 (U1 - F3)
	Custom Pipe	24	0A	00	24	0A	01	00 - 05 (U1 - F3)
	Tone Control Contact Delay Velocity On	24 24	OB OC	00	24 24	0B 0C	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9) 00, 01 (Off, On)
	Contact Delay Velocity On Contact Delay Velocity Depth	24	0D	00	24	0D	01	00, 01 (Orr, Orr) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch Bend Depth Plus	24	0E	00	24	0E	01	00 - 0C (0 - 12)
	Pitch Bend Depth Minus	24	0F	00	24	0F	01	00 - 18 (0 - 24)
	Sustain Upper On	24	10	00	24	10	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	Sustain Upper Length	24	11	00	24	11	01	00 - 04 (1 - 5)
	Sustain Lower On	24	12	00	24	12	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	Sustain Lower Length	24	13	00	24	13	01	00 - 04 (1 - 5)
	Impedance Amount	24	15	00	24	15	01	00 - 02 (Off, Half, Full)
Pedal	Туре	25	00	00	25	00	01	00, 01 (Normal, Muted)
i caai	Envelope	25	01	00	25	01	01	00 - 20
	1							00: Contact
								01 - 0F: Release 1 - 15
								10 - 1E: Attack and Release 1 - 15
	Custom Sub Drawbars	25	02	00	25	02	01	00 - 05 (U1 - P3)
Percussion	On	26	00	00	26	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	Harmonic	26	01	00	26	01	01	00, 01 (Second, Third)
	Fast Decay	26	02	00	26	02	01	00, 01 (Slow, Fast)
	Volume Soft	26	03	00	26	03	01	00, 01 (Normal, Soft)
	Level at Soft	26	04	00	26	04	01	00 - 63 (0 - 127)
	Level at Normal	26	05	00	26	05	01	00 - 63 (0 - 127)
	Decay at Fast	26	06	00	26	06	01	00 - 18 (0 - 24)
	Decay at Normal	26	07	00	26	07	01	00 - 18 (0 - 24)
	Touch	26	08	00	26	08	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	1' Cancel Drawbar Level	26 26	09 0A	00	26	09	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
				00	26	0A	01	00, 01 (0, Soft)

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	Sy	sEx Addr	ess	SysEx	Data		
		MSB (63)	LSB (62)	٨	ЛSB to LS	SB	Length			
Animation	Leslie Bypass	27	00	00	27	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
Ammation	Leslie Stop	27	01	00	27	01	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Leslie Fast	27	02	00	27	02	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Custom Cabinet	27	03	00	27	03	01	00 - 0F (U1 - P8)		
	Vibrato Upper	27	04	00	27	04	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Vibrato Copper Vibrato Lower	27	05	00	27	05	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Vibrato Mode	27	06	00	27	06	01	00 - 05 (V1 - C3)		
	Vibrato Pedal On	27	07	00	27	07	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Vibrato Model	27	08	00	27	08	01	00 - 02 (Big Box, Small Box, Metal Box)		
	Vibrato Rate	27	09	00	27	09	01	00 - 92 (big box, smarr box, wetar box)		
	Vibrato Chorus Mix	27	0A	00	27	0A	01	00 - 99 (5./8 - /.90 Hz) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Vibrato Rate	27	0E	00	27	0E	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Vibrato Tremulant	27	0F	00	27	0F	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Leslie On Reverb	27	10	00	27	10	01	00 - / F (0 - 12/) 00, 01 (Off, On)		
ransformer	Drive Level	28	00	00	28	00	01	00, 01 (Orr, On) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
lansionner	Hysteresis	28	01	00	28	01	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Depth Upper	28	02	00	28	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
		28	02	00	28	02	01			
	Depth Percussion			00				00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Depth Lower	28	04 05	00	28 28	04	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Depth Pedal	28					01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	On	28	06	00	28	06	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
Overdrive	On	29	00	00	29	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Туре	29	01	00	29	01	01	00 - 03 (Tube Amp, Stomp Box, Clip, EP Amp)		
	Drive Level	29	02	00	29	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Exp. Control On	29	03	00	29	03	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Crossover Freq	29	04	00	29	04	01	00 - 7F (400Hz - 14.7kHz)		
	Blend	29	05	00	29	05	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
Effect 1, Effect 2	On	2x	00	00	2x	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Туре	2x	01	00	2x	01	01	00 - 03 for Effect1, 00 - 04 for Effect 2		
x" means;								00: Tremolo 00: Auto Pan		
A: Effect 1								01: Wah-Wah 01: Phaser		
3: Effect 2								02: Ring Mod 02: Flanger		
o: Ellect 2								03: Compressor 03: Chorus		
								04: Delay		
	Param 1	2x	02	00	2x	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Param 2	2x	03	00	2x	03	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Param 3	2x	04	00	2x	04	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Param 4	2x	05	00	2x	05	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Param 5	2x	06	00	2x	06	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Param 6	2x	07	00	2x	07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Param 7	2x	08	00	2x	08	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Param 8	2x	09	00	2x	09	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
gualizer	Bass Gain	2C	00	00	2C	00	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)		
	Mid Gain	2C	01	00	2C	01	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)		
	Treble Gain	2C	02	00	2C	02	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)		
	Bass Freq	2C	03	00	2C	03	01	00 - 18 (20 - 308Hz)		
	Mid Freq	2C	04	00	2C	04	01	00 - 0F (250 - 3.1kHz)		
	Treble Freq	2C	05	00	2C	05	01	00 - 13 (3.0k - 8.0kHz)		

PIANO/ENSEMBLE PATCH PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	Sv	sEx Addr	ess	SvsEx	SysEx Data				
catego.)	1	MSB	LSB		ASB to LS			Data length 01 uses MSB only, length 02 uses MSB and LSB				
		(63)	(62)	"	10 10	-	Length	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Name	Patch Name							16 letters				
Volume	Patch Volume	s1	07	00	s1	07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
"s" means; 3: Piano	rater volume	31	07	00	31	07		00-71 (0-127)				
4: Ensemble												
Category	Category		ł				01	00 - 0F 00: A. Piano 08: Wind 01: E. Piano 09: Strings 02: Harpsi 0A: Choir 03: Clav. 0B: Syn. Pad 04: Chro. Perc. 0C: Bass 05: Guitar. 0D: Syn. Lead 06: Ethnic 0E: Free Reed 07: SFX 0F: Percussion				
Portamento	On	s1	00	00	s1	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)				
	Mode	s1	01	00	s1	01	01	00, 01 (Every, Legato)				
	Rate	s1	02	00	s1	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Mono/Poly	s1	03	00	s1	03	01	00 - 02 (Mono, Poly, PolySus)				
	Mono Priority	s1	04	00	s1	04	01	00 - 04 (Auto, Last, High, Low, First)				
	Pitch Bend Range Up Pitch Bend Range Down	s1 s1	05 06	00	s1 s1	05 06	01	00 - 0C (0 - 12) 00 - 18 (0 - 24)				
ProChord	On	s1 s2	00	00	s1 s2	00	01	00 - 18 (0 - 24) 00, 01 (Off, On)				
FIOCHOIG	Mode	s2	01	00	s2	01	01	00 - 10				
								00: Closed 09: Quartet 1 01: Open 0A: Quartet 2 02: Duet 0B Jazz Brass 03: Block 0C: Strings 04: Big Band Saxes 0D: Harmonic Chimes 05: Big Band 0E: Old Time 06: Small Combo 0F: Part 4 Closed 07: Theatre 10: Part 5 Open				
	D: 11 1		00	00		00	01	08: Hymn				
1501 1502	Disabled Trigger Mode	s2	02 00	00	s2	02	01	00, 01 (Single, Unison) 00, 01 (Note, Free)				
LFO1, LFO2	Waveform	SX SX	01	00	SX SX	01	01	00 - 06 (Triangle, Square, Rectangle, Saw Down, Saw Up, S&H, Fluctuation)				
"x" means;	Rate	SX	03	00	sx	03	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
3: LFO1	Delay Time	SX	05	00	SX	05	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
4: LFO2	Attack Rate	SX	06	00	SX	06	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Attack Rate Key Track	SX	07	00	SX	07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
Overdrive	On	s5	00	00	s5	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)				
	Туре	s5	01	00	s5	01	01	00 - 03 (Tube Amp, Stomp Box, Clip, EP Amp)				
	Drive Level	s5	02	00	s5	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Exp. Control On	s5	03	00	s5	03	01	00, 01 (Off, On)				
	Crossover Freq	s5	04	00	s5	04	01	00 - 7F (400Hz - 14.7kHz)				
Effect 1, Effect 2	Blend	s5	05 00	00	s5	05	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00, 01 (Off, On)				
"x" means; 6: Effect 1 7: Effect 2	Туре	SX SX	01	00	SX SX	01	01	00 - 03 for Effect1, 00 - 04 for Effect 2 00: Tremolo 00: Auto Pan 01: Wah-Wah 01: Phaser 02: Ring Mod 02: Flanger 03: Compressor 03: Chorus 04: Delay				
	Param 1	SX	02	00	SX	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Param 2	SX	03	00	SX	03	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Param 3	SX	04	00	SX	04	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Param 4	SX	05	00	SX	05	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Param 5	SX	06	00	SX	06	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Param 6 Param 7	SX	07 08	00	SX	07 08	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
	Param / Param 8	SX SX	08	00	SX SX	08	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)				
Equalizer	Bass Gain	s8	00	00	s8	00	01	00 - /F (0 - 12/) 00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)				
-qualizei	Mid Gain	s8	01	00	s8	01	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)				
	Treble Gain	s8	02	00	s8	02	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)				
	Bass Freq	s8	03	00	s8	03	01	00 - 18 (20 - 308Hz)				
	Mid Freq	s8	04	00	s8	04	01	00 - 0F (250Hz - 3.1kHz)				
	Treble Freq	s8	05	00	s8	05	01	00 - 13 (3.0k - 8.0kHz)				

Category	Parameter	NRPN SysEx Address						Data
,		MSB (63)	LSB (62)		ASB to LS		SysEx Length	Data length 01 uses MSB only, length 02 uses MSB and LSE
Component 1 - 4	On	SX	00	00	SX	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	Key Range Low	SX	01	00	sx	01	01	00 - 7F: note number
"x" means;	Key Range High	SX	02	00	SX	02	01	00 - 7F: note number
9: Component 1	Velocity Range Low	SX	03	00	SX	03	01	01 - 7F (1 - 127)
A: Component 2	Velocity Range High	SX	04	00	SX	04	01	01 - 7F (1 - 127)
B: Component 3	Velocity Depth Velocity Offset	SX	05 06	00	SX	05 06	01	00 - 7F (0 - 200 %) 00 - 40 - 7F (-64 - ±0 - +63)
C: Component 4	Note Delay Source	SX SX	07	00	SX SX	07	01	00 - 40 - 7F (-64 - ±0 - +65) 00 - 03 (Component 1 - 4)
c. component 4	Note Delay Mode	SX	08	00	SX	08	01	00 - 02 (Note On, Off Vel, Off Env)
	Note Off Threshold	SX	09	00	SX	09	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Note On Delay Time	SX	0A	00	SX	0A	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Note Off Delay Time	SX	OB	00	SX	0B	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Key Track Attack	SX	0C	00	SX	0C	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Key Track Decay	SX	0D	00	SX	0D	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Key Track Slope	SX	0E	00	SX	0E	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Key Track Release	SX	0F	00	SX	0F	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Vel Track Attack	SX	10	00	SX	10	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Vel Track Release	SX	11	00	SX	11	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Attack Rate	SX	12	00	SX	12	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Decay Rate	SX	13	00	SX	13	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Breakpoint Level	SX	14 15	00	SX SX	14 15	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Slope Rate Pitch EG Sustain Level	SX SX	16	00	SX	16	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Pitch EG Release Rate	SX	17	00	SX	17	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Key Track Attack	SX	18	00	SX	18	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Key Track Decay	SX	19	00	SX	19	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Key Track Slope	SX	1A	00	SX	1A	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Key Track Release	SX	1B	00	SX	1B	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Vel Track Attack	SX	1C	00	SX	1C	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Vel Track Release	SX	1D	00	SX	1D	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Attack Rate	SX	1E	00	SX	1E	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Decay Rate	SX	1F	00	SX	1F	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Breakpoint Level	SX	20	00	SX	20	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Slope Rate	SX	21	00	SX	21	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Sustain Level	SX	22	00	SX	22	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter EG Release Rate	SX	23	00	SX	23	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Key Track Attack	SX	24	00	SX	24	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Key Track Decay	SX	25	00	SX	25	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Key Track Slope	SX	26	00	SX	26	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Key Track Release Amp EG Vel Track Attack	SX SX	27 28	00	SX SX	27 28	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Vel Track Release	SX	29	00	SX	29	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Attack Rate	SX	2A	00	SX	2A	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Decay Rate	SX	2B	00	SX	2B	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Breakpoint Level	SX	2C	00	SX	2C	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Slope Rate	SX	2D	00	SX	2D	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Sustain Level	SX	2E	00	SX	2E	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Release Rate	SX	2F	00	SX	2F	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp EG Coef Attack	SX	30	00	SX	30	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127; Exponential - Linear)
	Amp EG Coef Decay&Slope	SX	31	00	SX	31	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127; Exponential - Linear)
	Amp EG Coef Release	SX	32	00	SX	32	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127; Exponential - Linear)
	Osc Waveform Category	SX	34	00	SX	34	01	00 - 0F (1 - 16)
	Osc Waveform Number	SX	35	00	SX	35	02	00 00 - 01 7F (1 - 256)
	Osc Transpose	SX	36	00	SX	36	02	3F 41 - 40 00 - 40 3F (-63 - ±0 - +63 semitones)
	Osc Fine Tune	SX	37	00	SX	37	02	3F 1C - 40 00 - 40 64 (-100 - ±0 - +100 cents)
	Osc Pitch Key Track	SX	38	00	SX	38	02	3F 1C - 40 00 - 40 64 (-100 - ±0 - +100 %)
	Osc Stretch Tune Depth	SX	39	00	SX	39	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Osc Pitch Bend On	SX	3A	00	SX	3A	01	00, 01 (Off, On)
	Osc LFO1 Depth Osc LFO1 Mod Depth	SX	3C	00	SX	3C	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Osc LFO1 Mod Depth Osc LFO2 Depth	SX	3D 3E	00	SX	3D 3E	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Osc LFO2 Depth Osc LFO2 Mod Depth	SX SX	3F	00	SX SX	3F	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Osc Pitch EG Depth	SX	40	00	SX	40	02	3F 40 - 40 00 - 40 3F (-64 - ±0 - +63)
	Osc Pitch EG Vel Track	SX	41	00	SX	41	01	00 - 64 (0 - 100 %)
	Filter Mode	SX	44	00	SX	44	01	00, 01 (LP12, HP12)
	Filter Cutoff Freq	SX	45	00	SX	45	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter Resonance	SX	46	00	SX	46	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter Cutoff Key Track	SX	47	00	SX	47	02	3F 1C - 40 00 - 40 64 (-100 - ±0 - +100 %)
	Filter EG Vel Track	SX	48	00	SX	48	01	00 - 7F (0 - 100 %)
	Filter LFO1 Depth	SX	49	00	SX	49	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter LFO1 Mod Depth	SX	4A	00	sx	4A	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter LFO2 Depth	SX	4B	00	SX	4B	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter LFO2 Mod Depth	SX	4C	00	SX	4C	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Filter Cutoff EG Depth	SX	4E	00	SX	4E	02	3F 1C - 40 00 - 40 64 (-100 - ±0 - +100 %)

190 MIDI INFORMATION - continued

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	Sys	Ex Addr	ess	SysEx	Data
		MSB	LSB	N	MSB to LSB		Length	Data length 01 uses MSB only, length 02 uses MSB and LSB.
		(63)	(62)					
	Amp Level Vel Depth	SX	4F	00	SX	4F	02	3F 1C - 40 00 - 40 64 (-100 - ±0 - +100 %)
	Amp Level	SX	51	00	SX	51	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp Pan	SX	52	00	SX	52	01	00 - 40 - 7F (Left - Center - Right)
	Amp Pan Image	SX	53	00	SX	53	01	00 - 04 (Fixed, L-R, R-L, Pyramid, Inverted)
	Amp LFO1 Depth	SX	54	00	SX	54	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp LFO1 Mod Depth	SX	55	00	SX	55	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp LFO2 Depth	SX	56	00	SX	56	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Amp LFO2 Mod Depth	SX	57	00	00 sx 57		01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)
	Output Bus	SX	58	00	SX	58	01	00, 01 (Effect, Dry)

MONO SYNTH PATCH PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	Sv	sEx Addr	ess	SysEx	Data	
category	i didilictei	MSB	LSB		ASB to LS		Length	Data length 01 uses MSB only, length 02 uses MSB and LSB.	
		(63)	(62)		130 10 23		Length	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Common	Patch Name						10	16 letters	
Common	Volume	51	00	00	51	00	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Portamento On	51	01	00	51	01	01	00, 01 (Off, On)	
	Portamento Mode	51	02	00	51	02	01	00, 01 (Every, Legato)	
	Portamento Rate	51	03	00	51	03	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	LFO Trigger Mode	51	04	00	51	04	01	00, 01 (Note, Free)	
	LFO Waveform	51	05	00	51	05	01	00 - 05 (Tri, Sqr, Rect, Saw, S/H, Fluc)	
	LFO Rate	51	06	00	51	06	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	LFO Delay Time	51	07	00	51	07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	LFO Attack Rate	51	08	00	51	08	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	LFO Rate Key Track	51	09	00	51	09	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
Oscillator	Osc Note Priority	51	0A	00	51	0A	01	00 - 03 (Auto, Last, High, Low)	
	Osc Octave	51	0E	00	51	0E	02	3F 7E - 40 00 - 40 02 (-2 - ±0 - +2)	
	Osc Type	51	10	00	51	10	01	00 - 05	
								00: Duo 03: Sync	
								01: Unison 04: FM	
								02: Pulse 05: Noise	
	Osc Modifier 1	51	11	00	51	11	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Osc Modifier 2	51	12	00	51	12	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Osc Modifier 3	51	13	00	51	13	01	00 - 02 (0 - 2)	
	Osc Modifier 4	51	14	00	51	14	01	00 - 02 (0 - 2)	
	Osc Pitch Key Track	51	15	00	51	15	01	00 - 40 - 7F (-100 - ±0 - +100 cent/note)	
	Osc Pitch Bend Range Up	51	16	00	51	16	01	00 - 0C (0 - 12)	
	Osc Pitch Bend Range Down	51	17	00	51	17	01	00 - 18 (0 - 24)	
	Osc Pitch LFO Depth	51 51	18 19	00	51 51	18 19	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Osc Pitch LFO Mod Depth						_	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
F-1.	Osc Pitch EG Depth	51	1A	00	51	1A	01	00 - 40 - 7F (-64 - ±0 - +63)	
Filter	Filter Mode	51 51	1B 1C	00	51 51	1B 1C	01	00 - 03 (LP12, LP24, HP12, HP24)	
	Filter Drive Filter Cutoff Freq	51	1D	00	51	1D	01	00 7E (0 127)	
	Filter Resonance	51	1E	00	51	1E	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Filter Key Track	51	1F	00	51	1F	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 40 - 7F (-100 - ±0 - +100 cent/note)	
	Filter EG Depth	51	20	00	51	20	01	00 - 40 - 7F (-100 - ±0 - +100 cent/note)	
	Filter Levl Vel Track	51	21	00	51	21	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Filter LFO Depth	51	22	00	51	22	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Filter LFO Mod Depth	51	23	00	51	23	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
Amplifier	Amp Level	51	24	00	51	24	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
Milpinici	Amp Level Vel Depth	51	25	00	51	25	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Amp LFO Depth	51	27	00	51	27	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Amp LFO Mod Depth	51	28	00	51	28	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
Envelope Generator	EG Trigger Mode	51	29	00	51	29	01	00, 01 (Every, Legato)	
	Env Filter Attack	51	2A	00	51	2A	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Env Filter Decay	51	2B	00	51	2B	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Env Filter Sustain	51	2C	00	51	2C	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Env Filter Release	51	2D	00	51	2D	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Env Amp Attack	51	2E	00	51	2E	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Env Amp Decay	51	2F	00	51	2F	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Env Amp Sustain	51	30	00	51	30	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Env Amp Release	51	31	00	51	31	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
Overdrive	On	52	00	00	52	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)	
	Туре	52	01	00	52	01	01	00 - 03 (Tube Amp, Stomp Box, Clip, EP Amp)	
	Drive Level	52	02	00	52	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Exp. Control On	52	03	00	52	03	01	00, 01 (Off, On)	
	Crossover Freq	52	04	00	52	04	01	00 - 7F (400Hz - 14.7kHz)	
	Blend	52	05	00	52	05	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
Effect 1, Effect 2	On	5x	00	00	5x	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)	
	Туре	5x	01	00	5x	01	01	00 - 03 for Effect1, 00 - 04 for Effect 2	
"x" means;								00: Tremolo 00: Auto Pan	
3: Effect 1								01: Wah-Wah 01: Phaser	
4: Effect 2								02: Ring Mod 02: Flanger	
								03: Compressor 03: Chorus	
	D 1	r	02	00	F	02	01	04: Delay	
	Param 1	5x	02	00	5x	02	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Param 2	5x	03	00	5x	03	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Param 3	5x	04	00	5x	04	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Param 4	5x	05	00	5x	05	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Param 5	5x	06 07	00	5x	06 07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Param 6 Param 7	5x	07	00	5x 5x	07	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Param 8	5x	08	00	5x 5x	08	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127) 00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	1 didili 0	5x	09	- 00	l JX	09	1 01	UU = /1 (U = 12/)	

192 MIDI INFORMATION - continued

Category	Parameter	NRPN		Sy	sEx Addr	ess	SysEx	Data
		MSB	LSB	N	MSB to LSB			Data length 01 uses MSB only, length 02 uses MSB and LSB.
		(63)	(62)					
Equalizer	Bass Gain	55	00	00	55	00	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)
1 '	Mid Gain	55	01	00	55	01	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)
	Treble Gain	55	02	00	55	02	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)
	Bass Freq	55	03	00	55	03	01	00 - 18 (20 - 308Hz)
	Mid Freq	55	04	00 55 04		01	00 - 0F (250 - 3.1kHz)	
	Treble Freq	55	05	00	55	05	01	00 - 13 (3.0k - 8.0kHz)

CUSTOM SETS

CUSTOM TONE WHEELS

A-100

F1: #35564

A-102, serial number #35564.

F2: Shiny

Leakage tones with even overtones.

F3: Mixture

Harmonized leakage tones.

B-3

F1: A27563

B-3, serial number #A27563.

F2: #364839

B-3, serial number #364839.

F3: Mixture

Harmonized leakage tones.

C-3

F1: C155596

C-3, serial number #C155596.

F2: Shiny

Leakage tones with even overtones.

F3: Mixture

Harmonized leakage tones.

Mellow

F1: Full Flats

"Flat" frequency response.

F2: Husky

Emphasizes upper and lower frequencies.

F3: Flute Lead

Boosts middle frequencies.

CUSTOM SUB DRAWBARS

F1: B-3 A27563

F2: B-3 #364839

F3: A-100 #33339

Each Custom setting replicates the organ shown above.

CUSTOM LESLIE CABINETS

122 Gentle

Replicates 122 cabinet (Large body, peaking horn driver) heard from a distance, rear.

122 Wild

Replicates 122 cabinet heard from a closer distance, front.

31H-Type

Replicates 31H cabinet heard from a distance, rear.

147 Gentle

Replicates 147 cabinet (Large body, wide range) heard from a distance.

147 Wild

Replicates 147 cabinet heard from a closer distance, front.

145 Gentle

Replicates 145 cabinet (Middle body, slightly narrow range) heard from a distance, rear.

145 Wild

Replicates 145 cabinet heard from a closer distance, front.

PR-40

Replicates a Hammond tone cabinet.

CUSTOM PIPES

Classic

Classical or Liturgical stops.

Theatre 1

Theatre stops based on Wurlitzer Style 210.

Theatre 2

Theater stops based on Wurlitzer Style 260 Special.

CUSTOM TONE WHEEL PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	SysE	x Ado	lress	SysEx	Data	Description
		MS	B to I	_SB	Length		
Temporary Tone	Name					(10 characters)	
Wheels	Foldback Low	10	00	01	01	00 - 0C (TW#01 - #12)	
	Foldback High	10	00	02	01	00 - 05 (TW#91 - #96)	
	Wheel Level	10	01	tt	02	00 00 - 01 41	tt: Tone Wheel number;
						(0 - 193: -inf, -92.0 - +4.0[dB])	00 - 0B (#01 - #12),
							0C - 17 (#F01 - F12),
							18 - 66 (#13 - #91),
							67 - 6B (#F92 - #F96)
	Wheel HPF	10	02	tt	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	
	Leak Trim	10	03	tt	01	00 - 7F (0 - 127)	tt: Fundamental TW #; 00 - 54 (#01 - #73)
	Matrix Level	20	nn	0g	02	00 00 - 01 41	nn: Note number
						(0 - 193: -inf, -92.0 - +4.0[dB])	g: Footage(0 = 16', 1 = 5 1/3' 8 = 1')
	Leak Level 30 tt II 02		00 00 - 01 41	tt: Fundamental TW #; 00 - 54 (#01 - #73)			
				(0 - 193: -inf, -92.0 - +4.0[dB])	ll: Leaking TW #; 48 - 66 (#61 - #91)		

CUSTOM PEDAL REG. PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	SysE	x Ado	ress	SysEx	Data	Description
		MS	B to I	.SB	Length		
Temporary Pedal	Name					(10 characters)	
Sub Drawbars	Normal 16' - 16'	50	00	01	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 16' - 5 1/3'	50	00	02	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 16' - 8'	50	00	03	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 16' - 4'	50	00	04	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 16' - 2 2/3'	50	00	05	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 16' - 2'	50	00	06	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 16' - 1 3/5'	50	00	07	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 16' - 1 1/3'	50	00	08	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 8' - 16'	50	00	09	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 8' - 5 1/3'	50	00	0A	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 8' - 8'	50	00	0B	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 8' - 4'	50	00	0C	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 8' - 2 2/3'	50	00	0D	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 8' - 2'	50	00	0E	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 8' - 1 3/5'	50	00	0F	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	
	Normal 8' - 1 1/3'	50	00	10	01	00 - 08 (0 - 8)	

PIPE PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	SysE	x Add	dress	SysEx	Data	Description
		MS	MSB to LSB		Length		
Pipes	Name					(10 characters)	
•	Assign	40	01	pp	02	00 00 - 00 2D	pp: Pipe Stop number
						(C-Open Diapason - P-Cornopean)	00 - 13 (#01 - #20)
	Tremulant	40	02	pp	01	00, 01 (Off, On)	
	Footage	40	03	рр	01	00 - 09	
						(32' - 1')	
	Volume	40	04	pp	02	00 00 - 01 41	
						(0 - 193: -inf, -92.0 - +4.0[dB])	
	Detune	40	05	pp	02	3F 4E - 40 00 - 40 32	
						(-50 - ±0 - +50[cent])	
	Chiff	40	06	pp	01	00 - 03	
						(Off, Soft, Normal, Loud)	
	Cut Off Frequency	40	07	pp	02	3F 01 - 40 00	
						(-127 - 0)	
	Pan - Direction	40	08	pp	01	00 - 40 - 7F	
						(L64 - Center - R63)	
	Pan - Imaging	40	09	pp	01	00 - 04	
						(Fixed, L-R, R-L, Pyramid,	
						Inverted Pyramid)	

CUSTOM LESLIE PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	SysE	x Ado	dress	SysEx	Data
		MSB	LSB	MS	B to I	LSB	Length	Data length 01 uses MSB only, length 02 uses MSB and LSB.
		(63)	(62)				,	
Cabinet	Name							(10 Characters)
	Speaker	06	17	00	06	17	01	00 - 07
								00: 145 Front 04: 122 Front
								01: 145 Rear 05: 122 Rear
	1							02: 147 Front 06: Cone Type
								03: 147 Rear 07: PR-40
	Slow Speed Horn	06	01	00	06	01	02	00 00, 00 01 - 00 65 (0, 20 - 120 rpm)
	Slow Speed Drum	06	02	00	06	02	02	00 00, 00 01 - 00 65 (0, 20 - 120 rpm)
	Fast Speed Horn	06	03	00	06	03	02	00 00, 00 01 - 02 2D (0, 200 - 500 rpm)
	Fast Speed Drum	06	04	00	06	04	02	00 00, 00 01 - 02 2D (0, 200 - 500 rpm)
	Rise Time Horn	06	09	00	06	09	01	00 - 24 (0.8 - 12.5 sec)
	Rise Time Drum	06	0A	00	06	0A	01	00 - 23 (1.0 - 12.5 sec)
	Fall Time Horn	06	0B	00	06	OB	01	00 - 24 (0.8 - 12.5 sec)
	Fall Time Drum	06	0C	00	06	0C	01	00 - 23 (1.0 - 12.5 sec)
	Brake Time Horn	06	0D	00	06	0D	01	00 - 24 (0.8 - 12.5 sec)
	Brake Time Drum	06	0E	00	06	0E	01	00 - 23 (1.0 - 12.5 sec)
	Delay Time Horn	06	0F	00	06	0F	01	00 - 05 (0.0 - 1.0 sec)
	Delay Time Drum	06	10	00	06	10	01	00 - 05 (0.0 - 1.0 sec)
	Mic. Width Horn	06	11	00	06	11	01	00 - 64 (0 - 100 cm)
	Mic. Width Drum	06	12	00	06	12	01	00 - 64 (0 - 100 cm)
	Mic. Center Horn	06	05	00	06	05	01	0E - 40 - 72 (-50 - ±0 - +50 cm)
	Mic. Center Drum	06	06	00	06	06	01	0E - 40 - 72 (-50 - ±0 - +50 cm)
	Mic. Distance Horn	06	07	00	06	07	02	00 1E - 01 48 (30 - 200 cm)
	Mic. Distance Drum	06	08	00	06	08	02	00 1E - 01 48 (30 - 200 cm)
	Level Horn	06	13	00	06	13	01	00, 01 - 4D (-Inf, -76 - 0 dB)
	Level Drum	06	14	00	06	14	01	00, 01 - 4D (-Inf, -76 - 0 dB)
	Level Sub Bass	06	15	00	06	15	01	00, 01 - 4D (-Inf, -76 - 0 dB)

SYSTEM PARAMETERS

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	Sy	sEx Addr	ess	SysEx		Data		
		MSB	LSB	٨	ASB to LS	SB	Length				
		(63)	(62)								
Tune	Master Tune	01	00	00	01	00	02	032E - 0338 - 0342 (A=	430 - 440 - 450 Hz)		
	Transpose	01	01	00	01	01	02	3F 7A - 40 00 - 40 06 (-			
	Velocity Offset	01	02	00	01	02	02	3F 60 - 40 00 - 40 20 (-			
	Pitch Bend Depth	01	03	00	01	03	01	00 - 0D (Patch, ±0 - ±12	2 semitones)		
	Organ Sounding Point	01	04	00	01	04	01	00, 01 (Shallow, Deep)			
	TW Brake Range	01	05	00	01	05	02	3F 68 - 40 00 - 40 0C (-	24 - ±0 - +12 semitones)		
	TW Brake Time	01	06	00	01	06	01	00 - 31 (0.1 - 5.0 sec)			
	TW Brake Amp	01	07 08	00	01 01	07 08	01	00, 01 (Off, On)			
	Transpose Act Organ Transpose Act Pinao	01	09	00	01	08	01	00, 01 (Every, Next) 00, 01 (Every, Next)			
	Transpose Act Ensemble	01	09 0A	00	01	09 0A	01	00, 01 (Every, Next)			
	Transpose Act Synth	01	OB	00	01	OB	01	00, 01 (Every, Next) 00, 01 (Every, Next)			
Expression	Source	02	00	00	02	00	01	00 - 02 (Pedal, MIDI, B	oth)		
LXPIC33IOII	Min. Level	02	01	00	02	01	01	00 - 29 (Off, -40 - ±0dB			
	Min. Limit LF	02	02	00	02	02	01	00 - 29 (Off, -40 - ±0dB			
	Min. Limit HF	02	03	00	02	03	01	00 - 29 (Off, -40 - ±0dB)			
	Pedal Type	02	06	00	02	06	01	00, 01 (H or R, Y or K)			
	Gain	02	07	00	02	07	01	00 - 3C (70 - 130 %)			
	Curve	02	08	00	02	08	01	00 - 02 (Audio, Linear, C			
Damper	Pedal Type	03	03	00	03	03	01	00 - 03 (Switch, HalfY, I	HalfR, HalfK)		
	Gain	03	04	00	03	04	01	00 - 3C (70 - 130 %)			
Foot Switch	Mode Foot Tip	07	00	00	07	00	01	00 - 24	0		
	Mode Foot Ring	07	01	00	07	01	01	00: Off	07: Spring Shock		
	Mode Leslie Tip	07	02	00	07	02	01	01: Leslie S/F Alt	08: MFX2 Delay Time		
	Mode Leslie Ring	07	03	00	07	03	01	02: Leslie S/F Mom	09: Org U&L Sustain		
								03: Leslie S/F Tri 04: TW Brake	0A: Pedal To Lower		
								04: 1 W Brake 05: Favorite Fwd	0B-23: Bass 1C - 3C 24: ProChord		
								06: Favorite Fwd	24: ProCnord		
	Leslie Switch Device	07	04	00	07	04	01	00, 01 (Foot Switch, Les	lie Switch)		
User Button	Mode Mode	08	00	00	08	00	01	00 - 0E	ne Switch)		
osei buttori	Mode	00	00	00	00	00	01	00: Off	08: Organ MFX2		
								01: Pedal Sustain	09: Piano MFX1		
								02: Org U Sustain	0A: Piano MFX2		
								03: Org L Sustain	0B: Ens MFX1		
								04: TW Brake	0C: Ens MFX2		
								05: Spring Shock	0D: Synth MFX1		
								06: MFX2 Delay Time			
								07: Organ MFX1	, 		
Display	Short Cut							00 - 03 (0, 1, 2 sec, No)			
•	Time Out							00 - 03 (4, 8, 16 sec, No			
	Pop Up							00 - 03 (No, 5, 10, 20 se			
	Auto Power Off							00, 01 (Disable, 30min)			
	Knobs							00, 01 (Every, Across)			
	USB Mass Storage							00, 01 (Off, On)			
Audio	Individual Out	04	00	00	04	00	01	00 - 06			
	1							00: Off	04: Piano / Ensemble		
	1							01: Piano Stereo	05: Piano / Synth		
	1							02: Ensemble Stereo	06: Ensemble / Synth		
	E Ilt- Cl	- 04	01	00	0.4	01	01	03: Synth Stereo			
	Ext. Leslie Ch.	04	01	00	04	01	01	00 - 02 (1, 3, 1+Line)			
	Use Rotary Out Use Pedal Out	04	02 03	00	04 04	02	01	00, 01 (Off, On) 00, 01 (Off, On)			
Master Equalizer	On	05	00	00	05	00	01	00, 01 (Off, On)			
viaster Equalizer	Bass Gain	05	01	00	05	01	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)			
	Mid Gain	05	02	00	05	02	01	00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - ±0 +9)			
	Treble Gain	05	03	00	05	03	01	$00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - \pm 0 + 9)$ $00 - 09 - 12 (-9 - \pm 0 + 9)$			
	Bass Freq	05	04	00	05	03	01	00 - 03 - 12 (-3 - ±0 +3) 00 - 18 (20 - 308Hz)			
	Mid Freq	05	05	00	05	05	01	00 - 0F (125 - 4kHz)			
	Treble Freq	05	06	00	05	06	01	00 - 13 (3.0k - 8.0kHz)			
	Mid Q	05	07	00	05	07	01	00 - 3F (0 - 63)			

Category	Parameter	NR	PN	Sy	sEx Addr	ess	SysEx		Data	
		MSB	LSB	٨	ASB to LS	В	Length			
		(63)	(62)							
MIDI Common	MIDI In Mode							00 - 09		
								00: Upper	05: Organ Upper	
								01: Lower	06: Piano	
								02: Pedal	07: Ensemble	
								03: Lower+Pedal	08: Synth	
								04: Upper+Pedal	09: Sequencer	
	Local Control							00, 01 (Off, On)	_	
	TRx NRPN							00, 01 (Off, On)		
	TRx Program Change							00, 01 (Off, On)		
	TRx Drawbar Regi							00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Tx Multi Contact							00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Rx Multi Contact							00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Tx External Zone							00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Device ID							00 - 7F (0 - 127)		
	Rx Dump							00, 01 (Off, On)		
MIDI Channel	Tx Upper							00 - 0F (1 - 16)		
	Tx Lower							00 - 0F (1 - 16)		
	Tx Pedal							00 - 0F (1 - 16)		
	Rx Upper							00 - 0F (1 - 16)		
	Rx Lower							00 - 0F (1 - 16)		
	Rx Pedal							00 - 0F (1 - 16)		
Patch Load	Organ - Link L/P	60	01	00	60	01	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Combi - Int Zone	60	02	00	60	02	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Combi - Ext Zone	60	03	00	60	03	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Organ - Organ Effect	60	04	00	60	04	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Organ - Animation	60	05	00	60	05	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Combi - Reverb	60	06	00	60	06	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Organ - Drawbar	60	07	00	60	07	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Organ - Percussion	60	08	00	60	08	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Organ - Registration	60	09	00	60	09	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Combi - Piano	60	0A	00	60	0A	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Combi - Ensemble	60	0B	00	60	OB	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Combi - Synth	60	0C	00	60	0C	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		
	Combi - Organ	60	0D	00	60	0D	01	00, 01 (Off, On)		

FAVORITES

Category	Parameter	SysEx Address		SysEx	Data	Default	Description	
		MSB to LSB		Length				
Favorites	Assign	73	0b	0n	02	00 00 - 00 63 (B001 - B100),	same as Combination#	b: Bank 0 - 9 (1 - 10)
						00 64 - 01 47 (U001 - U100),		n: Number 0 - 9 (1 - 10)
						01 48 - 02 2B (F001 - F100)		

Example Set 5-2 at U005 via System Exclusive......F0 55 dd 10 24 13 73 04 01 00 68 F7 (dd = Device ID)

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

Stage Keyboard Model: SKX PRO MIDI Implementation Chart

Date: 12-Nov-2020 Version: 1.0

	Function	Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks	
Basic	Default	*1	*1	*1: Upper = 1, Lower = 2, Pedal =	
Channel	Changed	1 - 16	1 - 16	3 when MIDI "Basic" Template is loaded.	
CHAINIC	Default	3	3	loaded.	
Mode	Messages	X	X		
	Altered	****	1	Switched by MIDI In Mode.	
Note		12 - 120 *2	0 - 127	*2: with oct. shift	
Numbers	: True Voice	****	0 - 127		
Velocity	Note ON	O	0		
	Note OFF	О	0		
A ft a u Ta ala	Kov's	X	X		
After Touch	Ch's	X	X		
Pitch Bend		0	0		
	0, 32	0	О	Bank Select MSB, LSB	
	1	O	0	Modulation	
	6, 38	O	0	Data Entry MSB, LSB	
	7	0	X	Volume	
	10	0	X	Pan	
	11	0	0	Expression	
	12 - 20	0	0	Drawbar Reg. Upper	
Cambual	21 - 29	0	0	Drawbar Reg. Lower	
Control	33, 35	0	0	Drawbar Reg. Pedal	
Change	48	O	0	Spring Shock	
	49	0	0	TW Brake	
	64	0	0	Damper	
İ	65	0	0	Portamento Sw	
İ	69	О	0	Sustain	
İ	84	0	0	ProChord Active	
İ	92	X	0	Leslie Fast	
	98, 99	O	0	NRPN LSB, MSB	
Program	,	0	0		
Change	:True #	0 - 127	0 - 99, 127		
System Excl		0	O		
	: Song Position	X	X		
System	: Song Select	X	X		
Common	:Tune	X	X		
System	: Clock	X	X		
Real Time	: Commands	X	X		
iteai iiiie	: All Sounds Off	X	0	(120)	
	: Reset All Controllers	O	0	(121)	
Aux	: Local On/Off	X	X	(121)	
i	: All Notes Off	O	O		
Messages	: Active Sense	0	0		
	: Reset	v	X		
	: Keset MILON POLV - Mode 2:		ΙΛ	O· Voc	

Mode 1: OMNI ON, POLY Mode 2: OMNI ON, MONO Mode 3: OMNI OFF, POLY Mode 4: OMNI OFF, MONO

O: Yes X: No

MIDI CHANNELS AND MESSAGES

	1	External Zone (Tx. only)	Upper Keyboard	Lower Keyboard	Pedal Keyboard	Sections (Rx. only)
Note		O	О	O	O	O O
Pitch Bend		О	О	X	X	0
Modulation		О	0	X	X	0
Volume, Pan	(7, 10)	О	X	X	X	X
Expression	(11)	О	O *1	X	X	X
Damper	(64)	О	О	О	О	0
Portamento	(65)	X	О	X	X	X
Sustain	(69)	X	О	X	X	X
Drawbar Reg.		X	12 - 20 (Upper)	X	X	X
			21 - 29 (Lower)			
			33, 35 (Pedal)			
Spring Shock	(48)	X	0	X	X	X
TW Brake	(49)	X	О	X	X	X
ProChord Active	(84)	X	О	X	X	X
Leslie Fast	(92)	X	O *2	X	X	X
RPN	(100, 101)	X	X	X	X	X
NRPN	(98, 99)	X	O	X	X	X
All Notes Off	(123)	О	О	X	X	X
All Sounds Off	(120)	X	O *2	X	X	X
Reset All Ctrl.	(121)	О	O	X	X	X
After Touch		X	X	X	X	X
Bank Select	(0, 32)	Change the voice	Combination#	X	X	X
Program Change		for each zone.		X	X	X

^{*1:} For all Sections/Parts (audio controlled)

O: Yes

*2: For Rx. only.

X: No

SPECIFICATIONS

Sound Engine

ORGAN Section

MTWI (Modelled Tone Wheel I), Polyphony: 61 (Tone Wheel Organ)

PIANO/ENSEMBLE Section

Sampling Sound Engine, Polyphony: 128

MONO SYNTH Section

Analog Modeling Synthesizer, Monophonic

Keyboard

61 note, two-manual, with velocity, semi-weighted, square-front ("waterfall" type)

ORGAN Section

Parts

3 (Upper, Lower, Pedal)

Drawbars

Upper: 9 pitches Lower: 9 pitches

Pedal: 2 pitches

Voicing

Upper & Lower: 8(A-100, B-3, C-3, Mellow, Vx, Farf, Ace, Pipe) Pedal: 3 (Normal, Muted, Pipe)

Percussion

Buttons: On, Volume Soft, Fast Decay, Third Harmonic

PIANO/ENSEMBLE Section

Component: 4, LFO: 2

MONO SYNTH Section

Oscillator

6 types (Duo, Unison, Pulse, Sync, FM, Noise)

Filter

4 types (LP12, LP24, HP12, HP24), Resonance, Drive

Modulator

LFO: 1, EG: 2 (Pitch &Filter, Amplitude)

Effects

ORGAN Section

Vibrato & Chorus, Multi Effect 1, Overdrive, Multi Effect 2, Matching Transformer, Leslie, Equalizer & Tone Control

PIANO / ENSEMBLE Section

For each section: Multi Effect 1, Overdrive, Multi Effect 2, Equalizer

MONO SYNTH Section

Multi Effect 1, Overdrive, Multi Effect 2, Equalizer

Master

Equalizer, Reverb

Key Map

Internal Zone

Transpose, Octave, Pedal To Lower, Lower To Pedal, Allocate, Pedal Sustain

External Zones

3 Zones (assignable to each keyboard)

Controllers

Pitch Bend wheel, Modulation wheel, Portamento, Leslie (Bypass, Stop, Fast)

Memory

Favorites

10 banks x 10 numbers (Combinations), 10 numbers (Pages)

Combination

Factory: 100, User: 100, Bundle: 100, Manual

Organ Patch

Factory: 100, User: 100, Bundle: 100

Piano / Ensemble Patch

Factory: 300, User: 400

Mono Synth Patch

Factory: 100, User: 100, Bundle: 100

Custom Tone Wheel

Factory: 4 x 3, User: 4 x 3

Custom Pedal Registration

Factory: 3, User: 3

Custom Pipe

Factory: 3, User: 3

Custom Cabinet

Factory: 8, User: 8

Storage

Internal Memory, USB Flash Drive

Display

320 x 240 pixel

Connections

MIDI

IN, OUT

USB

To Host

Audio

Line Out L, R, Headphones, Individual 1, 2, Rotary Out, Organ Pedal Out, Aux In (with Volume control)

I eslie

11 - pin, 1 and 3 channels available

Others

Foot Switch 1/Leslie Switch, Foot Switch 2, Damper Pedal, Expression Pedal

Dimensions

1002(W), 474(D), 183(H) mm 39.5"(W), 18.7"(D), 7.2"(H)

Weight

18 kg 39.7 lbs

Accessory

AC Power Cord

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SERVICE

Hammond maintains a policy of continuously improving and upgrading its instruments and therefore reserves the right to change specifications without notice. Although every attempt has been made to insure the accuracy of the descriptive contents of this Manual, total accuracy cannot be guaranteed.

Should the owner require further assistance, inquiries should first be made to your Authorized Hammond Dealer. If you still need further assistance, contact Hammond at the following addresses:

In the United States Contact: **HAMMOND SUZUKI USA, Inc.**

219 W. Wrightwood Ave. Elmhurst, Illinois 60126 UNITED STATES Tel: (630) 543-0277 Fax: (630) 543-0279

Web site: www.hammondorganco.com E-mail: info@hammondorganco.com

Product Registration

http://hammondorganco.com/support/ online-product-registration/



In European countries contact: **HAMMOND SUZUKI EUROPE B. V.**

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Product Registration

http://www.hammond.eu/support/onlineproduct-registration/



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Technical materials are available and can be obtained by mailing a request to the appropriate address listed above marked ATTENTION: SERVICE DEPARTMENT.

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